Stock No: 5223



2020

Annual Report

Inquiry of annual reports available at: http://mops.twse.com.tw
Information declaration website designated by the Securities and Futures Bureau: Ditto
Website to inquire into information and data linked up with the Company's Annual Report: Ditto

Published on April 29, 2021

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Litigation and non-litigation representative

Name: Hsu Chen-Kun Title: Chairman and President

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E-mail: ck.hsu@anli-group.com

Spokesman

Name: Wang Wan-Hsing Title: CFO and Chief Accounting Officer

TEL: (02)8522-7056

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Acting Spokesman

Name: Cheng Ya-Wen Title: Vice President

TEL: (02)8522-7056

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- II. Address and telephone number of the Head Office and branches
- 1. Head Office: Anli International Co., Ltd.

Address of registration: 190 Elgin Avenue, George Town, Grand Cayman KY1-9005, Cayman Islands

Tel: (886)2-8522-7056

- 2. Subsidiary in Hong Kong:
 - (1) ANLI INTERNATIONAL HOLDINGS LIMITED

Address: Block W&C, 8F, Valiant Industrial Centre, No.10, Au Pui Wan Street, Fo Tan, Shatin, New Territories, Hong Kong

Tel: (852) 3499-1563

(2) KUANGHECO.,LIMITED

Address: Block W&C, 8F, Valiant Industrial Centre, No.10, Au Pui Wan Street, Fo Tan, Shatin, New Territories, Hong Kong

Tel: (852) 3499-1563

- 3. Subsidiary in China
 - (1) XinLi Precision Metal (Kunshan) Co., Ltd.

Address: No. 99-88, Jidian East Road, Shipu Industrial and Commercial Management Zone, Qiandeng Township, Kunshan, Jiangsu Province.

Tel: (86)512-5740-6899

(2) Kuanghe Electronic Technology (Kunshan) Co., Ltd.

Address: No. 1425, Fengshou North Road, Qiandeng Township, Kunshan, Jiangsu Province.

Tel: (86)512-5795-1388

(3) Gtek Technology Co., Ltd.

Address: No. 199, Donglin Blvd, Bishan District, Chongqing City

Tel: (86)23-6430-5738

(4) Huzhou Anli Technology Co., Ltd. (plant in construction)

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- 4. Taiwan R.O.C.
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(2) Anli International Holdings Limited Taiwan Branch

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III. Name, address, website, and contact number of share administration agency:

First Securities Inc. Stock Affairs Representation Department Address: 6F., No. 27, Sec. 1, Anhe Rd., Da'an Dist., Taipei City

Website: http://www.ftsi.com.tw

TEL: (02)2563-5711

IV. Name of CPAs, accounting firm, address, website and TEL for the financial reports of the most recent year.

CPA Name: Chiu Chao-Hsien, Chen Chin-Chang

Auditor's firm: PwC Taiwan

Address: 27F., No. 333, Sec. 1, Keelung Rd., Songshan Dist., Taipei City

TEL: (02)2729-6666

Website: http://www.pwc.tw

V. Name of overseas exchange where securities are listed, and the methods for inquiring the foreign-listed securities:

None.

VI. Corporate Website: www.anli-group.com

VII. List of Board of Directors

Title	Name	Nationality or place of registration	Experience (Education)						
Chairman	ANLI INTERNATIONA LLIMITED (SAMOA) Representative: Hsu Chen-Kun	SAMOA Taiwan R.O.C.	Industry Management, Oriental Industrial Vocation School. QC Section Manager, Sheng Da Spring Co., Ltd.						
Director	KUANGHE CO.,LTD. (SAMOA) Representative: Wu Chin-Sung	SAMOA Taiwan R.O.C.	Mechanical Drawing, Kai Nan Commercial and Industrial School President, Kuanghe Development Co., Ltd.						
Director	Lin Chi-Kun	Taiwan R.O.C.	Tai Shi Junior High School President						
Director	WAYS Technical Corp., Ltd. Representative: Kuo Shih-Yi	Taiwan R.O.C. Taiwan R.O.C.	Bachelor, Dept of Accounting, Fu Jen Catholic University Manager, Finance Dept, Ways Technical Co., Ltd.						
Independent director	Chuang Kun-Ming	Taiwan R.O.C.	PhD, Accounting, Xiamen University, China MBA, University of Iowa Department of Business Administration, National Taiwan University Section Manager, Small and Medium Enterprises Supervision Center. Directors of American Pacific Commercial Bank						
Independent director	Yeh Wang-Ming	Taiwan R.O.C.	School of Business, University of Sydney Dept of Marine Science, Chinese Culture University. Want Want China Business Head Quarters Director of Audit Division, Director of Finance Division						
Independent director	Chen Yin-Chang	Taiwan R.O.C.	LLD, College of International Law, China University of Political Science and Law (Beijing) LLM, Dept of Law, National Taipei University. Judiciary Section, Dept of Law, National Chung Hsing University Legal Counsel, Technology Transfer Center, Industrial Technology Research Institute of Taiwan Attorney of PwC Legal Partner and Attorney-at-law, Tai Yin Law Office						

TABLE OF CONTENTS FOR ANNUAL REPORT

I.MESSAGE TO THE SHAREHOLDERS	1
1. 2020 Business Report	
2. OUTLINE OF THE BUSINESS PLAN IN 2021	1
3. DEVELOPMENT STRATEGY OF THE COMPANY IN THE FUTURE	2
4. IMPACTS OF THE EXTERNAL COMPETITIVE ENVIRONMENT, REGULATORY ENVIRONMENT, AND THE OVERAL ENVIRONMENT	
II. COMPANY PROFILE	
1. DATE OF FOUNDATION	
2. Organization and operations	
3. STRUCTURE OF THE GROUP	
4. Risks	
III.CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT	5
1. Organization	5
2. PROFILES OF DIRECTORS, SUPERVISORS, PRESIDENT, EXECUTIVE VICE PRESIDENTS, ASST. VP, AND SUPER	
THE VARIOUS DEPARTMENTS AND BRANCHES	
3. STATUS OF CORPORATE GOVERNANCE	
4. DISCLOSURE OF THE ACCOUNTANT'S FEE IN 2020:	65
5. Information of CPA	-
6. THE CHAIRMAN, PRESIDENT, MANAGER CHARGED WITH FINANCE OR ACCOUNTING OF THE COMPANY HAS	
WORKING WITH THE CPA FIRM RETAINED AS AN EXTERNAL AUDITOR OR ITS AFFILIATE IN THE LAST YEAR.	
7. THE TRANSFER OF SHARES AND CHANGE IN SHARES MORTGAGED BY THE DIRECTORS, SUPERVISORS, MAN. SHAREHOLDERS WHOSE SHAREHOLDING RATIO EXCEEDS 10% OF THE EQUITY IN 2020 AND AS OF THE PUB	
DATE OF THE ANNUAL REPORTDATE OF THE EQUITY IN 2020 AND AS OF THE PUB	
8. RELATIONSHIPS AMONG THE COMPANY'S TOP TEN SHAREHOLDERS INCLUDING SPOUSES, SECOND DEGREE	
OR CLOSER	
9. THE COMBINED HOLDING BY THE BUSINESS DIRECTLY OR INDIRECTLY CONTROLLED BY THE COMPANY, THE DIRECTORS, SUPERVISORS AND MANAGERS OF THE COMPANY AND THE PROPORTION OF SHAREHOLDING.	
IV.STATUS OF CAPITAL PLANNING	
1. THE COMPANY'S CAPITAL STOCK AND STOCK SHARES	
THE STATUS OF CORPORATE BONDS (INCLUDING OVERSEAS CORPORATE BONDS) DISCLOSURE RELATING TO PREFERENCE SHARES	
4. EMPLOYEE STOCK CERTIFICATES	
5. DISCLOSURE RELATING TO DEPOSITORY RECEIPTS	
6. THE NEW SHARES FROM RESTRICTED EMPLOYEE STOCK OPTION	_
7. DISCLOSURE ON NEW SHARES ISSUED IN EXCHANGE OF OTHER COMPANY SHARES.	
8. Progress on the use of funds	
V. BUSINESS PERFORMANCE	83
1. THE OPERATION OF THE COMPANY	83
2. THE NUMBER OF EMPLOYEES, AVERAGE YEARS OF SERVICE, AVERAGE AGE AND EDUCATION IN THE LAST 2	
THE DATE THIS REPORT WAS PRINTED.	
3. INFORMATION ON SPENDING ON ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION	
4. LABOR-MANAGEMENT RELATIONS	104
5. IMPORTANT CONTRACT	105
VI.FINANCIAL STATUS	107
1. CONDENSED BALANCE SHEET AND INCOME STATEMENTS OF THE LAST 5 YEARS	107
2. FINANCIAL ANALYSIS FOR THE LATEST 5 YEARS	
3. AUDITING COMMITTEE'S REVIEW REPORT ON FINANCIAL STATEMENTS	
4. THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS OF THE MOST RECENT YEAR, INCLUDING THE AUDITORS' REPORT, BALANCE COMPREHENSIVE INCOME STATEMENTS, STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN SHAREHOLDERS EQUITY, STATEMENT	

FLOWS AND NOTE TO FINANCIAL STATEMENT OR APPENDIX COMPARING 2 FISCAL YEARS. 5. THE COMPANY'S INDIVIDUAL FINANCIAL REPORT FOR THE CURRENT YEAR APPROVED BY THE ACCOUNTANT	114 DID
VII.FINANCIAL POSITION AND REVIEW AND ANALYSIS OF THE FINANCIAL PERFORMANCE	115
1. COMPARISON AND ANALYSIS OF THE FINANCIAL POSITION	115
2. COMPARISON AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL PERFORMANCE	116
3. Cash flow	116
4. SIGNIFICANT CAPITAL SPENDING IN THE MOST RECENT YEAR AND ITS INFLUENCE ON FINANCIAL POSITIONS AND	
OPERATION	11/
5. THE MAJOR CAUSES FOR PROFITS OR LOSSES INCURRED BY INVESTMENTS DURING THE MOST RECENT YEAR;	117
RECTIFICATIONS AND INVESTMENT PLANS FOR THE NEXT YEAR	
6. RISK ANALYSIS AND ASSESSMENT	
VIII.SPECIAL NOTES	122
1. AFFILIATED COMPANIES	122
2. IN THE LATEST FINANCIAL YEAR TO THE DATE THIS REPORT WAS PRINTED, PRIVATE PLACEMENT OF SECURITIES	124
3. HOLDING OR DISPOSAL OF THE COMPANY'S SHARES BY ITS SUBSIDIARIES DURING THE LATEST FINANCIAL YEAR, UP	OT
THE PUBLICATION DATE OF THIS ANNUAL REPORT	124
4. Other supplementary information	124
5. Note to significant variation from the protection of shareholders equity in Taiwan	125
6. OCCURRENCES OF EVENTS DEFINED UNDER SUBPARAGRAPH 2, PARAGRAPH 3 OF ARTICLE 36 OF THE SECURITIES A EXCHANGE ACT IN THE LATEST YEAR UP TILL THE PUBLISHING DATE OF THIS ANNUAL REPORT THAT SIGNIFICANTLY	7
IMPACTED SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY OR SECURITY PRICES	142
APPENDIX 1 CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 3	31,
2020 AND INDEPENDENT AUDITORS 'REPORT	143

I. Message to the Shareholders

Dear Shareholders, Ladies and Gentlemen, I would like to present you the operation performance of 2020 and the prospect of the Company in the future specified below:

1. 2020 Business Report

(1) Business highlight:

Unit: NTD thousand

Item	2020	2019	Increase (decrease) in amount	Change (%)
Operating revenue	2,075,283	1,473,398	601,885	41
Operating costs	1,367,947	1,022,174	345,773	34
Gross profit	707,336	451,224	256,112	57
Operating expenses	298,801	268,640	30,161	11
Operating profit	408,535	182,584	225,951	124
Non-operating (expenses)	(42,388)	(997)	41,391	4,152
Net profit before taxation	366,147	181,587	184,560	102
Income tax expenses	82,663	27,278	55,385	203
Net income	283,484	154,309	129,175	84

⁽²⁾ Budget execution: The Company did not present any financial forecast to the public, and this part is not applicable.

(3) Financial income and expenditure, and profitability analysis:

	Item	2020	2019	Increase (decrease)
Financial	Debt to assets ratio (%)	44.50	37.65	6.85
structure	Long term capital as a percentage of fixed assets (%)	289.22	253.77	35.45
Colvenov	Current ratio (%)	284.96	212.55	72.41
Solvency	Liquid ratio (%)	256.57	192.17	64.40
	ROA(%)	10.31	6.59	3.72
Profitability	ROE (%)	17.38	10.29	7.09
	Basic earnings per share (NTD)	6.56	3.57	2.99

(4) Research and development:

The consolidated expenditures of the Company in research and development amounted to NT\$46,677 thousand in 2020 and NT\$39,740 thousand in 2019, which accounted for 2.25% and 2.70% of the consolidated revenue, respectively.

2. Outline of the Business Plan in 2021

(1) Business policy

- A. Continue to strengthen cross-plant resource integration, communication, and management to facilitate decision-making implementation.
- B. Continue to input automated production and instrument updates and adjust the production processes to enhance competitiveness.
- C. Actively develop new products, new markets, and promptly engage in cooperation with academic and research institutions to grasp the Company's future mid-term and long-term high-tech sources.
- D.Keep abreast of economic prosperity and changes in market demand, promptly and flexibly adjust

inventory to prevent the risk of sluggish material and raw material price fluctuations.

- E. Strengthen sound cooperative relations with customers, keep abreast of the latest market conditions, and actively seek new product orders.
- F. Actively engage in information system integration management, optimize operational processes to improve production efficiency.
- (2) Major production and sales policies
 - A. Active development of new products, new markets, and new purposes.
 - B. Acceleration of the expansion of the horizon for new products in line with the input of new equipment.
 - C. Continued improvement of the cost structure, adjustment of internal management process, upgrade of production efficiency so as to reduce the cost of production and upgrade competitiveness in the market.
- 3. Development strategy of the Company in the future
 - (1) Set up the corporate logistics center in Taiwan for coordination and control of all operations and functional department of the group in other regions. Build up the system of real-time communication with key customers. Map out the business strategy from top-down and outward to form unified strategies.
 - (2) Develop global competitive power and horizon, strengthen the capacity for the pursuit of policy and enhance the competitive power of the Company, and spare no effort in the development and training of talents in Taiwan, Hong Kong, and Mainland China.
 - (3) Set a high standard for customer service, respond to the feedback of customers and works with customer satisfaction to satisfy market mechanisms and customer needs.
 - (4) Develop proper corporate culture to strengthen the capacity in pursuit. The leadership of the Company will declare the vision and mission of the Company, the corporate goal and commitment to motivate the employees with a sense of participation, cohesion, mission and achievement.
- 4. Impacts of the external competitive environment, regulatory environment, and the overall business environment

The Company has constantly faced external competition since its inception, as well as the impacts of foreign regulations and the overall business environment. The competition in the market, the new rules and regulations promulgated by the competent authority of securities and exchange, the demand for environmental protection in countries all around the world, and the unpredictable global operation environment hampered the business performance of the Company significantly.

In response to the changes in the external environment, the Company spares no effort in realizing the corporate governance system, improvement of production process, and expansion of production capacity so as to reduce the cost of production, and keep abreast of customer needs in their purchase orders promptly for proper procurement planning further to complying with the new rules and regulations promulgated by the competent authority of securities and exchange and conforming to the environmental protection requirements of products to upgrade the overall competitive power of the Company.

Chairman: Hsu Cheng-Kun Manager: Hsu Cheng-Kun Accounting Supervisor: Wang Wan-Hsing

II. Company Profile

1. Date of foundation

Anli International Co., Ltd. (hereinafter referred to as "the Company" or "Anli International") was a holding company established in the British Caymans Island on June 23, 2010. The Company has acquired the equity shares of Anli International Holdings Limited (Hong Kong) and Kuanghe Co., Limited (Hong Kong) on November 22 of the same year through share swap, including the direct subsidiaries of these two companies, XinLi Precision Metals (Kunshan) Co., Ltd. and Kuanghe Electronic Technology (Kunshan) Co., Ltd. In addition, the Company also founded Gtek Technology Co., Ltd. Co., Ltd. in 2011 and founded Antronic Technologies Ltd. (Huzhou) in 2019.

The Company mainly engages in the development, production, assembly, and sales of various precision metal stamping, magnesium aluminum die casting, and CNC processing, and other products, which are applied in computer, communication, and consumer electronic products (3C products). The Company actively deploys the expansion of products for other industries, such as automotive products, optical communication products, vision system application products, household products, and other new product lines, moving towards product diversification.

The Company is specialized in the development, improvement of production process of the mold for metallic devices of parts and components for cooling, and the acquisition and installation of automated equipment for introduction to the production lines. With the wealth of knowledge in stamping, die casting and CNC chipping techniques and the innovative production methods, the Company could provide the customers with vertical integration production process from product design, tooling, and mass production, and could effectively help the customers to shorten the lead-time of product development and production cycle. In addition, the Company also provides complete solutions for critical parts and components for the customers. In the future, the heat dissipation components applied in electronic products will continue to undergo development to production automation related equipment and will continue to undergo R&D and improvement, actively expanding application products for trend fields, strengthening core technical capabilities, as well as building automated, digitalized and smart intelligent factories, thus improving production efficiency and product yield rates and reducing labor costs.

2. Organization and operations

Year	Milestones
2010	Kunshan Shinli was selected as an enterprise with advantage in intellectual property in Kunshan City, and had been qualified as an R&D institution in Jiangsu Province. Kuanghe Electronic Technology (Kunshan) Co., Ltd. was accredited with the QC080000 on hazardous substances process management system.
2011	XinLi Precision Metal (Kunshan) Co., Ltd. was cited as a learning enterprise in Kunshan. Kuanghe Electronic Technology (Kunshan) Co., Ltd. was accredited with the OHSAS18001, the occupational health and safety assessment series. Kuanghe Electronic Technology (Kunshan) Co., Ltd. passed the enterprise electronic free supervision by the Electrical and Electronic Association of Kunshan Government. Setup a production site at Chongqing with the establishment of Gtek Technology Co., Ltd. Co., Ltd. for expansion of the market in west China.
2012	XinLi Precision Metal (Kunshan) Co., Ltd. was granted the Certificate of High-tech enterprise by the R&D Institution of Jiangsu Province again. Kunshan Kuanghe has obtained the R&D institution high-tech enterprise certificate in Jiangsu Province. Capital investment of Ways Technologies for expansion to the cell phone market.

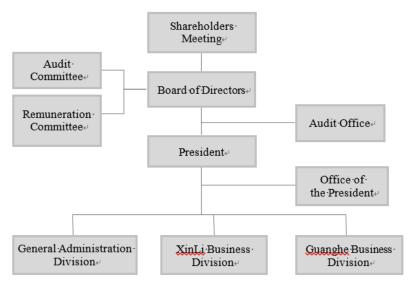
Year	Milestones
2013	XinLi Precision Metal (Kunshan) Co., Ltd. was granted the certificate of safety production enterprise. Kuanghe Electronic Technology (Kunshan) Co., Ltd. was granted the certificate of safety production enterprise. XinLi Precision Metal (Kunshan) Co., Ltd. expanded its Phase IV plant by 3,864m². Procurement of CNC automated equipment and engaged in precision chipping of metals and the production of metal cases.
2014	Gtek Technology Co., Ltd. purchased land for plant construction and completed Phase I which occupied an area of 7,035m ² .
2016	Fully launched the automated production process engineering. Fully launched the accreditation of automotive manufacturing TS16949 management system. The company in Taiwan purchased a new office building occupying an area of about 500m² (8F, No. 213 and 215, Sec.4, New Taipei Blvd., Xinzhuang District, New Taipei).
2017	Application for listing in the Taipei Exchange in December.
2018	Raised capital of NT\$48,060 thousand by issuing new shares, which made the paid-in capital amount to NT\$432,477 thousand. The stock issued by the Company was officially listed in TPEx for trading on July 2. In the fourth quarter, Gtek Technology Co., Ltd. underwent Phase II factory expansion (7,080 m² in area).
2019	The Phase II factory expansion of DO Technologies Ltd. was completed. A production base was set up in Huzhou, Huzhou Anli was established, and the land use right was obtained for the factory construction.
2020	Convertible corporate bonds were issued on October 30 to be traded at the TPEx.

- 3. Structure of the group: refer to page 122 of this report.
- 4. Risks: refer to page 118 to 121 of this report.

III. Corporate Governance Report

1. Organization

(1) Organizational Chart of the Company



(2) Function of major segments

Department	Assigned duties
Board of	A. Develop the core value of the Company and explicit vision for mid- to long-term development,
Directors	determine the business policy and objective.
Directors	B. Monitor and fully understand the pursuit of the business plan.
	A. Monitor and evaluate the fair presentation of the business, financial position, and financial
	reporting of the group.
	B. Monitor and evaluate the enforcement of the internal control system of the group and the
Audit	effectiveness of the enforcement.
Committee	C. Monitor and evaluate the internal control system of the group and the degree of compliance
Committee	with the external applicable laws.
	D. Monitor and evaluate existing and potential risks of the group and the control of risks.
	E. Monitor and evaluate the appointment (dismissal) of the certified public accountants of the
	group, and their independence and competence.
	A. Establishment with routine review of the performance evaluation of the Directors and
	Managers, and the policies, system, standards, and structure of remunerations.
Remuneration	B. Routine assessment and determination of the remuneration to the Directors and the Managers.
Committee	C. Affirmation of the remuneration system of the Company is in compliance with applicable legal
	rules for the companies listed in TWSE/TPEx and capable of attracting and keeping good
	people to maintain the competitiveness of the Company.
	A. Conduct audits on the operation, financial position, safekeeping of assets, and information in
	accordance with the internal code of the Company, report on shortcomings and related
	corrective actions and preventive action and keep track on the result, provide timely
	recommendation for improvement to ensure the effective implementation of the internal
Audit Office	control system of the Company.
	B. The design, execution, and reporting of the annual audit plan and internal audit system.
	C. Training and education of compliance with the internal control system.
	D. Review and amendment to the regulations governing internal control, internal audit and related
	control, and assess the control performance of these systems.
	A. Report to the Board and Shareholders Meeting on the operation result and development plan of
	the Company.
	B. Execution of the resolutions of the Board.
President	C. Determination of the business objective, strategy for development in the future and action
	plans of the Company.
	D. Supervision and control of the overall planning and budgeting of the Company to ensure the
	achievement of the business goals.
	E. Planning on direct investment.

Department	Assigned duties
Office of the President	 A. Design the organizational structure of the Company, planning, establishment, management and the integration and coordination of implementation of the internal code of the system. B. 2 Integration, planning, implementation and tracking of the assignment of the senior management. C. Holding meetings for the Shareholders Meeting, Board meeting, Auditing Committee, Remuneration Committee, and Executive Meetings, communication and coordination, recording of the minutes of meetings, follow up with the resolutions of the meetings. D. Administration, communication, and coordination of share registration and investor services, legal affairs and related matters.
General Administration Division	 General Administration Division A. Integration and compilation of the annual budget of the group and reporting and analysis of the attainment. B. Review and compilation of the business report of the group, audit and control of costing. C. The analysis and supply of information on the operations of the long-term investment of the group. D. Spokesman of the Company, elaboration and dissemination of information externally and the window for contact with investors and stakeholders. Human Resources a. Human resources planning and personnel administration. b. Establishment and revision of the regulations governing human resources and personnel administration, planning and implementation of employee training and continuing education programs. Finance a. The analysis and review of the establishment, assessment, and pursuit of the accounting process. b. Compilation and review of financial statements. c. Tax planning, declaration, and review. d. Capital management, financial planning and fund appropriation. Administrative management a. Purchase and miscellaneous management, planning and holding of employee benefits and activities. b. Assets, specimen seal and document management. c. Environment, safety and health management at the workplace and fire safety equipment maintenance and management. Information a. Design and installation of related information systems, equipment in line with the business development of the Company, and information security management. b. Development, management, and maintenance of application systems. c. The planning, management, and maintenance of mainframe, database, network and peripherals.
XinLi Business Division	 A. Administering the operation management of investee companies. B. Introduction and exhibition of products, business promotion events, customer relation management, and development of new accounts. C. Setting the short- to long-term business plans, leading the business team to achieve the overall business performance goal. D. Product strategy, planning of new products, and related works. E. Responsible for the research and development of new products and data search. F.Handling customer complaints, assisting customers and sales personnel to solve technical problems of related products.
Kuanghe Business Division	 A. Administering the operation management of investee companies. B. Introduction and exhibition of products, business promotion events, customer relation management, and development of new accounts. C. Setting the short- to long-term business plans, leading the business team to achieve the overall business performance goal. D. Product strategy, planning of new products, and related works. E. Responsible for the research and development of new products and data search. F.Handling customer complaints, assisting customers and sales personnel to solve technical problems of related products.

2. Profiles of Directors, Supervisors, President, Executive Vice Presidents, Asst. VP, and supervisors of the various departments and branches

(1) Director

A. Profiles of Directors

April 2, 2021

Title	Nationality or place of	Name	Gender	Date	Duration	Inauguration	Shares a			hareholding	Current S Spouse &	hares Held by Dependents		ding under the third party	Major (academic		Other Chief, Supervisors or Directors with a Spousal or Other Immediate Relative			Remarks
	registration			elected		date	Quantity	Ratio of Shareholding	Quantity	Ratio of Shareholding	Quantity	Ratio of Shareholding	Quantity	Ratio of Shareholding	degree) experience	and in other companies	Title	Name	Relation	
	SAMOA	ANLI INTERNATIONAL LIMITED (SAMOA)	_				13,312,589	30.78%	12,659,589	28.42%	-	-	-	_	_	_				
Chairman	Taiwan R.O.C.	Representative: Hsu Chen-Kun	Male	2019.06.05	3	2012.08.20	1,066,371	2.47%	496,000	1.11%	-	_	-	-	Vocation School. QC Section Manager, Sheng Da Spring Co., Ltd.	The Company's President Director, ANLI INTERNATIONAL HOLDINGS LIMITED (ANLI Hong Kong) Director, KUANGHE CO., LTD. (Kuanghe Hong Kong) Director, XinLi Precision Metal (Kunshan) Co., Ltd. Director, Kuanghe Electronic Technology (Kunshan) Co., Ltd. Director, Gtek Technology Co., Ltd. Chairman of Antronic Technologies Ltd. (Huzhou) Director, ANLI INTERNATIONAL LIMITED (SAMOA) Director, ANLI Spring Co., Ltd. Director, Jingmei Technology Co., Ltd. Director, An Tai Spring Co., Ltd.	ı	_	-	
	SAMOA	KUANGHECO.,LTD.(SAMOA)	_				4,467,979	10.33%	3,962,979	8.90%	_	_	_	_	_	-				
Director	Taiwan R.O.C.	Representative: Wu Chin-Sung	Male	2019.06.05	3	2012.08.20	_	_	_	-	_	-	-	_	President, Kuanghe Development Co., Ltd.	Director and President, KUANGHE CO., LIMITED (Hong Kong) Director and President, Kuanghe Electronic Technology (Kunshan) Co., Ltd. Supervisor, XinLi Precision Metal (Kunshan) Co., Ltd. Director, Gtek Technology Co., Ltd. Directors and General Manager of Antronic Technologies Ltd. (Huzhou) Director, KUANGHE CO., LTD. (SAMOA)	Vice President, Kuanghe Electronic Technology (Kunshan) Co., Ltd.	Wu Chi-Kun	Brothers	

Title	Nationality or place of	Name	Gender	Date	Duration	Inauguration	Shares a	at Election	Current s				ding under the third party	Major (academic		Other Chief, Supervisors or Directors with a Spousal or Other Immediate Relative			Remarks	
	registration			elected		date	Quantity	Ratio of Shareholding	Quantity	Ratio of Shareholding	Quantity	Ratio of Shareholding	Quantity	Ratio of Shareholding	degree) experience	and in other companies	Title	Name	Relation	
Director	Taiwan R.O.C.	Lin Chi-Kun	Male	2019.06.05	3	2011.03.29	-		_		_	_	-	Shareholding -		Director and President, ANLI INTERNATIONAL HOLDINGS LIMITED (ANLI HONG Kong) Director and President, XinLi Precision Metal (Kunshan) Co., Ltd. Supervisor, Kuanghe Electronic Technology (Kunshan) Co., Ltd. Directors of Antronic Technologies Ltd. (Huzhou) Director, ANLI INTERNATIONAL LIMITED (SAMOA)	-	-	_	
	Taiwan R.O.C.	Ways Technical Corps.	_				2,163,207	5.00%	2,163,207	4.86%	_	_	_	_	-	-				
Director	Taiwan R.O.C.	Representative: Kuo Shih-Yi	Male	2019.06.05	3	2012.08.20	-	-	_	-	_	-	-	_	Accounting, Fu Jen Catholic University	Representative of Institutional Supervisor, Ways Electronic Technology (Dongguan) Co., Ltd. Representative of Institutional Director, Mega Power. Supervisor, UDE Corp. Representative of Institutional Director, Nano Bit Tech Representative of Institutional Director, Wei Si Industrial Co., Ltd. Supervisor, Chao Chiang Technology Co., Ltd. Supervisor, Jinsu Electronic Technology (Kunshan) Co., Ltd.	-	-	_	
Independent director	Taiwan R.O.C.	Chuang Kun-Ming	Male	2019.06.05	3	2011.10.24		_	_	-	5,000	0.01	_	_	Ph.D. in Accountancy, Xiamen University MBA, University of Iowa Department of Business Administration, National Taiwan University Section Manager, Small and Medium Enterprises Supervision Center. Directors of American Pacific Commercial Bank	Independent Director of Sincere Security Corp. Ltd. Supervisor, Yi Jian Information Co., Ltd. Chairman, Lung Feng International Development Co., Ltd. CPA and Director, Global Joint Office CPA Office	_	-	_	

	Nationality or place of	Name	Gender	Date	Duration	Inauguration	Shares a	at Election	lection Current sharehold		Spouse & Dependents ti		Shareholding under the title of a third party		Major (academic degree) experience	Current duties in The Company and in other companies	Other Chief, Supervisors or Directors with a Spousal or Other Immediate Relative			Remarks
	registration			elected		date	Quantity	Ratio of Shareholding	Quantity	Ratio of Shareholding	Quantity	Ratio of Shareholding	Quantity	Ratio of Shareholding	degree) experience	e and in other companies	Title	Name	Relation	
independent director	Taiwan R.O.C.	Chen Yin-Chang	Male	2019.06.05	3	2011.10.24	-	_	-	_	_	_	_	_	of Political Science and Law (Beijing). LLM, Dept of Law, National Taipei University. Judiciary Section, Dept of Law, National Chung Hsing University Legal Counsel, Technology Transfer Center, Industrial Technology Research Institute of Taiwan Attorney of PwC Legal Partner and Attorney-at-law, Tai Yin Law Office		_	_	_	
independent director	Taiwan R.O.C.	Yeh Wang-Ming	Male	2019.06.05	3	2011.10.24	-	-	-	_	-	-	-	_	University of Sydney Dept of Marine Science, Chinese Culture University. Director of Auditing Division, Director of Finance Division,	Senior Financial Consultant, Guige Consulting (Shanghai) Co., Ltd. Chairman, Carygene International Biotechnology Co., Ltd. Chairman of Suzhou Eegene Genomic Technology Co., Ltd. Director, Top Value International Ltd. (Seychelle) Representative of Institutional Director, DynaGene HK.	-	-	-	

Note: If the chairman and general manager or the equivalent (top manager) is the same person, the spouse, or a first-degree relative, the reason, reasonability, necessity, and response measures should be stated.

The Company's chairman and general manager are the same person, as explained below:

- a. The Company's chairman and general manager Mr. Hsu Cheng-Kun is one of the founders of Anli International Co., Ltd. who has thorough knowledge of business operations and main product information and operational status, not only ensuring the smooth decision-making of the board of directors, but also enhancing the Company's business performance.
- b. The Company's seven director seats (including three independent directors) are without spouse relations or first-degree relative relations, and the external directors account for more than 50%. In addition, the Company set up the Audit Committee made up of three independent directors in 2011. Therefore, in case of relevant business decision-making involving one's own interest or loss of objectivity, the supervision and balance mechanism can be promptly brought into play to ensure the rights and interests of the general public.
- c. The Company has insured directors and important staff liability insurance, while PwC Taiwan, a large accounting firm, has been invited to serve as the Company's external supervisory agency responsible for financial statement audits and internal control system project reviews in order to reduce the Company's operational risk and enhance the corporate governance function.

Table 1 Main shareholders of corporate shareholders

April 2, 2021

Names of corporate shareholders (Note 1)	Major Shareholders of corporate shareholders (Note 2)
ANLI INTERNATIONAL LIMITED (SAMOA)	Hsu Chen-Kun (20%), Lin Chi-Kun (20%), Huang Ta-Peng (20%), Wu Wen-Yu (20%), Huang A-Chun (20%)
KUANGHECO.,LTD.(SAMOA)	Wu Chin-Sung (35%), Wu Chi-Kun (35%), Lin Chung A-Chueh (20%), Kang Hsiu-Yen (8%), Wu Li-Hui (2%)
WAYS Technical Corp., Ltd.	Chang Shu-Wei (4.55%) Mao Shi Investment Co., Ltd. (3.45%) Shun Lai Management Consultants Co., Ltd. (3.18%) Chan Hsin-Yi (2.56%) Liao Shih-Wen (2.28%) Chiu,Shu-Chung (1.89%) HSBC custody of the investment account of Goldman Sachs International (1.89%) Hsieh Teng-Hung (1.71%) WAYS Technical Corp., Ltd. restrict employees' rights on new stock cancellation/acquisition accounts (1.64%) Chung Li-Chu (1.38%)

Note 1: Directors and supervisors who are corporate shareholder representatives are required to fill out their corporate shareholder names.

Note 2: The names of main shareholders of corporate shareholders (with a shareholding ratio ranking top 10) and the ratios of shareholdings should be filled out. If the main shareholders are corporations, Table 2 below should be also filled out.

Table 2: Major shareholders of major corporate shareholders listed in Table 1

April 2, 2021

Names of corporate (Note 1)	Major Shareholders of Corporate (Note 2)
Mao Shi Investment Co., Ltd.	Lin Pi-Fang (72%), Liao Yin-Chi (14%), Liao Chih-Chii (14%)
	Liu Chi Hsiung (6%), Liu Chih Hung (10%), Chan Hsin-Yi (10%), Chen Hsiu (20%), Liu Yi Hung (27%), Huang Ching-Ju (27%)

Note 1: As shown in Table 1 above, the main shareholders who are corporations should fill out their corporation names.

Note 2: The names of the main shareholders of corporations (with a shareholding ratio ranking top 10) and the ratios of shareholdings should be filled out.

B. The professional knowledge and independence of the directors

		n 5 years of experi professional quali			Sta	tus	of	ind	ере	ende	ence	e (N	lote	e)	
Name	above) of commerce, law, finance, accounting, or any subjects relevant to the company's operations in a public or private tertiary institution	by the national Government Apparatus as court judge,	accounting or other work experiences required to perform the assigned	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	88 9) 1	0 1:	1 12	Number of public companies where the person holds the title as independent director
ANLI INTERNATIONAL LIMITED(SAMOA) Representative: Hsu Chen-Kun	_	-	✓	_	_	_	✓	_	✓	✓ .	✓ ∨	\	/ /	_	-
KUANGHECO.,LTD.(SAMOA) Representative: Wu Chin-Sung	_	_	√	_	_	_	✓	_	✓	✓,	< v	~	/	´ —	-
Lin Chi-Kun	_	_	√	_	_	✓	✓	_	✓	✓,	✓ ∨	~	· •	′ √	_
Ways Technical Corps. Representative: Kuo Shih-Yi	_	_	√	✓	_	_	✓	_	✓	✓,	~ ~	•	/ /	_	_
Chuang Kun-Ming	_	✓	√	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓,	✓ ∨	~	~	′ √	1
Chen Yin-Chang	_	✓	✓	√	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓,	/	~	~	′	_
Yeh Wang-Ming	_	_	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓,	✓ ∨	′ •	~	✓	_

Note:Respective director and supervisor who meet the following qualifications 2 years before assumption of office and at the time of assumption office shall put a "

"in the appropriate space.

- a. Not employed by the company or any of its affiliated companies.
- b. Not a Director, Supervisor of the Company or its affiliates (except the independent directors established by the Company or its parent company, subsidiaries under this law or applicable laws in the place of incorporation).
- c. Does not hold more than 1% of the company's outstanding shares in his/her own name or under the name of spouse, underage children, or any other person; nor is any party listed herein one of the ten largest natural personshareholders of the company.
- d. Not a spouse, relative of second degree, or direct kin of third degree or closer to persons not qualified for criteria 1~3.
- e. Not a director, supervisor, or employee of the company's corporate shareholder holding more than 5% of the company's outstanding capital; nor a director, supervisor, or employee to any of the top 5 corporate shareholders.
- f. Directors, supervisors, or employed persons of other companies not exceeding half of the Company's director seats or shares with voting right controlled by the same person (not limited to concurrent independent directors designated by the Company, parent company, subsidiary, or subsidiary under the same parent company by the local regulations).
- g. Not the owner, partner, director, supervisor, manager and spouse to the owner, partner, director, supervisor of the professional, sole proprietor, partnership, body corporate, or institution providing business, legal, financial and/or accounting services or consultation to the Company. Except the members of the Remuneration Committee performing their function pursuant to Article 7 of the Regulations Governing the Establishment of Remuneration Committee by

Companies listed in the Stock Exchange or OTC Markets and Performing of its Duties.

- h. Board of directors (directors), supervisors (members of the board of supervisors), managers, or shareholders with more than 5% shareholding of specific companies or institutions without financial or business dealings with the Company (not limited to specific companies or institutions with more than 20% but not exceeding 50% of shares issued by the Company and concurrent independent directors designated by local regulations of the Company and its parent company and subsidiary company or subsidiaries under the same parent company).
- i. Professionals engaged in commercial, legal, financial, accounting, and other related services whose audits are not provided by the Company or its conglomerates or whose cumulative rewards in the recent two years have not exceeded NT\$500,000, sole proprietors, company or institution owners, partners, directors (board of directors), supervisors (members of the board of supervisors), managers, and their spouses. (not limited to the members of the Remuneration Committee, Public Takeover Review Committee, or Mergers and Acquisition Special Committee performing their duties in accordance with the Securities Exchanges Act or the Business Mergers and Acquisitions Act)
- j. Not having a marital relationship, or a relative within the second degree of kinship to any other director of the Company.
- k. Does not meet any descriptions stated in Article 30 of the Company Act.
- 1. Not elected as a government or corporate representative according to Article 27 of The Company Act.

Title	Nationality	Name	Gender	Election Date	Status of	shareholding		eld by Spouse ependents		ling under the a third party	Major (academic degree) experience	Positions with other companies	second Civil Co	pillar u	vithin the inder the who is a	Remarks
					Quantity	Ratio of Shareholding	Quantity	Ratio of Shareholding	Quantity	Ratio of Shareholding			Title	Name	Relation	
President	Taiwan R.O.C.	Hsu Chen-Kun	Male	2013.06.14	496,000	1.11%	_	_		_	Industry Management, Oriental Industrial Vocation School. QC Section Manager, Sheng Ta Spring Co., Ltd.	Director, ANLI Spring Co., Ltd. Director, Jingmei Technology Co., Ltd. Director, An Tai Spring Co., Ltd. Director, ANLI INTERNATIONAL LIMITED (SAMOA) Director, ANLI INTERNATIONAL HOLDINGS LIMITED (ANLI Hong Kong) Director, KUANGHE CO., LTD. (Kuanghe Hong Kong) Director, Kinli Precision Metal (Kunshan) Co., Ltd. Director, Kuanghe Electronic Technology (Kunshan) Co., Ltd. Director, Gtek Technology Co., Ltd. Chairman of Antronic Technologies Ltd. (Huzhou)	_	_	_	_
President, Kuanghe Electronic Technology (Kunshan) Co., Ltd.	Taiwan R.O.C.	Wu Chin-Sung	Male	2010.06.23	_	-	_	-	_	-	Mechanical Drawing, Kai Nan Commercial and Industrial School President, Kuanghe Development Co., Ltd.	Director, KUANGHE CO., LTD. (SAMOA) Director and President, KUANGHE CO., LIMITED (Hong Kong) Director and President, Kuanghe Electronic Technology (Kunshan) Co., Ltd. Supervisor, XinLi Precision Metal (Kunshan) Co., Ltd. Director, Gtek Technology Co., Ltd. Directors and General Manager of Anli Technologies Ltd. (Huzhou)	Vice President, Kuanghe Electronic Technology (Kunshan) Co., Ltd.	Wu Chi-Kun	Brothers	_
President, XinLi Precision Metal (Kunshan) Co., Ltd.	Taiwan R.O.C.	Lin Chi-Kun	Male	2010.06.23	_	_	_	_	_	-	Tai Shi Junior High School President	Director, ANLI INTERNATIONAL LIMITED (SAMOA) Director and President, ANLI INTERNATIONAL HOLDINGS LIMITED (ANLI Hong Kong) Director and President, XinLi Precision Metal (Kunshan) Co., Ltd. Supervisor, Kuanghe Electronic Technology (Kunshan) Co., Ltd. Directors of Antronic Technologies Ltd. (Huzhou)	_	-	_	_
President, Gtek Technology Co., Ltd.	Taiwan R.O.C.	Chang Yi-Chang	Male	2018.12.04	680	0.00%	-	-	-	-	Graduate Institute of Entomology, National Chung Hsing University Department of Entomology, National Chung Hsing University COO, North Bay Entertainment Marketing Manager, Forcecon Technology	Director and President, Gtek Technology Co., Ltd. Directors of Antronic Technologies Ltd. (Huzhou)	-	-	-	-

Title	Nationality	Name	Gender	Election Date	Status of	shareholding		eld by Spouse ependents		ding under the a third party	Major (academic degree) experience	Positions with other companies	second Civil Co	pillar ı	within the under the I who is a er	Remarks
					Quantity	Ratio of Shareholding	Quantity	Ratio of Shareholding	Quantity	Ratio of Shareholding			Title	Name	Relation	
Vice President, Kuanghe Electronic Technology (Kunshan) Co., Ltd.	Taiwan R.O.C.	Wu Chi-Kun	Male	2010.06.23	1	-	_	-	-	-	Mechanical Drawing, Kai Nan Commercial and Industrial School President, Kuang Feng Development Co., Ltd.	Director and Vice President, Kuanghe Electronic Technology (Kunshan) Co., Ltd. Supervisors of Gtek Technology Co., Ltd. (Chongqing) Directors of Antronic Technologies Ltd. (Huzhou)	President, Kuanghe Electronic Technology (Kunshan) Co., Ltd.	Wu Chin-Sung	Brothers	,
Vice President, XinLi Precision Metal (Kunshan) Co., Ltd.	Taiwan R.O.C.	Chen Chia-Feng	Male	2015.01.01	30,000	0.07%	_	_	_	_	MBA, Concordia University, USA Industry Engineering and Management, Wang Neng Industrial and Commercial School Chief Event Planning Officer, Shang Dian Duo Media Integrated Marketing Co., Ltd. Engineer, Ding Sheng Business Machine Co., Ltd.	Vice President, XinLi Precision Metal (Kunshan) Co., Ltd.	_	ı	_	_
CFO and Chief Accounting Officer	Taiwan R.O.C.	Wang Wan-Hsing	Male	2017.05.02	13,000	0.03%		_		_	Bachelor, Dept of Accounting, Soochow University. Deputy Manager, Auditing Dept, Deloitte Taiwan. Accounting Manager, Xin Li Qi Electronic Co., Ltd. Accounting Manager, Elite Group Computers Principal Consultant, ORACLE CEO, San Yan Technology Co., Ltd.	Supervisors of Antronic Technologies Ltd. (Huzhou)	_	ı	_	
Internal Audit Manager	Taiwan R.O.C.	Yao Li-Fang	Female	2017.04.01	11,000	0.02%	_	_	_	_	Master, Graduate Institute of Marketing and Distribution Management, National Kaohsiung First University of Science and Technology. Dept of Business Administration, Tamkang University Project Manager, Toyota Motors (Taiwan) Co., Ltd. Special Assistant to the Chairman, Shenzhen Dao You Iron and Steel Co., Ltd. CFO and Manager of Administration Dept,	_	_	_	_	

Title	Nationality	Name	Gender	Election Date	Status of	shareholding		eld by Spouse ependents		ding under the a third party	Major (academic degree) experience	Positions with other companies	second Civil Co	pillar u	vithin the inder the who is a	
					Quantity	Ratio of Shareholding	Quantity	Ratio of Shareholding	Quantity	Ratio of Shareholding			Title	Name	Relation	
											Zhuzhijia Electronic Technologies (Shanghai) Co., Ltd.					
Executive Vice President	Taiwan R.O.C.	Cheng Ya-Wen	Female	2020.07.01	-	-	_	ŀ	_	_	Master degree of Business Administration, University of Queensland, Australia Junior Vice President of Cathay Securities Corporation	Supervisors of Certain Micro Application Technology Inc.	_	_	_	_

Note: If the general manager or the equivalent (top manager) and the chairman is the same person, a spouse, or a first-degree relative, the reason, reasonability, necessity, and response measures should be disclosed, including information related to the methods for adding independent director seats, and more than half of the directors are not concurrently serving as employees or managers, etc.

The Company's general manager and chairman are the same person, as explained below:

- A. The Company's chairman and general manager Mr. Hsu Cheng-Kun is one of the founders of Anli International Co., Ltd. who has thorough knowledge of business operations and main product information and operational status, not only ensuring the smooth decision-making of the board of directors, but also enhancing the Company's business performance.
- B. The Company's seven director seats (including three independent directors) are without spouse or first-degree relative relations, and the external directors account for more than 50%. In addition, the Company set up the Audit Committee made up of three independent directors in 2011. Therefore, in case of relevant business decision-making involving one's own interest or loss of objectivity, the supervision and balance mechanism can be promptly brought into play to ensure the rights and interests of the general public.
- C. The Company has insured directors and important staff liability insurance, while PwC Taiwan, a large accounting firm, has been invited to serve as the Company's external supervisory agency responsible for financial statement audits and internal control system project reviews in order to reduce the Company's operational risk and enhance the corporate governance function.

(3) Remuneration to the Directors, Supervisors, President and the Vice Presidents in 2020.

A. Rewards for General Directors and Independent Directors

Unit NTD thousand

																			Cint	TTIL	unou	Bullu
				Remu	ıneration	to Direc	tors						Remuner	ation in t	the capac	city as	emplo	yees		The s		Ŗ
		Directo	r fees (A)	Pensi	on (B)		eration to ors (C)	For serv	vices (D)	The sum of C and I proporti Earning	D in on to	and	es, bonus special idies (E)	Pensi	on (F)			neratior oyees (0		A, B, E, F a in propo to Ean	and G n	Remuneration paid to company other than
Title	Name	The	All companies financial	The	All companies financial	The	All companies financial	The	All companies 1 financial	The	All companie financi	The	All companies financial	The	All companies financial	Th Com _j		comp mention the fire	All panies oned in nancial ments	The	All c	
		Company	ss mentioned in the al statements	The Company	mpanies mentioned in the financial statements	The Company	mpanies mentioned in the financial statements	Company	ss mentioned in the al statements	The Company	companies mentioned in the financial statements	The Company	ss mentioned in the al statements	The Company	s mentioned in the al statements	Cash	Stock	Cash Amount	Stock	The Company	s mentioned in the al statements	directions from an invested the company's subsidiary
Chairman	ANLIINTERNATIONALLIMITED (SAMOA) Representative: Hsu Chen-Kun																					
Director Director	KUANGHECO.,LTD.(SAMOA) Representative: Wu Chin-Sung Lin Chi-Kun	-	-	-	-	2,272	2,272	270	270	0.90	0.90	4,447	19,244			6,422		8,974	-	4.73	10.85	None
Director	Ways Technical Corps. Representative: Kuo Shih-Yi																					
Independent director	Chuang Kun-Ming																					
Independent director	Chen Yin-Chang	360	360	-	-	2,642	2,642	200	200	1.13	1.13									1.13	1.13	None
Independent director	Yeh Wang-Ming	1:											-1 :		-41 G							

a. Please state the director remuneration payment policy, system, standard, and structure and state the relevance between the amount paid and duties, risks, input time, and other factors:

The Company's remunerations for independent directors include director remunerations, remunerations and transportation fees for performing business. The Remuneration Committee shall regularly review and evaluate remuneration payment policies, systems, standards, and structures and inspect directors' participation in company operations, professionalism in decision implementation, and effective contribution aspects, which shall be set up in reference to the standards of the same trade and after discussion and resolution by the board. The contribution of remunerations for directors is based on the Company's profitability situation and in compliance with the provision in the corporate charter. Remunerations will be distributed after reaching a resolution by the board of directors.

b. In addition to the disclosure in the above table, remunerations claimed by the directors for providing services for all the companies in the financial statement in the most recent year to (such as serving as non-staff consultants) other than the disclosure in the table above: None.

Classification of remuneration

		Name of	Directors	
Remunerations to individual directors in respective brackets along the salaries scale	Total (A-	+B+C+D)	Total (A+B+C	C+D+E+F+G)
ordeneds along the stateless source	The Company	All companies contained in the financial report H	The Company	All companies mentioned in the financial statements I
Less than 1,000,000	Lin Chi-Kun, Wu Chin-Sung, Ways Technical Corps, Chen Yin-Chang, Yeh Wang-Ming, Chuang Kun-Ming	Lin Chi-Kun, Wu Chin-Sung, Ways Technical Corps, Chen Yin-Chang, Yeh Wang-Ming, Chuang Kun-Ming	Ways Technical Corps, Chen Yin-Chang, Yeh Wang-Ming, Chuang Kun-Ming	Ways Technical Corps, Chen Yin-Chang, Yeh Wang-Ming, Chuang Kun-Ming
1,000,000(inclusive)~2,000,000 (exclusive)	Hsu Chen-Kun	Hsu Chen-Kun	Wu Chin-Sung, Lin Chi-Kun	_
2,000,000(inclusive)~3,500,000 (exclusive)	_	_	_	_
3,500,000(inclusive)~5,000,000 (exclusive)	_	_	_	_
5,000,000(inclusive)~10,000,000 (exclusive)	_	_	Hsu Chen-Kun	Hsu Chen-Kun, Lin Chi-Kun
10,000,000(inclusive)~15,000,000 (exclusive)	_	_	_	Wu Chin-Sung
15,000,000(inclusive)~30,000,000 (exclusive)	_	_	_	_
30,000,000(inclusive)~50,000,000 元 (exclusive)	_	_	_	_
50,000,000(inclusive)~100,000,000 (exclusive)	_	_	_	_
100,000,000 above	_	_	_	_
Total	_	_	_	_

B. Remuneration to the Supervisors: Not applicable, the Company did not establish the seats for Supervisors.

C. Remuneration to President and Executive Vice Presidents

Unit: NTD thousand

			alary A)		nsion (B)	Bonuses a	and allowances etc	Rem	muneration to the employees (D)		as a percenta net	A, B, C, and D age of after-tax profit	Remunerati on paid to directions from an		
Title	Name	The Company	All companies mentioned in the financial	The Company	All companies mentioned in the financial	The Company	All companies mentioned in the financial statements	The C	The Company show finance		mpanies in the al report te 5)	The Company	All companies mentioned in the financial	invested company other than the company's subsidiary	
			statements		statements		succinents	Cash	Stock	Cash	Stock		statements	subsidiary	
President, Anli International Co., Ltd.	Hsu Chen-Kun														
President, Kuanghe Electronic Technology (Kunshan) Co., Ltd.	Wu Chin-Sung	3,718	14,816			729	4,428	6,422		8,974		3.83%	9.95%	None	
President, XinLi Precision Metal (Kunshan) Co., Ltd.	Lin Chi-Kun														

Classification of remuneration

The brackets of remunerations to all Presidents and	Name of President	ts and Executive Vice Presidents
Vice Presidents of the Company	The Company	All companies mentioned in the financial statements
Less than 1,000,000	_	_
1,000,000(inclusive)~2,000,000 (exclusive)	Wu Chin-Sung	_
2,000,000(inclusive)~3,500,000 (exclusive)	Lin Chi-Kun,	_
3,500,000(inclusive)~5,000,000 (exclusive)	_	_
5,000,000(inclusive)~10,000,000 (exclusive)	Hsu Chen-Kun	Hsu Chen-Kun, Lin Chi-Kun
10,000,000(inclusive)~15,000,000 (exclusive)	_	Wu Chin-Sung
15,000,000(inclusive)~30,000,000 (exclusive)	_	_
30,000,000(inclusive)~50,000,000 (exclusive)	_	_
50,000,000(inclusive)~100,000,000 (exclusive)	_	_
100,000,000 above	_	_
Total	_	_

D. Name of the managers received remuneration and the distribution of remuneration

Unit: NTD thousand

	Title	Name	Stock	Cash	Total	Total/after-t ax profit
	President, Anli International Co., Ltd	Hsu Chen-Kun				
	President, Kuanghe Electronic Technology (Kunshan) Co., Ltd.	Wu Chin-Sung				
	President, XinLi Precision Metal (Kunshan) Co., Ltd.	Lin Chi-Kun				
Managan	President, Gtek Technology Co., Ltd.	Chang Yi-Chang		16 215	16 215	5.72%
Manager	Vice President, Kuanghe Electronic Technology (Kunshan) Co., Ltd.	Wu Chi-Kun		16,215	16,215	3.72%
	Vice President, XinLi Precision Metal (Kunshan) Co., Ltd.	Chen Chia-Feng				
	CFO and Chief Accounting Officer	Wang Wan-Hsing				
	Chief Internal Auditor	Yao Li-Fang				

- (4) The analysis of the total amount of remuneration to the Directors, Supervisors, President and Vice Presidents paid by the Company and all companies included in the consolidated financial statements in the last 2 years in proportion to net income, and the association with the remuneration policy, standard and combination, procedure for determining the remuneration, and operation performance, and the risks in the future.
 - A. The total amount of remuneration to the Directors, Supervisors, President and Vice Presidents paid by the Company and all companies included in the consolidated financial statements in the last 2 years in proportion to net income.

	Ra	tio of total remuner	ation to net incom	e		
	20	19	2020			
Item	The Company	Consolidated financial statements	The Company	Consolidated financial statements		
Remuneration to Directors	2.77%	2.77%	1.90%	1.90%		
President's and Vice Presidents' remuneration	5.64%	15.49%	3.83%	9.95%		

B. Association with the remuneration policy, standard and combination, procedure for determining the remuneration, and operation performance, and the risks in the future.

The Company has established the Remuneration Committee and the members are independent directors. This committee review and evaluate the performance of the Directors and the Managers, and the policy, system, standard, and structure of the remuneration.

a. Director:

The remuneration to the Directors covers traveling subsidy, business expense, and Director fees. The remuneration to the Directors is regulated by the Articles of Incorporation of the Company and determined by the Board under authorization with reference to their degree of participation in the operation and contribution value to the Company, and also industry level. The appropriation of remuneration to the Directors was made in compliance with the Articles of Incorporation of the Company subject to the resolution of the Board and report to the Shareholders Meeting before release.

b. President and Vice Presidents:

The remuneration to the President and the Vice Presidents covers salaries and remuneration to employees. The salaries were set with reference to their participation in the operation and contribution value, and industry standard. The appropriation of remuneration to the employees was made in compliance with the Articles of Incorporation of the Company subject to the resolution of the Board and report to the Shareholders Meeting before release.

3. Status of Corporate Governance

(1) The function of the Board

The Board of the Company has convened (A) 10 times in 2020 and to the date this report was printed. The attendance of the Directors is specified below:

Title	Name	Actual attendance	Attend through proxy	Attendance rate	Remarks	
		(B)	(B) (A)		1	
Chairman	ANLI INTERNATIONAL LIMITED Representative: Hsu Chen-Kun	10	0	100%	Assumed office on 2019.6.5 for a second term	
Director	Lin Chi-Kun	10	0	100%	Assumed office on 2019.6.5 for a second term	
Director	KUANGHECO.,LTD. Representative: Wu Chin-Sung	10	0	100%	Assumed office on 2019.6.5 for a second term	
Director	Ways Technical Corps. Representative: Kuo Shih-Yi	9	1	90%	Assumed office on 2019.6.5 for a second term	
Independe nt director	Chuang Kun-Ming	10	0	100%	Assumed office on 2019.6.5 for a second term	
Independe nt director	Chen Yin-Chang	9	1	90%	Assumed office on 2019.6.5 for a second term	
Independe nt director	Yeh Wang-Ming	10	0	100%	Assumed office on 2019.6.5 for a second term	

Other notes:

- A. For the particulars inscribed in Article 14-3 of the Securities and Exchange Act, and resolutions of the Board with adverse opinions or qualified opinions of the Independent Directors on record or in written declaration, specifying the date and the session, the content of the motion, the opinions of all Independent Directors, and the response of the Company to the opinions of the Independent Directors: None.
- B. The recusal of the Directors to avoid the conflict of interest:

In the sessions of the Board of the Company held in 2020 and to the date this report was printed, the recusal of the Directors to avoid the conflict of interest is shown below:

Date of session	Name of Directors	Agenda	Reasons for avoiding conflicting interests	Voting decision
2020.1.15	Hsu Chen-Kun Lin Chi-Kun Wu Chin-Sung	1. The motion of year-end bonus in 2019.	Related to personal interest of the managers	The Directors concerned recused from the session to avoid the conflict of interest. The motion was passed by all other Directors in common consent in reply to the inquiry of the acting Chairman.
2020.3.23	Hsu Chen-Kun Lin Chi-Kun Wu Chin-Sung	The motion for the salaries of the managers in 2020	Related to personal interest of the managers	The Directors concerned recused from the session to avoid the conflict of interest. The motion was passed by all other Directors in common consent in reply to the inquiry of the acting Chairman.

Date of session	Name of Directors	Agenda	Reasons for avoiding conflicting interests	Voting decision
2020.7.24	Hsu Chen-Kun Lin Chi-Kun Wu Chin-Sung Kuo Shih-Yi Chuang Kun-Ming Chen Yin-Chang Yeh Wang-Ming	The motion of the remuneration to the Directors of the Company in 2019.	Related to personal interest of the managers	This proposal was discussed and voted in two sessions. The remuneration of independent directors was discussed in the first session. Except for the aforementioned independent directors' recusal, the proposal was passed unanimously after being consulted by the chairman. The remuneration of general directors was discussed in the second session. Except for the aforementioned general directors' recusal, the proposal was passed unanimously after being consulted by the acting chairman.
2020.7.24	Hsu Chen-Kun Lin Chi-Kun Wu Chin-Sung	The motion for the remuneration to the employees and managers in 2019.	Related to personal interest of the managers	The Directors concerned recused from the session to avoid the conflict of interest. The motion was passed by all other Directors in common consent in reply to the inquiry of the acting Chairman.
2021.1.13	Hsu Chen-Kun 2021.1.13 Lin Chi-Kun Wu Chin-Sung 1. The motion of year-end bonus in 2020.		Related to personal interest of the managers	The Directors concerned recused from the session to avoid the conflict of interest. The motion was passed by all other Directors in common consent in reply to the inquiry of the acting Chairman.
2021.3.5	Hsu Chen-Kun Lin Chi-Kun Wu Chin-Sung	2. The motion of remuneration to the managers in 2021.	Related to personal interest of the managers	The Directors concerned recused from the session to avoid the conflict of interest. The motion was passed by all other Directors in common consent in reply to the inquiry of the acting Chairman.

C. Board Self-assessment Situation:

 $2020\ Board\ Performance\ Self-assessment\ Implementation\ Situation:$

a. The Assessment Cycle and Period, Assessment Scope, method and Assessment Content of Board of Directors Performance Self-assessment content

Assessment cycle	Assessment period	Assessment scope	Assessment method	Assessment content
Implemented once a year	2020.1.1- 2020.12.31	1. The board as a whole 2. Individual board member 3. Functional Committee	1. Internal self-assessment of board of directors 2. Self-assessment of individual board members 3. Internal self-assessment of Functional Committee	i. Board Performance Self-assessment content i) Degree of participation in company operation ii) Board decision-making quality improvement iii) Board makeup and structure iv) Director appointment and continuing education v) Internal control ii. Individual board member performance evaluation content i) Grasp of company objectives and mission ii) Perception of director duties iii) Degree of participation in company operations iv) Internal relation management and communication v)Director professionalism and continuing education vi) Internal control iii. Functional Committee performance evaluation content i) Degree of participation in company operation ii) Perception of Functional Committee duties iii) Improvement of Functional Committee decision-making quality iv)Functional Committee makeup and member appointment v) Internal control

b. Board Performance Self-assessment Results

- i. The Company board passed the "Board Performance Assessment Guidelines" on January 10, 2019. According to the provisions in the guidelines, a performance assessment is conducted at the end of the year, and the performance self-assessment results were submitted to the board on March 5, 2021.
- ii. Performance self-assessment is presented in five classes. The performance assessment classes are explained below:

Number 1: Extremely poor (strongly disagree); 2: poor (disagree); 3: Medium (average); 4. Good (agree); 5: Excellent (strongly agree).

iii. Assessment results

i) Internal self-assessment of board of directors

Based on the performance assessment content, it is divided into 45 performance assessment items. The average assessment results ranged from 4: Good (agree) to 5: Excellent (strongly agree).

ii) Self-assessment of individual board members

Based on the performance assessment content, it is divided into 23 performance assessment items. The average assessment results ranged from 4: Good (agree) to 5: Excellent (strongly agree).

- iii) Functional Committee (including Audit Committee and Remuneration Committee) Internal Self-assessment Based on the performance assessment content, it is divided into 24 performance assessment items. The average assessment results reached 5: Excellent (strongly agree).
- iv. The Company's "Board Performance Assessment Guidelines" and the 2020 board performance assessment results have been disclosed in the Company's website corporate governance area.
- c. Improvement and Recommendations
- i. The directors should continue to gain a deeper insight into the departmental reports and inspect the management performance of the operational team in order to fully and promptly keep abreast of the Company's operations and various detrimental trends and risks.
- ii. The board member diversification policy needs to be reimplemented (currently no female directors at present or non-R.O.C. directors).
- iii. Plan and train suitable board member candidates to maintain the board decision-making quality, professionalism, and experience heritage.

- D. The objective of enhancing the function of the board of directors and the status of implementation in 2020 and 2021 as of the publication date of the annual report:
 - a. The Company has allotted 5–9 directors according to the corporate charter. In particular, the independent directors shall not be less than three persons, and the overall director seats exceeding 1/5 should be reached. The term of the Company's fourth annual directors expired. On June 5, 2019, at the general shareholders' meeting, the fifth annual directors were selected by candidate nomination according to Article 79 of the Corporate Charter; seven directors (including three independent directors) were appointed in compliance with the appointment procedure of the Company's "Director Election Norms"; announcement operations were implemented in accordance with the provisions in Article 192-1 of the Company Act to ensure stringent, transparent, and open appointment operations.
 - b. The Company's seven directors have no spouse relations or kinship within the second degree to ensure all board members can operate objectively and independently.
 - c. The diversification, competency, and complementariness of company board members

i. Board Member Diversification

ı. Board	Member Di												
		Basic	makeup			l	Industrial experience Professional skills						
Diversification items Name of Directors	Nationality	Gender	Concurrent employee status	40 to 50	51 to 60	Manufacturing and R&D	Business marketing	Management	Asset	Accounting	Finance	Law	Risk management
ANLI INTERNATIONAL LIMITED Representative: Hsu Chen-Kun	Taiwan R.O.C.	Male	V		V	V	V	V	V				V
Lin Chi-Kun	Taiwan R.O.C.	Male	V		V	V	V	V	V				V
KUANGHECO.,LTD. Representative: Wu Chin-Sung	Taiwan R.O.C.	Male	V	V		V	V	V	V				V
Ways Technical Corps. Representative: Kuo Shih-Yi	Taiwan R.O.C.	Male		V				V	V	V	V		V
Chuang Kun-Ming	Taiwan R.O.C.	Male			V			V	V	V	V		V
Chen Yin-Chang	Taiwan R.O.C.	Male		V				V	V			V	V
Yeh Wang-Ming	Taiwan R.O.C.	Male			V			V	V	V	V		V

ii. Competency and complementariness of board members

The Company's board members specialize in various industrial fields (including manufacturing, food, biotechnology, accounting and taxation affairs, legal affairs, etc.), with practical industrial experience, leadership decision-making, operational judgement, financial and accounting analysis, business management, and crisis management capabilities, professional knowledge and literacy during decision-making. Thus, the board members are free of competency concerns and complementariness among members is demonstrated.

- d. The Audit Committee was established in 2011 to implement relevant operations in accordance with Article 14-5 of the Securities Exchange Act. In order to perfect the board functions and strengthen corporate governance mechanisms, all the independent directors served as Audit Committee members, one of which as the convener. Operations have been carried out smoothly since the implementation commenced.
- e. The company established the Remuneration Committee in 2011 with all the independent directors serving as the members of the Committee, and one of them is the convener who possesses independent, objective, and professional expertise to offer suggestions and assist the board of directors in planning and evaluating relevant remuneration policies, systems, standards, and structures, which has been operating smoothly so far.

- f. The Company has set up the "Board Performance Assessment Guidelines" in accordance with Article 37 of the "Corporate Governance Best Practice Principles for Exchange-Listed and OTC-Listed Companies." According to the provisions in the guidelines, a performance assessment for the current year was conducted at the end of the year, which was submitted to the board on March 5, 2021. The 2020 board performance self-assessment implementation situation has been disclosed in the Company's website corporate governance area.
- g. The Company will successively plan board member takeovers when the time deems appropriate in the year to come. Targeting the cultivation of future talents, in addition to strengthening core value propaganda, company management philosophy, and experience sharing and heritage, through professional training, operational management, risk management, financial analysis, and risk management, and other diversification abilities can be developed.
- h. The Company has established the position of spokesman and acting spokesman to enhance information transparency. Designated personnel have also been appointed to perform the function of information collection and disclosure.

(2) The operation of the Auditing Committee

- A. The Company has established the Auditing Committee on November 28, 2011 and all the members are Independent Directors. At the end of the third term of the Committee, the company's board of directors elected three independent directors as the Committee members to serve the fourth term on June 5, 2019. It is for a three-year term of office from June 5, 2019 to June 4, 2022.
- B. There were (A) 10 Audit Committee meetings held in 2020 and 2021 as of the publication date of the annual report. The attendance of the Audit Committee members is as follows:

Title	Name	Attendance in person (B)	Attend through proxy (A)	Attendance rate % (B/A)	Remarks
Independent director	Chuang Kun-Ming	10	0	100%	Assumed office on 2019.6.5 for a second term
Independent director	Chen Yin-Chang	9	1	90%	Assumed office on 2019.6.5 for a second term
Independent director	Yeh Wang-Ming	10	0	100%	Assumed office on 2019.6.5 for a second term

Other notes:

a. If any of the following applies to the operation of the Auditing Committee, specify the session and the date, the content of the motion, the resolution of the committee in session, and the response of the Company to the opinions of the committee members.

i. The particulars inscribed in Article 14-5 of the Securities and Exchange Act.

Board of Directors	Details of the relevant agendas and the subsequent	The particulars inscribed in Article 14-5 of the Securities and Exchange Act.	The matters that are not resolved by the Audit Committee must be resolved with the consent of more than two thirds of the board directors.
2020.1.15 5th Meeting of the 5th Board of Directors	 i) To pass the Company's 2019 CPA Independence Assessment Case. ii) Passed the motion of the appointment of certified public accountants for external audits and certification and remuneration in 2020. iii) To pass the "commissioned self-owned land construction project contract case" of the Company's Antronic Technologies Ltd. (Huzhou). iv) To pass the "subsidiary supervisory management guidelines" partial operation procedure amendment case. v) To pass the "real-estate, plant, and equipment cycle" partial operation procedure of the Company's subsidiary XinLi Precision Metal (Kunshan) Co., Ltd. vi) To pass the "real-estate, plant, and equipment cycle" partial operation procedure amendment case of the Company's subsidiary Kunshan KUANGHE CO., LIMITED. vii) To pass the "real-estate, plant, and equipment cycle" partial operation procedure amendment case of the Company's subsidiary Gtek Technology Co., Ltd. (Chongqing). viii) To pass the "real-estate, plant, and equipment cycle" partial operation procedure revision case of the Company's subsidiary Antronic Technologies Ltd. (Huzhou). ix) To pass the "financing cycle" amendment case of the Company's subsidiary Antronic Technologies Ltd. (Huzhou). x) Passed the motion of the purchase of financial products by the subsidiaries of the Company. 	✓	x
2020.3.23 6 th Meeting of the 5 th Board of Directors	 i) Passed the Business Report and consolidated financial statements of 2019. ii) Passed the "Declaration of Internal Control System" of the Company in 2019. iii) To pass the Company's "company repurchase of shares for transfer to employees operation procedure" amendment case. iv) To pass the Company's "first execution of repurchasing the Company's shares" case. v) To pass the "capital loan to the Company" case of the subsidiary ANLI INTERNATIONAL HOLDINGS LIMITED. vi) To pass the "capital loan to the Company" case of the subsidiary KUANGHE CO., LIMITED. 	✓	x

Board of Directors	Details of the relevant agendas and the subsequent	The particulars inscribed in Article 14-5 of the Securities and Exchange Act.	The matters that are not resolved by the Audit Committee must be resolved with the consent of more than two thirds of the board directors.
2020.5.8 7 th Meeting of the 5 th Board of Directors	 i) Passed the consolidated financial statements of the Company covering 2020 Q1. ii) Passed the budget of the Company in 2020 Q3. iii) The amendment to the "Rules for the Company's First-Time Shares Repurchase and Transfer of Shares to Employees" is hereby proposed for approval. iv) Passed the Company subsidiary's endorsement guarantee quota case pertaining to customs matters. v) The endorsement guarantee made by the company for the credit line applied for by ANLI INTERNATIONAL HOLDINGS LIMITED, the subsidiary, to ChinaTrust Bank is hereby proposed for approval. vi) The endorsement guarantee made by the company for the credit line applied for by ANLI INTERNATIONAL HOLDINGS LIMITED, the subsidiary, to E.Sun Bank is hereby proposed for approval. vii) The endorsement guarantee made by the company for the credit line applied for by KUANGHE CO., LIMITED, the subsidiary, to ChinaTrust Bank is hereby proposed for approval. viii) The endorsement guarantee made by the company for the credit line applied for by KUANGHE CO., LIMITED, the subsidiary, to E.Sun Bank is hereby proposed for approval. 	√	×
2020.7.24 8 th Meeting of the 5 th Board of Directors	 The amendments to the company's "Procedures for Treasury Shares Repurchase" are hereby proposed for approval. Passed the partial amendment to the "Procedures for Loaning funds to others" of the Company. Passed the partial amendment to the "Procedures for Loaning funds to others" of the Company's subsidiary Anli Hong Kong. Passed the partial amendment to the "Procedures for Loaning funds to others" of the Company's subsidiary Kuanghe Hong Kong. Passed the partial amendment to the "Procedure for the Acquisition or Disposition of Assets" of the Company's subsidiary Anli Hong Kong. Passed the partial amendment to the "Procedure for the Acquisition or Disposition of Assets" of the Company's subsidiary Kuanghe Hong Kong. Passed the partial amendment to the "Procedure for the Acquisition or Disposition of Assets" of the Company's subsidiary XinLi Precision Metal (Kunshan) Co., Ltd Passed the partial amendment to the "Procedure for the Acquisition or Disposition of Assets" of the Company's subsidiary Kuanghe Electronic Technology (Kunshan) Co., Ltd The loaning of funds made by Kunshan Shinli, a subsidiary of the company, to Chongqing Juhao is hereby proposed for approval. 	✓	×

Board of Directors	Details of the relevant agendas and the subsequent	The particulars inscribed in Article 14-5 of the Securities and Exchange Act.	The matters that are not resolved by the Audit Committee must be resolved with the consent of more than two thirds of the board directors.
	i) Passed the consolidated financial statements of the Company covering 2020 Q2.		
	ii) Passed the budget of the Company in 2020 Q4.		
	iii) To pass the "factory construction project contract case" of the Company's Antronic Technologies Ltd. (Huzhou).		
	iv) To pass the Company's "Investment Cycle" partial amendment case.		
	v) Passed the partial amendment to the "Investment Cycle" of the Company's subsidiary XinLi Precision Metal (Kunshan) Co., Ltd		
2020.8.6	vi) Passed the partial amendment to the "Investment Cycle" of the Company's subsidiary Kuanghe Electronic Technology (Kunshan) Co., Ltd		
9 th Meeting of the 5 th Board of Directors	vii) Passed the partial amendment to the "Investment Cycle" of the Company's subsidiary Gtek Technology Co., Ltd. (Chongqing).	✓	x
	viii) Passed the partial amendment to the "Procedures for Loaning funds to others" of the Company's subsidiary XinLi Precision Metal (Kunshan) Co., Ltd		
	ix) Passed the partial amendment to the "Procedures for Loaning funds to others" of the Company's subsidiary Kuanghe Electronic Technology (Kunshan) Co., Ltd		
	x) Passed the partial amendment to the "Procedures for Loaning funds to others" of the Company's subsidiary Gtek Technology Co., Ltd. (Chongqing).		
	xi) Passed the partial amendment to the "Procedures for Loaning funds to others" of the Company's subsidiary Antronic Technologies Ltd. (Huzhou).		
2020.8.31	i) To pass the "factory construction project contract case" of the Company's Antronic Technologies Ltd. (Huzhou).		
10 th Meeting of the 5 th Board of Directors	ii) Passed the "Company's First Domestic Unsecured Corporate Bond Collection	✓	×
	i) Passed the consolidated financial statements of the Company covering 2020 Q3.		
	ii) Passed the budget of the Company in 2021 Q1.		
2020.11.3 11 th Meeting of the 5 th	iii) To pass the Company and its subsidiaries' 2020 audit project case.	✓	×
Board of Directors	iv) Passed the partial amendment to the "Investment Cycle" of the Company's subsidiary Anli Hong Kong.		
	v) Passed the partial amendment to the "Investment Cycle" of the Company's subsidiary Kuanghe Hong Kong.		
	vi) Passed the "Investment Cycle" of the Company's subsidiary		

Board of Directors	Details of the relevant agendas and the subsequent	The particulars inscribed in Article 14-5 of the Securities and Exchange Act.	The matters that are not resolved by the Audit Committee must be resolved with the consent of more than two thirds of the board directors.
	Antronic Technologies Ltd. (Huzhou).		
	vii) Passed the partial amendment to the "Payroll cycle" of the Company's subsidiary XinLi Precision Metal (Kunshan) Co., Ltd		
	viii) Passed the partial amendment to the "Payroll cycle" of the Company's subsidiary Kuanghe Electronic Technology (Kunshan) Co., Ltd		
	ix) Passed the partial amendment to the "Payroll cycle" of the Company's subsidiary Gtek Technology Co., Ltd. (Chongqing).		
	x) Passed the partial amendment to the "Procedure for the Acquisition or Disposition of Assets" of the Company's subsidiary Gtek Technology Co., Ltd. (Chongqing).		
	xi) Passed the partial amendment to the "Procedure for the Acquisition or Disposition of Assets" of the Company's subsidiary Antronic Technologies Ltd. (Huzhou).		
	xii) The capital increase in Hong Kong Anli, a subsidiary of the company, is hereby proposed for approval.		
	xiii) The capital increase in Hong Kong Kuanghe, a subsidiary of the company, is hereby proposed for approval.		
	xiv) The capital investment in Huzhou Anli, a subsidiary of the company, is hereby proposed for approval.		
	xv) The loaning of funds made by Hong Kong Anli, a subsidiary of the company, to Huzhou Anli is hereby proposed for approval.		
	xvi) The loaning of funds made by Hong Kong Kuanghe, a subsidiary of the company, to Huzhou Anli is hereby proposed for approval.		
	i) Passed the Business Plan in 2021.		
	ii) To pass the Company's 2020 CPA Independence Assessment Case.		
2021.1.13	iii) To pass the Company's "Investment Cycle" partial amendment case.		
12 th Meeting of the 5 th Board of Directors	iv) To pass the Company's "Integrity Operation Procedures and Conduct Guidelines" partial amendment case.	✓	×
	v) The amendments to the "Approval Authority List" of the company and its subsidiaries are hereby proposed for approval.		
	vi) The company's and its subsidiary's overdue accounts receivable without disguised loaning of funds are hereby proposed for approval.		
2021.3.5 13 th Meeting of the 5 th Board of Directors	Passed the motion of the appointment of certified public accountants for external audits and certification and remuneration in 2021.	√	×

Board of Directors	Details of the relevant agendas and the subsequent	The particulars inscribed in Article 14-5 of the Securities and Exchange Act.	The matters that are not resolved by the Audit Committee must be resolved with the consent of more than two thirds of the board directors.
	ii) Passed the Business Report and consolidated financial statements of 2020.		
	iii) Passed the motion for distribution of earnings in 2020.		
	iv) Passed the budget of the Company in 2021 Q2.		
	v) Passed the "Declaration of Internal Control System" of the Company in 2020.		
	vi) Passed the partial amendment to the "Production Cycle" of the Company's subsidiary XinLi Precision Metal (Kunshan) Co., Ltd		
	vii) Passed the partial amendment to the "Production Cycle" of the Company's subsidiary Kuanghe Electronic Technology (Kunshan) Co., Ltd		
	viii) Passed the partial amendment to the "Production Cycle" of the Company's subsidiary Gtek Technology Co., Ltd. (Chongqing).		
	ix)Passed the partial amendment to the "R&D Cycle" of the Company's subsidiary XinLi Precision Metal (Kunshan) Co., Ltd		
	x) Passed the partial amendment to the "R&D Cycle" of the Company's subsidiary Kuanghe Electronic Technology (Kunshan) Co., Ltd		
	xi)Passed the partial amendment to the "R&D Cycle" of the Company's subsidiary Gtek Technology Co., Ltd. (Chongqing).		
	xii) To pass the "R&D Cycle" amendment case of the Company's subsidiary Antronic Technologies Ltd. (Huzhou).		
	xiii) To pass the "Payroll cycle" amendment case of the Company's subsidiary Antronic Technologies Ltd. (Huzhou).		
	xiv) To pass the "Purchase and Payment Cycle" amendment case of the Company's subsidiary Antronic Technologies Ltd. (Huzhou).		
	xv)To pass the Company's "internal audit implementation rules" amendment case.		
	xvi) The amendments to the "Internal Audit Enforcement Rules" of Hong Kong Anli, a subsidiary of the company, are hereby proposed for approval.		
	xvii) The amendments to the "Internal Audit Enforcement Rules" of Hong Kong Kuanghe, a subsidiary of the company, are hereby proposed for approval.		
	xviii)The amendments to the "Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports" of the company are hereby proposed for approval.		
	xix) Passed the Implementation status of "Company's First		

Board of Directors	Details of the relevant agendas and the subsequent	The particulars inscribed in Article 14-5 of the Securities and Exchange Act.	The matters that are not resolved by the Audit Committee must be resolved with the consent of more than two thirds of the board directors.
	Domestic Unsecured Corporate Bond Collection		
2021.4.15 14 th Meeting of the 5 th Board of Directors	 i) Passed the partial amendment to the "Shareholders Meeting Procedure" of the Company. ii) To pass the "computerized information processing system Cycle" amendment case of the Company's subsidiary Antronic Technologies Ltd. (Huzhou). iii) To pass the "Sale and receipt cycle" amendment case of the Company's subsidiary Antronic Technologies Ltd. (Huzhou). 	√	×

- ii. In addition to the abovementioned items, other resolutions not passed by the Audit Committee and with the consent of more than 2/3 of all the directors:
- The Company has no resolution not passed by the Audit Committee and with the consent of more than 2/3 of all the directors.
- b. The recusal of the Independent Directors to avoid the conflict of interests, specifying the names of the Independent Directors, the content of the motions, the reason for recusal, and the participation in voting: None.
- c. The main tasks of the company's Audit Committee in 2020 and as of the publication date of the annual report is summarized as follows:
 - i. Company annual operational plan discussion and review
 - ii. Company annual operational report review
 - iii. Annual consolidated financial statement review for the first, second, and third quarter.
 - iv. Discuss and review internal audit business reports and annual audit plans.
 - v. Discuss and review the enactment or amendment of the internal control system and related rules, and appraise the effectiveness of the internal control system.
 - vi. Discussion and review of "acquisition or disposal of assets, capital loan to others, endorsement for others, or guarantee provision operation procedure revision or amendment."
 - vii. Discussion and review of "major assets or derivative commodity transactions, capital loan, endorsement, or provision of guarantee resolution."
- viii. Appointment, remuneration review, and assessment of independence and competence of the certified public accountants.
- ix. Discussion and review of other major matters provisioned by other companies or competent authorities.
- x. Communicate regularly or occasionally with the audit officer and the certified public accountants.

- d. The communication between the Auditing Committee (Independent Directors) and the Chief Internal Auditor and the certified public accountants (including the communications related to the financial position and state of operation of the Company, in materiality, the means of communications, and the result):
 - i. The communication between the Audit Committee (independent directors) and the internal audit officer
 - i) The Audit Committee of the company shall, in addition to reviewing the internal audit report on a monthly basis, convene a meeting at least once a quarter to communicate with the internal audit office regarding the audit operation performed by the internal audit unit, and may hold an extraordinary meeting at any time as needed, or communicate via e-mail, telephone, or video conference.
 - ii)The communication methods, matters, and results have been disclosed in the corporate governance section of the company's website as detailed in the following list in 2020 and as of the printing date of the annual report:

Date / Method	Communication matters	Communicate results
2020/1/15 Audit Committee	a) Audit Report in October-November 2019.b)Discussion on the addition and revision of the internal control system	It is approved unanimously by all participants after a lengthy explanation and discussion.
2020/3/23 Audit Committee	a) The 2019Q4 Internal Audit Reportb)Discussion on revision of the 2019 "internal control system"c)Discussion on revision of the internal control system	It is approved unanimously by all participants after a lengthy explanation and discussion.
2020/5/8 Audit Committee	a) Follow up on the improvement of the Group's internal control operating procedures and form standardization.b) Audit Report in 2020 Q1.	It is approved unanimously by all participants after a lengthy explanation and discussion.
2020/7/24 Audit Committee	a) Audit Report in April-May 2020.b)Discussion on revision of the internal control system	It is approved unanimously by all participants after a lengthy explanation and discussion.
2020/8/6 Audit Committee	a) Audit Report in 2020 Q2.b)Discussion on revision of the internal control system	It is approved unanimously by all participants after a lengthy explanation and discussion.
2020/11/3 Audit Committee	 a) Follow up on the improvement of the Group's internal control operating procedures and form standardization. b) Audit Report in 2020 Q3. c) Discussion on the 2021 Audit Plan d) Discussion on the addition and revision of the internal control system 	It is approved unanimously by all participants after a lengthy explanation and discussion.
2021/1/13 Audit Committee	a) Audit Report in October-November 2020.b)Discussion on revision of the internal control system	It is approved unanimously by all participants after a lengthy explanation and discussion.
2021/3/5 Audit Committee	a) Audit Report in 2020 Q4.b)Discussion on the 2020 "Declaration of Internal Control System"c)Discussion on revision of the internal control system	It is approved unanimously by all participants after a lengthy explanation and discussion.

Date / Method	Communication matters	Communicate results
2021/4/15 Audit Committee		It is approved unanimously by all participants after a lengthy explanation and discussion.

- ii. Communication between Audit Committee (Independent Directors) and Certified Public Accountants
 - i) The company has commissioned CPA Chao-Hsien Chiu and CPA Chin-Chang Chen of PwC Taiwan as the attestation CPAs for the company's financial report.
 - ii) The company's attestation CPAs when reviewing (checking) the company's quarterly (annual) financial reports should explain the reasonableness and accuracy of the financial status and financial performance, the adequacy of presentation and entries adjustment, amendments to IFRSs bulletins, amendments to law and regulations, etc., to the Audit Committee (independent directors) at least once a quarter before the Audit Committee reviews the company's consolidated financial statements. Also, they should communicate and explain the key review matters of the company to the independent directors with a consensus reached every year. A meeting can be convened at any time upon the occurrence of a major abnormal event.
 - iii) The communication methods, communication matters, and communication results have been disclosed in the corporate governance section of the company's website as detailed in the following list in 2019 and as of the printing date of the annual report:

Date / Method	Communication matters	Communicate results
2020/3/23 Pre-meeting of the Audit Committee	a) Explanation and communication of the 2019 consolidated financial statement review report b) Explanation and communication of key review items (inventory evaluation and the occurrence of significant changes in the counterparty's income) c) Explanation and communication of major adjusted entries d) Explanation and communication of the preparation of financial reports by the company e) Discussion of the CPAs on the issues raised by the Audit Committee	It is approved unanimously by all participants
2020/5/8 Pre-meeting of the Audit Committee	a) Explanation and communication of the 2020 Q1 consolidated financial statement review report b) Explanation and communication of major adjusted entries c) Explanation and communication on the independence of the attestation CPAs d) Discussion of the CPAs on the issues raised by the Audit Committee	It is approved unanimously by all participants
2020/8/6 Pre-meeting of the Audit Committee	a) Explanation and communication of the 2020 Q2 consolidated financial statement review report b) Explanation and communication of major adjusted entries c) Explanation and communication on the independence of the attestation CPAs d) Explanation and communication of relevant regulations of the "Economic Substance Act" e) Explanation and communication of the preparation of financial reports by the company f) Discussion of the CPAs on the issues raised by the Audit Committee	It is approved unanimously by all participants

2020/11/3 Pre-meeting of the Audit Committee	 a) Explanation and communication of the 2020 Q3 consolidated financial statement review report b) Explanation and communication of major adjusted entries c) Explanation and communication on the independence of the attestation CPAs d) ESG related explanation and communication e) Explanation and communication of the preparation of financial reports by the company f) Discussion of the CPAs on the issues raised by the Audit Committee 	It is approved unanimously by all participants
2021/3/5 Pre-meeting of the Audit Committee	 a) Explanation and communication of the 2020 consolidated financial statement review report b) Explanation and communication of key review items (inventory evaluation and the occurrence of significant changes in the counterparty's income) c) Explanation and communication of major adjusted entries d) Explanation and communication on the independence of the attestation CPAs e) Explanation and communication of the preparation of financial reports by the company f) Discussion of the CPAs on the issues raised by the Audit Committee 	It is approved unanimously by all participants

(3) How The Company's actual governance differs from The Corporate Governance Best-Practice Principles for TSEC/GTSM Listed Companies and why

			Exclusion to the Corporate	
Items for evaluation	Yes	No	Summary	Governance Best Practice Principles for TWSE/TPEx- listed Companies, and the reasons
A. Will the Company based on the "Corporate Governance Best-Practice Principles for TWSE/GTSM Listed Companies" set up and disclose the Company's corporate governance best-practice principles?	√		The Company has instituted the "Corporate Governance Best Practice Principles" in accordance with the Corporate Governance Best Practice Principles for TWSE/TPEx-listed Companies, and has disclosed related information at the official website of the Company and MOPS.	No significant difference
B. Shareholding structure and shareholders' equity a. Will the Company have the internal procedures regulated to handle shareholders' proposals, doubts, disputes, and litigation matters; also, have the procedures implemented accordingly?.	√		a. The Company has commissioned a professional share registration and investor services institution for handling share registration and investor services, and has established the spokesman system. The spokesman (or acting spokesman) of the Company will accept and respond to the suggestions, queries, and related matters of the shareholders.	
b. Will the Company possess the list of the Company's major shareholders and the list of the ultimate controllers of the major shareholders?	√		b. The Company has declared the state of shareholding by insiders (Directors, Supervisors, Managers, and dominant shareholders holding more than 10% of the outstanding shares) monthly as required, and keeps abreast of the information on the list of dominant shareholders of the Company and the eventual dominant parties behind these dominant shareholders through the share registration and investor services agent.	
c. Will the Company establish and implement the risk control and firewall mechanisms with the related parties?	✓		c. The Company has instituted the "Regulations Governing the Transactions with Related Parties, Designated Companies, and Group Enterprises" and the "Regulations Governing the Supervision of Subsidiaries". The monitoring and control of subsidiaries by the Company has been made in compliance with the applicable rules and regulations, and the transactions with affiliates are also conducted in compliance with applicable legal rules governing transactions for the proper implementation of risk control and a firewall mechanism.	No significant variation
d. Will the Company set up internal norms to prohibit insiders from utilizing the undisclosed information to trade securities?	√		d. The Company has instituted the "Procedure for Handling Internal Information in Materiality" and "Regulations for the Prevention of Insider Transactions", and has educated insiders with the "Applicable Laws Governing Insider Transactions and Important Guidelines" to prohibit insiders of the Company from using undisclosed information for trading securities.	

			Exclusion to the Corporate	
Items for evaluation	Yes	No	Summary	Governance Best Practice Principles for TWSE/TPEx- listed Companies, and the reasons
C. The organization of the Board and their duties a. Has the Board mapped out related policies on the basis of the diversity of its members, and has it pursued these policies properly?	✓		a. According to the "Corporate Governance Best Practice Principles," the members of the Board shall be qualified with the necessary knowledge, skills, and ethics in order to achieve the ideal goal of corporate governance. The Company has mapped out appropriate and diversified policies in line with the mode of operation and development needs. Currently, there are 7 seats of Directors (including 3 seats of Independent Directors) on the Board. These Directors are well-trained and experienced in corporate decision-making, the practice of corporate management, finance and accounting, and laws further to their understanding and the professional knowledge and skills in marketing. Information on related parties as detailed in page 26 of the annual report.	No significant variation
b. Further to the establishment of the Remuneration Committee and the Auditing Committee as required by law, has the Company voluntarily established related functional committees?	√		b. The Company has established the Auditing Committee and the Remuneration Committee in compliance with applicable legal rules of the competent authority, and will establish various functional committees in the future where necessary.	
c. Has the Company set up board performance assessment guidelines and assessment methods to periodically conduct annual performance assessments, submit performance assessment results to the board, and use them as references for individual director remuneration and nomination for a second term in office?	*		c. The Company has set up the Board Performance Assessment Guidelines and performance assessment methods. According to the provisions, performance assessment is periodically conducted every year and is submitted to the board in advance in the first quarter of the following year. The Company submitted the 2020 board performance assessment report to the board on March 5, 2021, which shall serve as a reference for nominating succeeding annual directors and nomination for a second term in office. See the report (Page 24) for the board performance appraisal implementation situation.	

			Exclusion to the Corporate			
Items for evaluation	Yes	No	Summary	7		Governance Best Practice Principles for TWSE/TPEx- listed Companies, and the reasons
d. Has the Company conducted routine evaluation of the independence of the certified public accountants who conducted the external audits and certification?	√		d. The Company shall periodically (at least and competency of CPAs hired in accord "Code of Practice for Exchange-Listed at assessment on the independence of CPAs relevant departments. No events affecting CPAs also supplied a declaration of inder Committee and the board reviewed, discu CPAs Chiu Chao-Hsien and Chen Chin-Cindependence assessment standards to set January 13, 2021. The independence assessment as shown in the table below:	lance with the and OTC-Listed was conducted independence to the conducted and app. Chang of PwC rve as the Con	provisions in the d Companies." An ed by the Company's e were found, and the e Company. The Audit roved the eligibility of Taiwan who meet the pany's CPAs on	
			Items for evaluation	Assessment results	Meet independence standards:	
			i. Are there major and indirect financial interests between the CPA and the Company?	No	Yes	
			ii. Are there financing or guarantee conducts between the CPA and the Company or company directors?	No	Yes	
			iii. Are there close business relations and potential employment relations between the CPA and the Company?	No	Yes	
			iv. Have the CPA and the audit team member recently (or in the recent two years) served as directors, managers, or positions exerting major influence on audit work?	No	Yes	
			v. Does the CPA provide non-audit services that may directly affect audit work to the Company?	No	Yes	
			vi. Does the CPA have possession of stocks or other securities issued by the Company?	No	Yes	
			vii.Does the CPA serve as the Company's defender or represent the Company in coordinating conflicts with a third party?	No	Yes	
			viii. Does the CPA have kinship with the Company's directors, managers, or staff exerting a major influence on audit cases?	No	Yes	

			Implementation Status	Exclusion to the Corporate
Items for evaluation	Yes	No	Summary	Governance Best Practice Principles for TWSE/TPEx- listed Companies, and the reasons
D. Has the Company allocated an appropriate number of competent corporate governance staff members, has it designated a corporate governance supervisor responsible for corporate governance related matters (including but not limited to information required by directors and supervisors for business operations), matters at board and shareholders' meetings conducted in accordance with the law, production of board and shareholders' meeting proceedings, etc.?		√	The Office of the President is an adjunct body of the Company in the pursuit of corporate governance and is responsible for matters pertinent to corporate governance. Arrangement of the sessions of the Board and Shareholders Meeting, compilation of the minutes of meetings on record for the Board and the Shareholders Meeting, supplying the information and materials for the Directors in performing their duties, organization of continuing education and training programs for the Directors. The Company shall promptly allocate corporate governance full-time staff in the following future depending on the Company scale and in cooperation with the needs of competent authorities to promote corporate governance related matters. A corporate governance supervisor will be designated to strengthen the performance of corporate governance.	The Company's actual capital has not recached NT\$2 billion; hence, a corporate governance supervisor is not yet allocated.
E. Has the Company established a communication channel with the stakeholders (including but not limited to the shareholders, employees, customers, and suppliers), set up a stakeholder section on the Company's website, and responded appropriately to the important corporate social responsibilities concerned by the stakeholders?	1		The Company has established the spokesman system, installed an official website, and has designated a special section for the stakeholders and investors. Designated personnel have been appointed to administer the special section providing information on the financial position, business outlook and corporate governance of the Company for the reference of the shareholders and related parties. Stakeholders and investors may use the means suggested on the web pages of the official website for communication with the Company. The Company will properly respond to the issues of their concerns, including the issue of corporate social responsibility.	No significant variation
F. Has the Company commissioned a professional stock service agent to handle shareholders affairs?	✓		The Company has commissioned First Securities for handling matters related to the Shareholders Meeting by its Share Registration Department.	No significant variation
 G. Disclosures a. Has the Company installed an official website for the disclosure of information on finance, operation, and corporate governance? b. Has the Company adopted other means in the disclosure of its information (such as the installation of a website in English language, appointment of designated personnel in the collection and disclosure of information on the Company, proper implementation of the spokesman system, and conference of institutional investors and placed the footage on the official website of the Company)? 	√		 a. The Company has installed an official website for the disclosure of its information, and has declared relevant information on the financial position, operation, and corporate governance at MOPS in compliance with the requirements of the competent authority. b. The Company has established the positions of spokesman and acting spokesman, and has installed an official website with the appointment of designated personnel in the collection and disclosure of information on the Company, proper implementation of the spokesman system, and conference of institutional investors and placed the footage on the official website of the Company for the reference of the shareholders and the public. 	No significant variation

	Implementation Status			Exclusion to the Corporate
Items for evaluation	Yes	No	Summary The approximant and declaration of the Commons's financial statements for	Governance Best Practice Principles for TWSE/TPEx- listed Companies, and the reasons
c. Were the Company's announcement and declaration of the annual financial statement within two months after the end of the accounting year, and were the announcement and declaration of the financial statements for the first, second, and third quarter in advance and the situations of the operational plans for different months within the provisioned dates?		>	 c. The announcement and declaration of the Company's financial statements for the first, second, and third quarter and the situations of the operational plans are in accordance with the regulations. The announcements and declarations were completed within the provisioned dates. The Company shall urge the relevant departments to improve operational efficiency and coordinate and cooperate with the financial statement checking (approval) CPAs, with the announcement and declaration of financial and business information in advance as the future goal. 	
H. Are there any other important information (including but not limited to the interests of employees, employee care, investor relations, supplier relations, the rights of stakeholders, the advanced study of directors and supervisors, the implementation of risk management policies and risk measurement standards, the execution of customer policy, the purchase of liability insurance for the Company's directors and supervisors) that are helpful in understanding the corporate governance operation of the Company?			 a. Employee rights: The Company seeks to protect the legitimate rights of the employees under law, and has instituted the rules and regulations governing personnel administration to protect the rights of the employees. Except for the provision of pension according to law, labor insurance and health insurance, the Company has also provided group insurance for the employees to improve the protection of the employees. In addition, the Company also provides sufficient training for the employees and has the channels for the employees to reflect their opinions in their entirety. The Company has established a mutual trust relation with the employees. b. Employee care: further to the requirements of the government in the protection of employees, the Company has also subsidized the employees for routine health inspection, and also the policies for the employees on occasions of matrimony, bereavement, and other celebrations. Banquets, birthday parties, and employee pleasure traveling have also been held at appropriate times to provide recreation for the employees, physically and psychologically. c. Investor relation: The Company has established the positions of spokesman and acting spokesman as the window for the dissemination of Company news and response to the questions of the investors. In addition, the Company has also declared and announced relevant information on the financial position, operation, and state of corporate governance at MOPS in compliance with the requirements of the competent authority. d. Supplier relation: The Company upholds the principle of honesty and sincerity in the conduct of business on the basis of corporate governance and insists on transparency in the operation. All subsidiaries of the group have maintained mutual trust with the suppliers in the spirit of mutual benefit and are in positive relations for common growth and development where all sides 	No significant variation

			Implementation Status	Exclusion to the Corporate
Items for evaluation	Yes	No	Summary	Governance Best Practice Principles for TWSE/TPEx- listed Companies, and the reasons
			e. Stakeholder rights: The Company has established the spokesman system with accountability to stakeholders, like the customers, employees, shareholders, and suppliers, in setting up channels for communications and respecting their legitimate rights. f. Continuing education of the Directors: The Directors, Independent Directors of the Company have engaged in continuing education as required by law and made announcements as required by law. Refer to the "Details of Advanced Studies of Directors" for details on the refresher course. g. The pursuit of risk management policy and risk assessment standard: The Company has instituted the internal control system and related management regulations, and implements these regulations as required by law for the reduction and prevention of possible risks. The pursuit of risk management of the Company is exhibited from page 118 to page 121of this report. h. The pursuit of customer policy: The subsidiaries of the Company have maintained positive relations with the customers, and have established designated departments to respond to the complaints and related matters of the customers to protect the rights of the customers. i. The situation of liability insurance purchase for directors: The Company has purchased liability insurance for the directors and major staff, which was submitted to the board on January 13, 2021 and declaration uploading was completed according to the provision.	

I. Explain the improvement situation based on the corporate governance assessment results for the current year released by the Taiwan Stock Exchange Corporate Governance Center and propose prioritized items for strengthening and measures if not yet improved.

According to the 7th (2020) corporate governance evaluation results and the company's internal self-evaluation, the improvement of company information transparency and the disclosure of corporate governance information must be filed and announced in accordance with the regulations of the competent authority; also, they must be disclosed in the company's annual report and on the company's website.

For the structural enhancement of the board of directors, the substantiation of corporate social responsibility, and other matters that have not yet reached the corporate governance evaluation indicators, an implementation plan is formed and is to be executed gradually year after year to achieve the corporate governance indicators in order to respond to the company's future development and protect the rights and interests of the investors.

Table of Continuing Education of the Directors

Title	Name	Training date	Organizer	Course name	Training hours	Total continuing education hours of the year	
Corporate Director		2020/07/24	Corporate Governance	Business operation and crisis management	3		
representative	Hsu Chen-Kun	2020/08/06	Association in Taiwan	Information security governance trends and challenges	3	6	
Corporate Director		2020/07/24	Corporate Governance	Business operation and crisis management	3		
representative	Wu Chin-Sung	2020/08/06	Association in Taiwan	Information security governance trends and challenges	3	6	
		2020/07/24	Corporate Governance	Business operation and crisis management	3		
Director	Lin Chi-Kun	2020/08/06	Association in Taiwan	Information security governance trends and challenges	6		
Corporate Director		2020/07/24	Corporate Governance	Business operation and crisis management	3		
representative	Kuo Shih-Yi	2020/08/06	Association in Taiwan	Information security governance trends and challenges	3	6	
Independent		2020/07/24	Corporate Governance	Business operation and crisis management	3		
director	Yeh Wang-Ming	2020/08/06	Association in Taiwan	Information security governance trends and challenges	3	6	
Independent		2020/07/24	Corporate Governance	Business operation and crisis management	3		
Independent director	Chen Yin-Chang	2020/08/06	Association in Taiwan	Information security governance trends and challenges	3	6	
Independent		2020/07/24	Corporate Governance	Business operation and crisis management	3		
director	Chuang Kun-Ming	2020/08/06	Association in Taiwan	Information security governance trends and challenges	6		

(4) The composition and operation of the Remuneration Committee

A. Information on the members of the Remuneration Committee

Information on the members of the Remuneration Committee

	Condition		an 5 years of expo g professional qua	Status of independence (note))			
By identity	Name	Lecturer (or above) of commerce, law, finance, accounting, or any subjects relevant to the company's operations in a public or private tertiary institution	Passed the qualification examination with proper licensing by the national Government Apparatus as court judge, prosecutor, lawyers, certified public accountant or other professional designations required by the business of the Company	Required Work experience in commerce, law, finance, accounting or others required by the company	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	Number of public companies where the members of the Remuneration Committee are also the members of the remuneration committees of these companies	Remarks
Independent director	Chuang Kun-Ming		✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	1	
Independent director	Chen Yin-Chang		√	✓	√	✓	✓	√	✓	✓	~	√	✓	✓	0	
Independent director	Yeh Wang-Ming			✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	0	

Note: Put a "\sqrt{"}" sign in the appropriate block below if the members meet the following condition in the period of 2 years before assumption of office and within their term of office.

- a. Not an employee of the Company or its affiliates.
- b. Directors and supervisors not affiliated with the Company or is conglomerates (not limited to concurrent independent directors designated by the Company, parent company, subsidiary, or subsidiary under the same parent company by the local regulations).
- c. Does not hold more than 1% of the company's outstanding shares in his/her own name or under the name of spouse, underage children, or any other person; nor is any party listed herein one of the ten largest natural person shareholders of the company.
- d. Not managers listed in (1) or spouses, within second-degree relatives or within third-degree immediate relatives listed in (2), (3).
- e. No direct holding of more than 5% of shares issued by the Company, not ranking top five in shareholdings, and not representatives appointed in Paragraph 1 and 2 of Article 27 of the Company Act serving as corporate shareholder directors, supervisors, or employed persons, (not limited to concurrent independent directors designated by the Company, parent company, subsidiary, or subsidiary under the same parent company by the local regulations).
- f. Directors, supervisors, or employed persons of other companies not exceeding half of the Company's director seats or shares with voting rights controlled by the same person (not limited to concurrent independent directors designated by the Company, parent company, subsidiary, or subsidiary under the same parent company by the local regulations).
- g. Not the same person as the Company's chairman, general manager (or equivalent position); not the spouse's company or institution board of directors (directors), supervisors (members of the board of supervisors), or employed persons (not limited to concurrent independent directors designed by the Company, parent company, subsidiary, or subsidiary under the same parent company by the local regulations).
- h. Board of directors (directors), supervisors (members of the board of supervisors), managers, or shareholders with more than 5% shareholding of specific companies or institutions without financial or business dealings with the Company (not limited to specific companies or institutions with more than 20% but not exceeding 50% of shares issued by the Company and concurrent independent directors designated by local regulations of the Company and its parent company and subsidiary company or subsidiaries under the same parent company).
- i. Professionals engaged in commercial, legal, financial, accounting, and other related services whose audits are not provided by the Company or its conglomerates or whose cumulative rewards in the recent two years have not exceeded NT\$500,000, sole proprietors, company or institution owners, partners, directors (board of directors), supervisors (members of the board of supervisors), managers, and their spouses. (not limited to the members of the Remuneration Committee, Public Takeover Review Committee, or Mergers and Acquisition Special Committee performing their duties in accordance with the Securities Exchanges Act or the Business Mergers and Acquisitions Act)
- j. Not under any of the categories stated in Article 30 of the Company Act.

B. The operation of the Remuneration Committee

- a. The company established a Remuneration Committee in 2011 with three independent directors serving as the Committee members in order to improve the efficiency of corporate governance operations and improve the company's remuneration system for directors and managers. The Remuneration Committee members shall truthfully perform the following duties in good faith: (1) Formulate and regularly review the policies, systems, standards, and structure of the performance appraisal and remuneration for directors and managers; (2) Regularly appraise and formulate the remuneration of directors and managers, be accountable to the board of directors, and present the suggestions to the board of directors for discussion.
- b. This year's members' term in office:
 - i. This year's members' term in office: June 5, 2019 to June 4, 2022.
 - ii. There were (A) 7 Remuneration Committee meetings held in 2020 and as of the publication date of the annual report. The attendance of the Remuneration Committee members is as follows:

Title	Name	Actual number of attendance (B)	Attend through proxy (A)	Attendance rate (%) (B/A)	Remarks
Convener	Yeh Wang-Ming	7	0	100%	Assumed office on 2019.6.5 for a second term
Committee	Chuang Kun-Ming	7	0	100%	Assumed office on 2019.6.5 for a second term
Committee	Chen Yin-Chang	7	0	100%	Assumed office on 2019.6.5 for a second term

i) Resolutions of the Remuneration Committee in 2020 to the date this report was printed and the state of execution.

Remuneration Committee	Agenda	Status of implementation:
2020.1.15 3 rd Meeting of the 4 th Remuneration Committee	a) Passed the motion of year-end bonus for the managers of the Company in 2019.	The proposal was discussed and passed, and then presented to the board of directors for resolution, which was issued on January 20, 2020.
2020.3.23 4 th Meeting of the 4 th Remuneration Committee	a) Passed the motion of remuneration to the managers of the Company in 2020.	The proposal was discussed and passed, and then presented to the board of directors for resolution, which was implemented on April 1, 2020.
2020.7.24 5 th Meeting of the 4 th Board of Directors	a) Passed the motion of the remuneration to the Directors of the Company in 2019.b) Passed the motion of remuneration to managers of the Company in 2019.	The proposal was discussed and passed, and then presented to the board of directors for resolution, which was implemented on August 28, 2020.
2020.8.6 6 th Meeting of the 4 th Remuneration Committee	a) The amendments to the "Rules Governing Remuneration Payment to Directors, Functional Committee Members, and Managers" of the company are hereby proposed for approval.	The proposal was discussed and passed, and then presented to the board of directors for resolutions.
2020.11.3 7 th Meeting of the 4 th Board of Directors	a) Approved the proposal of the company's first-time shares repurchase and transfer of shares to employees.	The proposal was discussed and passed, and then presented to the board of directors for resolution, which was paid in full on December 7, 2020.
2021.1.13 8 th Meeting of the 4 th Board of Directors	a) Passed the motion of year-end bonus for the managers of the Company in 2020.	The proposal was discussed and passed, and then presented to the board of directors for resolution, which was issued on February 5, 2021.
2021.3.5 9 th Meeting of the 4 th Board of Directors	a) Passed the motion of appropriation of remuneration to the employees and the Directors of the Company in 2020.b) Passed the motion of remuneration to the managers of the Company in 2021.	The proposal was discussed and passed, and then presented to the board of directors for resolution, which was implemented on April 1, 2021.

ii)Other notes:

- a) If the Board declined to accept or revised the recommendations of the Remuneration Committee, specify the date and the session, the content of the motions, the resolution of the Board, and the response to the opinions of the Remuneration Committee (such as if the resolution of the Board on the remuneration is at a higher level than the recommendation of the committee, specify the difference and the reasons for the difference): None.
- b)If there is any member of the Remuneration Committee who holds adverse or qualified opinions on the resolutions of the committee on record or in written declaration, specify the date and session, the content of the motion, the opinions of all members, and response to the opinions of the members: None.

(5) The situation of social responsibility fulfillment, differences in Exchange-Listed and OTC-Listed Companies' Code of Practice for Corporate Social Responsibility, and the reasons.

Items for evaluation			Implementation Status	Variation with the
		No	Summary	Corporate Social Responsibility Best Practice Principles for TWSE/ TPEx-listed Companies, and the reason
A. Has the Company conducted a risk assessment on the Company's operational plan related environment and social and corporate governance issues, and has it formulated related risk management policies or strategies?	>		The Company fulfills corporate social responsibility based on respect for social ethics and concern for the rights of stakeholders. While pursuing sustainable management and profits, it also attaches importance to environment and social and corporate governance and incorporates them in the Company's management and operational plan. In addition, based on the principle of materiality, a risk assessment on the Company's operational plan related environment and social and corporate governance issues has been conducted, and relevant risk management policies or strategies have been formulated.	No significant discrepancy.
B. Does the Company have a specific (or part-time) unit set up to promote corporate social responsibility, have the management been authorized by the Board of Directors to handle matters and report the processing results to the Board of Directors?	>		The top administrator of the Company is the advocate of corporate social responsibility and all corporate activities are in compliance with applicable laws and the internal code of the Company. Respective authorities of the Company have performed their professed duties and report to the Board along the line of gate approval where necessary. The Company's board as a good administrator will also perform its duties, supervise the implementation of corporate social responsibility, and review implementation effectiveness and seek continuous improvement in order to ensure the fulfillment of corporate social responsibility policies.	No significant discrepancy.
C. Environmental Issues a. Does the Company have an appropriate environmental management system established in accordance with its industrial character?	√		a. The Company acts in conformity to the requirements of the ISO 14001/OHSAS 18001 to integrate the regulations governing environmental management and occupational safety and health management, and thereby established the relevant system on the basis of the specific nature of the industry and has conducted routine audits on the effectiveness and applicability of these systems.	No significant discrepancy.

			Implementation Status	Variation with the
Items for evaluation		No	Summary	Corporate Social Responsibility Best Practice Principles for TWSE/ TPEx-listed Companies, and the reason
b. Is the Company committed to enhance the utilization efficiency of resources and use renewable materials that are with low impact on the environmental?	✓		b. In order to fulfill the social responsibility of protecting the earth environment and pollution prevention, harmful raw materials are not used during production and R&D processes to reduce the generation of scrap and reduce resource waste. Negotiations with clients have been carried out regarding packaging material reutilization and other recycling and regeneration mechanisms in order to make use of the utilization efficiency of various resources and reduce the load on the environment.	
c. Has the Company assessed climate change on the Company's present and future potential risks and opportunities, and have coping measures for climate related issues been adopted?	✓		c. The Company has set up company energy conservation, carbon reduction, and greenhouse gas emission measures based on the operational plan situation in order to reduce the impact of the Company's operational plan related activities on the natural environment.	
d. Has the Company tallied the greenhouse emission, water usage, and total weight of waste over the past two years, and has it set energy conservation and carbon reduction, greenhouse gas emission reduction, water usage reduction, or other waste management policies?	✓		d. The Company spares no effort in advocating energy saving for energy efficiency and carbon reduction. The e-office implementation, workshop rectification, and the like are intended to reduce exhaust emissions. Die-casting cooling water recycling and reutilization during the production process, turning off lights, and air-conditioning temperature control, etc., are intended to reduce energy waste and water usage, as well as reduce gas emissions; the concept of energy conservation and carbon reduction is irregularly promoted to achieve energy conservation and greenhouse gas emission policies, reduce environmental impacts, and fulfill the responsibility of corporate environmental protection.	

			Variation with the	
Items for evaluation		No	Summary	Corporate Social Responsibility Best Practice Principles for TWSE/ TPEx-listed Companies, and the reason
D. Social Issues a. Does the Company have the relevant management policies and procedures stipulated in accordance with the relevant laws and regulations and international conventions on human rights?	√		a. The Company duly observes applicable laws in respective host countries of operation, and also the International Convention on Human Rights including the rights of sexual equality, equal opportunity for employment of both sexes, and the prohibition of sexual discrimination. There is no discrimination against, sex, ethnicity, social class, age, marital status, and family condition in the human resources policy. Fair employment, condition for employment, salaries, benefits, training, evaluation and promotion are provided to protect the legitimate rights of the employees.	No significant discrepancy.
b. Has the Company set up and implemented staff welfare measures (including remunerations, holidays, and other benefits), and has business performance or results been appropriately reflected on employee remunerations?	√		b. The Company has set up reasonable remuneration policies, performance management guidelines, and personnel regulations pertaining to staff welfare, employee holidays, and so on, to reasonably reward employees based on operational performance, make adjustments according to the relevant local regulations and actual market needs, and incorporate corporate social responsibility policies in a timely manner, thereby fulfilling social responsibility.	
c. Does the Company provide employees with a safe and healthy work environment, and provide safety and health education to employees regularly?	√		c. The Company has conducted routine review and maintenance of the safety and health condition of the work environment through its related safety and health management system, and occupational disease examination of the personnel in related functions. Through continued education and training, the Company trains its employees in the capacity of responding to emergency situations, and nurtures the idea of safety so as to upgrade the overall occupational safety and health, and reduce the hazards of the work environment towards the safety and health of the employees.	

			Implementation Status	Variation with the
Items for evaluation	Yes	No	Summary	Corporate Social Responsibility Best Practice Principles for TWSE/ TPEx-listed Companies, and the reason
d. Has the company established an effective career development and training program for employees?	√		d. Employees are vital assets to the Company. The Company holds internal and external training of the employees every year to establish a viable human resources development program to strengthen their capacity of career planning.	
e. Regarding product and service-related customer health, safety, and privacy of clients and marketing and labeling, has the Company set up relevant consumer rights protection policies and complaint reporting procedures in accordance with relevant regulations and international standards?	✓		e. The Company has duly observed applicable laws, international standards, and the requirements of the sales targets and stakeholders in the marketing and labeling of its products and services. The Company has set up internal control systems for R&D, procurement, production, and sales, and has set up quality control departments to ensure product quality and maintain customer health and safety. In addition, the "Customer Complaint Control Procedure" has been set up to conduct cause analysis and improvement based on the content of complaints, thereby protecting customer rights.	
f. Has the Company set up supplier management policies, requiring suppliers to comply with relevant provisions on the issues of environmental protection, vocational safety and health, or labor human rights? What is the implementation situation?	~		f. The Company has established the "Supplier Control Procedure" and will select suppliers with proper environmental protection licensing and who value environmental protection and corporate social responsibility with routine assessment of their capacity to perform. The Company has not yet included such clause in the contracts entered into with the major suppliers, but will conduct routine on-site inspection and interviews in accordance with the internal control system of the Company, and compile the "Supplier Routine Evaluation Sheet" to check if they are conforming to the corporate social responsibility policy. The Company will immediately sever its business relation with any supplier found in defiance of such policy, or where the source of supply has caused significant impact on the environment and the society.	

			Variation with the	
Items for evaluation		No	Summary	Corporate Social Responsibility Best Practice Principles for TWSE/ TPEx-listed Companies, and the reason
E. Has the Company referred to internationally accepted report preparation standards or guidelines in preparing corporate social responsibility reports and other reports disclosing the Company's non-financial information? Have the aforementioned reports obtained validation or guarantee opinions from a third-party verification unit?		>	The company has not prepared a corporate social responsibility report, but has passed the following certifications: a. ISO9001 Quality Management System certification, b. ISO14001 Environmental Management System certification, c. QC080000 Hazardous Substance Process Management System certification and d.OHSAS18001 Occupational Safety and Health Management System certification.	The Company is not under the food industry, chemical industry, and financial industry, and its capital falls short of NT\$5 billion. Therefore, the corporate social responsibility report has not been prepared.

- F. Where the company may have establish its own business integrity best-practice principles in accordance with the "Ethical Corporate Management Best Practice Principles for TWSE/GTSM-Listed Companies", and shall elaborate the practice of business integrity and the variations from the aforementioned regulation:
 - The Company has instituted its "Corporate Social Responsibility Best Practice Principles" and maintained proper balance between sustainable development and profits and environmental protection, social charity and implements corporate governance, and has included these elements into corporate management and operation with incremental pursuit. There is no significant variation.
- G. Any other vital information that helps to understand the performance of corporate social responsibility better:
 - a. Environmental protection measures: In order to fulfill the social responsibility of environmental protection, (1) no harmful substances are used in production during production and R&D processes; (2) water resource recycling and utilization are adopted; (3) product packaging materials are reused; (4) workshop rectification is done to reduce exhaust emissions.
 - b. Social charity: The Company participated in the "Recovery of Pearl Project" to fund unfortunate students to complete high school education.

 In order to help disadvantaged children from poor families get out of difficult situations, the Company takes part in the "Take Action with Love Side by Side with Children Plan" to support their families and move forward healthily.
 - The Company has taken part in parent-child joint road run events, hoping to create a life filled with happiness for every family.

(6) The Company's situation of social responsibility fulfillment, differences in Exchange-Listed and OTC-Listed Companies' Code of Practice for Corporate Social Responsibility, and the reasons.

			Implementation Status	Variation with the
Items for evaluation	Yes	No	Summary	Ethical Corporate Management Best Practice Principles for TWSE/ TPEx-listed Companies and the reasons
 A. The policy and plan of business integrity a. Does the Company have the corporate management policy and method declared explicitly in the Articles of Incorporation and external documents; also, the commitment of the board of directors and the management to actively implement the operating policies? b. Has the Company established a dishonest behavioral risk assessment mechanism to periodically analyze and assess the business activities involving a higher risk of dishonest conduct within the business scope, based on which a dishonest conduct behavior plan is set up and covers at least the preventive measures in the conducts in Article 7, Paragraph 2 of the "Code for Integrity Operations of Exchange-Listed and OTC-Listed Companies"? 	✓		 a. The Company has set up the "Code for Integrity Operations" and the "Integrity Operation Procedure Guidelines," explicitly stipulating relevant policies and regulations in order to establish the corporate culture of integrity operations. Additionally, the board and the management level adhere by integrity as the corporate philosophy and actively implements relevant policies. b. The Company engages in business activities based on the principles of fairness, honesty, and transparency. The "Code for Integrity Operations," "Integrity Operation Procedure and Conduct Guidelines," and "Code of Ethical Conduct" have been set up to specifically provision precautions when company staff perform business. 	No significant discrepancy.
c. Has the Company explicitly stipulated operational procedures, conduct guidelines, violation punishments, and complaint systems in the Dishonest Conduct Prevention Plan? Has it been implemented, and has the abovementioned plan been periodically reviewed and revised?	>		c. In addition to provisions in the "Code for Integrity Operations" and "Code of Ethical Conduct" on prohibiting dishonest conduct, the Integrity Operation Procedure and Conduct Guidelines" has also been set up to provision dishonest conduct handling procedures of company staff and the establishment of a reward, punishment, and complaint system, strictly requiring compliance by company staff concerned in order to prevent occurrences of dishonest conduct and carry out the implementation.	

			Implementation Status	Variation with the
Items for evaluation		No	Summary	Ethical Corporate Management Best Practice Principles for TWSE/ TPEx-listed Companies and the reasons
B. Implementation of ethical corporate management a. Does the company have the integrity of the trade counterparty assessed and with the code of integrity expressed in the contract signed?	√		a. The Company has established the "Ethical Corporate Management Best Practice Principles" and conducted assessment on various issues including ethical practices in business meetings, and has explained to the counterparties of our policies of honesty and integrity.	
b. Has the Company set up corporate integrity operation full-time (part-time) units under the board, and do they regularly report to the board (at least once a year) regarding the integration operation policies and dishonest conduct prevention plans and supervision execution situations?	√		b. The Company has appointed the board internal audit unit to be responsible for setting up integrity operation policies and prevention plans, engaging in relevant operation conduct and implementation supervision, and periodically reporting to the board.	
c. Does the company have developed policies to prevent conflicts of interest, provided adequate channel for communication, and substantiated the policies?	✓		c. Interest avoidance is set in the "Code for Integrity Operations" and "Integrity Operation Procedure and Conduct Guidelines," and channels for making statements are fully provided.	No significant discrepancy.
d. Has the Company set up an effective accounting system, and internal control system to implement integrity operations? Has the internal audit unit formulated relevant audit plans according to dishonest conduct risk assessment results, based on which the dishonest conduct prevention plan compliance situation can be checked, or are CPAs commissioned to execute checking?	√		d. In order to ensure the implementation of honest operations an effective accounting system and internal control system has been established. In addition to the internal audit unit's formulation of relevant audit plans according to the assessment results, if necessary, the CPAs will be re-commissioned to implement checking.	
e. Has the Company organized corporate management internal and external education and training programs on a regular basis?	√		 e. The Company has set up the "Code for Integrity Operations" and "Integrity Operation Procedure and Conduct Guidelines" and irregularly schedules employee propaganda strengthening. 	

			Implementation Status	Variation with the	
Items for evaluation		No	Summary	Ethical Corporate Management Best Practice Principles for TWSE/ TPEx-listed Companies and the reasons	
C. The operations of the Company's Report System a. Does the company have a specific report and reward system stipulated, a convenient report channel established and a responsible staff designated to handle the individual being reported?	√		a. The Company explicitly stipulates the offense reporting procedures and complaint reporting channels in the "Code for Integrity Operations" and "Integrity Operation Procedure and Conduct Guidelines." Offenses or complaints can be reported to the internal audit unit via the Company's internal email. In case of a major violation or the group is subject to major damage, the event should be immediately made into a report, and the board and independent directors should be notified in writing.	No significant discrepancy.	
b. If the Company has set up standard operation procedures for offense reports accepted; if it adopts subsequent measures after an investigation and has a relevant confidentiality mechanism.	✓		b. In case of dishonest conduct, directly report to the supervisor concerned or the audit supervisor and adopt relevant operation procedures and subsequent measures based on the severity of the conduct in accordance with the "Code for Integrity Operations" and "Integrity Operation Procedure and Conduct Guidelines." If necessary, report to the competent authorities or transfer the case to the judicial agency for investigation. The confidentiality of relevant information shall be observed.		
c. Has the company taken proper measures to protect the whistle-blowers from suffering any consequence of reporting an incident?	√		c. The Company protects the informants from undue treatment because of the act of reporting on unethical practices.		
D. Enhanced information disclosure Does the company have the contents of ethical corporate management and its implementation disclosed on the website and MOPS?	√		The Company has installed its official website for the disclosure of related information on ethical corporate management, and has uploaded such information to MOPS as required by law.	No significant discrepancy.	

E. Where the company may have establish its own business integrity best-practice principles in accordance with the "Ethical Corporate Management Best Practice Principles for TWSE/GTSM-Listed Companies", and shall elaborate the practice of business integrity and the variations from the aforementioned regulation: No significant discrepancy. The Company has established the "Ethical Corporate Management Best Practice Principles" and there is no significant variation from the "Ethical Corporate Management Best Practice Principles for the TWSE/TPEx-listed Companies" in practice.

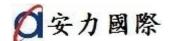
			Implementation Status	Variation with the
				Ethical Corporate
				Management Best
			Summary	Practice
Items for evaluation	Yes	No		Principles for
		NO		TWSE/
				Companies and
				the reasons

- F. Other important information that helps to understand the practice of business integrity of the company (e.g., the review and revision of the best-practice principles of the Company in business integrity)
 - a. The code of conduct for all personnel of the Company (including the Directors, Supervisors, managers and employees) was inscribed in the "Ethical Code of Conduct" of the Company for supporting the pursuit of the policy of ethical corporate management.
 - b. The mechanisms of handling and disclosing internal information in materiality were stated in the "Procedures for Handling Internal Information in Materiality" and ensure the consistency and accuracy of all information for disclosure.
 - c. The recusal system of the Directors for the avoidance of conflicts of interest was inscribed in the "Rules of Procedure for Board of Directors Meetings". If there is an issue related to the private interest of a particular Director (direct or indirect), such Director shall explain the summary of the stake in the session. If the interest of the Company is at stake, such Director shall be recused from the voting or discussion on the issue in the session. Such Director shall explain the content of the stake to the Board in the session, and be recused from discussion and voting, and shall not act as the proxy of another Director in voting.
 - (7) The method of inquiry shall be disclosed if the Company has established the Corporate Governance Best Practice Principles and related rules and regulations:

 The company has formulated the "Corporate Governance Best-Practice Principles" and related charters and rules, which can be inquired on the company's website at:

 http://www.anli-group.com, and is announced in the Market Observation Post System (MOPS) at: http://mops.twse.com.tw/mops/web/index
 - (8) Any other vital information that helps to understand the performance of corporate governance of the Company shall also be disclosed: None.

- (9) The following shall be disclosed in the pursuit of the internal control system
 - A. Declaration of Internal Control



ANLI International Co., Ltd. Statement of Declaration of Internal Control System

Date: March 5, 2021

The Company has conducted internal audit in accordance with its Internal Control System covering the 2020 and hereby declares as follows:

- I. The Company is aware that the establishment, execution, and maintenance of its internal control policies are the responsibilities The Company's board of directors and managers. These policies were implemented throughout The Company. The purpose is to provide reasonable assurance on the achievement of operating effectiveness and efficiency (including profits, performance, and assets safeguarding), reporting matters with reliability, timeliness, and transparency, and compliance with the relevant law and regulations.
- II. Internal control policies are prone to limitations. No matter how robustly designed, effective internal control policies merely provide reasonable assurance to the achievements of the three goals above. Furthermore, environmental and situational changes may affect the effectiveness of internal control policies. However, self-supervision measures were implemented within The Company's internal control policies to facilitate immediate rectification once procedural flaws have been identified.
- III. The Company has based on the criteria of the internal control system effectiveness in the "Regulations Governing the Establishment of Internal Control System by Public Companies" (referred to as the Regulations" hereinafter) to determine the effectiveness of the internal control system design and implementation. The criteria introduced by "The Governing Principles" consisted of five major elements, each representing a different stage of internal control: 1. Control environment, 2. Risk evaluation and response, 3. Procedural control, 4. Information and communication, 5. Supervision. Each element further contains several items. Please refer to "The Governing Principles" for details.
- IV. The Company adopted the abovementioned criteria to evaluate the effectiveness of its policy design and execution.
- V. Based on the aforementioned audit findings, the company holds that it has reasonably preserved the achievement of the aforementioned goals of internal control (including the monitoring over the subsidiaries) as of December 31, 2020, including the effectiveness and efficiency in operation, reliability, timeliness, transparency in financial reporting and compliance with relevant legal rules, and that the design and enforcement of internal control are effective.
- VI. This declaration forms part of the main contents of the company's annual report and prospectus, and shall be disclosed to the public. This statement of declaration shall form an integral part of the annual report and prospectus on the company and will be announced. If there is any fraud, concealment and unlawful practice discovered in the content of the aforementioned information, the company shall be liable to legal consequences under Article 20, Article 32, Article 171 and Article 174 of the Securities and Exchanges Act.
- VII. This declaration has been passed by the Board in a session held on March 5, 2021 with the attendance of 7 Directors (including 3 Independent Directors) with zero adverse opinions. The content has been passed as stated in common consent.

ANLI International Co., Ltd.

Chairman: Hsu Cheng Kun

President: Wang Wan Hsing

Anli International Co., Ltd. Internal Control System Audit Report

Attached please find the internal control system dated March 5, 2021 from Anli International Co., Ltdand its subsidiaries evaluated and deemed related to the external financial reports and assets security protection. The audit of the effective design and implementation declaration dated January 1 2020 to December 31, 2020 has been completed by this CPA. Maintaining an effective internal control system and assessing its effectiveness are the responsibility of the Company's management level. The responsibility of this CPA is to express an opinion on the validity of the Company's internal control system and the internal control system mentioned above.

This CPA has planned and executed the audit work according to the "Regulations Governing Establishment of Internal Control Systems by Public Companies" and the generally accepted auditing standards, and reasonably believes that the Company has maintained effectiveness for all major aspects of the aforesaid internal control system. The audit work includes understanding the internal control system of the Company, assessing the process by which the management level evaluates the effectiveness of the overall internal control system, testing and evaluating the effectiveness of the design and implementation of the internal control system, and other review procedures deemed necessary by this CPA. This CPA believes that the audit procedures can provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

Any internal control system has its inherent limitations. So it may be possible for the internal control system of Anli International Co., Ltdand its subsidiaries to be unable to prevent or detect an error or fraud that has already occurred. In addition, the future environment may change, and the degree of internal control system compliance may also decrease. Therefore, effectiveness of the internal control system for this period does not mean that it will be effective in the future.

It is the opinion of this CPA that based on the internal control effectiveness judgment items provided by the "Regulations Governing Establishment of Internal Control Systems by Public Companies," the external financial reports and internal control system related assets security protection designed and implemented by Anli International Co., Ltdand its subsidiaries between January 1, 2020 to December 31, 2020 have maintained effectiveness in all major aspects. The effective internal control system design and implementation declaration issued by Anli International Co., Ltdon March 5, 2021 related to the aforesaid external financial reports and assets security protection is acceptable in all major aspects.

Chiu, Chao-Hsien and Chin-Chang Chen

For and on behalf of PricewaterhouseCoopers, Taiwan

March 5, 2021

- (10)Punishment of the Company and its internal personnel by law, punishment of the internal personnel of the Company for violation of the internal control system in the most recent year to the date this report was printed, and the major defects and state of corrective action taken: None.
- (11) Major resolutions of the Shareholders Meeting and the Board in 2020 to the date this report was printed.

A. Major resolutions by the Shareholders Meeting in regular session in 2020 and the state of execution

Date	Important Resolution Items	Status of implementation:		
	Ratification of the Business Report and Consolidated Financial Statements in 2019.	Resolved to pass the motion.		
2020.6.30	Ratification of the motion of distribution of earnings in 2019.	Resolved to pass the motion. The base date for the distribution of cash dividend was scheduled on August 17, 2020, and the cash dividend payday was scheduled on August 28, 2020.		
	Amendment to the "Articles of Incorporation" of the Company in part.	It was implemented in accordance with the resolution of the shareholders meeting, and the certification of the company's registration place was completed on July 1, 2020.		
	Partial amendment to the "Shareholders Meeting Procedure" of the Company.	It was implemented in accordance with the resolutions of the shareholders meeting.		

B. Major resolutions of the Board in 2020 to the date this report was printed

Date	Important Resolution Items
2020.1.15	a. To report the Company's subsidiary Antronic Technologies Ltd. (Huzhou) plant construction project report.
	b. To report the Company's 2019 October–November audit report.
	c. To report to competent authority TPEx regarding financial statements prepared by OTC-Listed companies and report related provisional matters.
	d. Passed the motion of taking professional liability insurance for the protection of the Directors and key employees in 2020.
	e. Passed the Business Plan in 2020.
	f. To pass the Company's 2019 CPA Independence Assessment Case.
	g. Passed the motion of the appointment of certified public accountants for external audits and certification and remuneration in 2020.
	h. To pass the "commissioned self-owned land construction project contract case" of the Company's Antronic Technologies Ltd. (Huzhou).
	i. To pass the "subsidiary supervisory management guidelines" partial operation procedure amendment case.
	j. To pass the "real-estate, plant, and equipment cycle" partial operation procedure of the Company's subsidiary XinLi Precision Metal (Kunshan) Co., Ltd.
	k. To pass the "real-estate, plant, and equipment cycle" partial operation procedure amendment case of the Company's subsidiary Kunshan KUANGHE CO., LIMITED.
	l. To pass the "real-estate, plant, and equipment cycle" partial operation procedure amendment case of the Company's subsidiary Gtek Technology Co., Ltd. (Chongqing).
	m. To pass the "real-estate, plant, and equipment cycle" partial operation procedure revision case of the Company's subsidiary Antronic Technologies Ltd. (Huzhou).
	n. To pass the "financing cycle" amendment case of the Company's subsidiary Antronic Technologies Ltd. (Huzhou).
	o. Passed the motion of the purchase of financial products by the subsidiaries of the Company.
	p. Passed the motion of year-end bonus for the managers of the Company in 2019.

Date	Important Resolution Items
2020.3.23	a. To report the Company's subsidiary Antronic Technologies Ltd. (Huzhou) plant construction project report.
	b. Business Report in 2019 Q4.
	c. Audit Report covering 2019 Q4.
	d. To report the Company's 2019 Audit Committee member and internal audit supervisor communication situation.
	e. To report the Company's 2019 board performance self-assessment results.
	f. Passed the motion of appropriation of remuneration to the employees and the Directors of the Company in 2019.
	g. Passed the Business Report and consolidated financial statements of 2019.
	h. Passed the motion for distribution of earnings in 2019.
	i. Passed the budget of the Company in 2020 Q2.
	j. Passed the "Declaration of Internal Control System" of the Company in 2019.
	k. To pass the Company's "Corporate Charter" partial amendment case.
	1. Passed the partial amendment to the "Shareholders Meeting Procedure" of the Company.
	m. Passed the partial amendment to the "Rules of Procedure for Board of Directors Meetings" of the Company.
	n. Passed the partial amendment to the "Corporate Governance Best Practice Principles" of the Company.
	o. To pass the Company's "Corporate Social Responsibility Best Practice Principles" partial amendment case.
	p. To pass the Company's "Integrity Operation Procedures and Conduct Guidelines" partial amendment case.
	q. To pass the Company's "company repurchase of shares for transfer to employees operation procedure" amendment case.
	r. To pass the Company's "first execution of repurchasing the Company's shares" case.
	s. To appoint the CTBC Bank, Co., Ltd. as The Company's custody institution responsible for account-opening authorization matters.
	t. To pass the Company's 2020 manager remuneration case.
	u. To pass the "ANLI INTERNATIONAL HOLDINGS LIMITED" case of the subsidiary KUANGHE CO., LIMITED.
	v. To pass the "capital loan to the Company" case of the subsidiary KUANGHE CO., LIMITED.
	w. To pass the Company's bank financing case.
	x. The motion for the convention of the 2020 regular session of the Shareholders Meeting.
2020.5.8	a. To report the group's internal control lists and operational system standardization project tracking report.
	b. To report the Company's subsidiary Antronic Technologies Ltd. (Huzhou) plant construction project report.
	c. Business Report in 2020 Q1.
	d. Audit Report covering 2020 Q1.
	e. Passed the consolidated financial statements of the Company covering 2020 Q1.
	f. Passed the budget of the Company in 2020 Q3. g. Passed the partial amendment to the "Organization Code of the Auditing Committee" of the Company.
	h. Passed the partial amendment to the "Organization Code of the Remuneration Committee" of the
	

Date	Important Resolution Items
	Company.
	i. The amendment to the "Rules for the Company's First-Time Shares Repurchase and Transfer of Shares to Employees" is hereby proposed for approval.
	j. The cancellation of the company's Taiwan office is proposed for approval.
	k. The establishment of the company's Taiwan branch is proposed for approval.
	1. Passed the Company subsidiary's endorsement guarantee quota case pertaining to customs matters.
	m. The endorsement and guarantee made by the company for the credit line applied for by Hong Kong Anli, the subsidiary, to ChinaTrust Bank is hereby proposed for approval.
	n. The endorsement and guarantee made by the company for the credit line applied for by Hong Kong Kuanghe, the subsidiary, to ChinaTrust Bank is hereby proposed for approval.
	o. The endorsement and guarantee made by the company for the credit line applied for by Hong Kong Anli, the subsidiary, to E.Sunt Bank is hereby proposed for approval.
	p. The endorsement and guarantee made by the company for the credit line applied for by Hong Kong Kuanghe, the subsidiary, to E.Sun Bank is hereby proposed for approval.
	q.The 2020 general shareholders meeting of the company is proposed to be convened (change of meeting place.)
2020.7.24	a. Audit Report covering April-May 2020.
	b. The amendments to the company's "Procedures for Treasury Shares Repurchase" are hereby proposed for approval.
	c. Passed the partial amendment to the "Procedures for Loaning funds to others" of the Company.
	d. Passed the partial amendment to the "Procedures for Loaning funds to others" of the Company's subsidiary Anli Hong Kong.
	e. Passed the partial amendment to the "Procedures for Loaning funds to others" of the Company's subsidiary Kuanghe Hong Kong.
	f. Passed the partial amendment to the "Procedure for the Acquisition or Disposition of Assets" of the Company's subsidiary Anli Hong Kong.
	g. Passed the partial amendment to the "Procedure for the Acquisition or Disposition of Assets" of the Company's subsidiary Kuanghe Hong Kong.
	h. Passed the partial amendment to the "Procedure for the Acquisition or Disposition of Assets" of the Company's subsidiary XinLi Precision Metal (Kunshan) Co., Ltd
	i. Passed the partial amendment to the "Procedure for the Acquisition or Disposition of Assets" of the Company's subsidiary Kuanghe Electronic Technology (Kunshan) Co., Ltd
	j. The loaning of funds made by Kunshan Shinli, a subsidiary of the company, to Chongqing Juhao is hereby proposed for approval.
	k. To pass the Company's 2019 base date for surplus distribution in cash dividends.
	1. Passed the motion of the remuneration to the Directors of the Company in 2019.
	m. Passed the motion of remuneration to managers of the Company in 2019.
2020.8.6	a. To report the Company's subsidiary Antronic Technologies Ltd. (Huzhou) plant construction project report.
	b. Business Report in 2020 Q2.
	c. Audit Report covering 2020 Q2.
	d. Passed the consolidated financial statements of the Company covering 2020 Q2.
	e. Passed the budget of the Company in 2020 Q4.
	f. To pass the "factory construction project contract case" of the Company's Antronic Technologies Ltd. (Huzhou).
	g. To pass the Company's "Investment Cycle" partial amendment case.
	h. Passed the partial amendment to the "Investment Cycle" of the Company's subsidiary XinLi Precision Metal (Kunshan) Co., Ltd
	i. Passed the partial amendment to the "Investment Cycle" of the Company's subsidiary Kuanghe Electronic Technology (Kunshan) Co., Ltd
	j. Passed the partial amendment to the "Investment Cycle" of the Company's subsidiary Gtek Technology Co., Ltd. (Chongqing).

Date	Important Resolution Items					
	k. Passed the partial amendment to the "Procedures for Loaning funds to others" of the Company's subsidiary XinLi Precision Metal (Kunshan) Co., Ltd					
	1. Passed the partial amendment to the "Procedures for Loaning funds to others" of the Company's subsidiary Kuanghe Electronic Technology (Kunshan) Co., Ltd					
	m. Passed the partial amendment to the "Procedures for Loaning funds to others" of the Company's subsidiary Gtek Technology Co., Ltd. (Chongqing).					
	n. Passed the partial amendment to the "Procedures for Loaning funds to others" of the Company's subsidiary Antronic Technologies Ltd. (Huzhou).					
	o. Passed the amendment to the "Regulations Governing the Performance Evaluation of the Board."					
	p. The amendments to the "Rules Governing the Scope of Powers of Independent Directors" of the company are hereby proposed for approval.					
	q. The amendments to the "Rules Governing Remuneration Payment to Directors, Functional Committee Members, and Managers" of the company are hereby proposed for approval.r. The appointment of a new acting spokesperson by the company is hereby proposed for approval.					
2020.8.31	a. To pass the "factory construction project contract case" of the Company's Antronic Technologies Ltd.					
2020.6.31	(Huzhou).					
	b. Passed the "Company's First Domestic Unsecured Corporate Bond Collection					
2020.11.3	a. To report the group's internal control lists and operational system standardization project tracking report.					
	b. To report the Company's subsidiary Antronic Technologies Ltd. (Huzhou) plant construction project report.					
	c. Business Report in 2020 Q3.					
	d. The report on the company's 2020Q3 foreign exchange hedging business is hereby proposed.					
	e. The report on the improvement plan and implementation of the company's preparation of financial statements is hereby proposed.					
	f. Audit Report covering 2020 Q3.					
	g. The report on the company's 2020 ethical management best-practice principles is hereby proposed.					
	h. Passed the consolidated financial statements of the Company covering 2020 Q3.					
	i. Passed the budget of the Company in 2021 Q1.					
	j. To pass the Company and its subsidiaries' 2020 audit project case.					
	k. Passed the partial amendment to the "Investment Cycle" of the Company's subsidiary Anli Hong Kong.					
	1. Passed the partial amendment to the "Investment Cycle" of the Company's subsidiary Kuanghe Hong Kong.					
	m. Passed the partial amendment to the "Investment Cycle" of the Company's subsidiary Antronic Technologies Ltd. (Huzhou).					
	n. Passed the partial amendment to the "Payroll cycle" of the Company's subsidiary XinLi Precision Metal (Kunshan) Co., Ltd					
	o.Passed the partial amendment to the "Payroll cycle" of the Company's subsidiary Kuanghe Electronic Technology (Kunshan) Co., Ltd					
	p. Passed the partial amendment to the "Payroll cycle" of the Company's subsidiary Gtek Technology Co., Ltd. (Chongqing).					
	q.Passed the partial amendment to the "Procedure for the Acquisition or Disposition of Assets" of the Company's subsidiary Gtek Technology Co., Ltd. (Chongqing).					
	r. Passed the partial amendment to the "Procedure for the Acquisition or Disposition of Assets" of the Company's subsidiary Antronic Technologies Ltd. (Huzhou).					
	s. The capital increase in Hong Kong Anli, a subsidiary of the company, is hereby proposed for approval.					
	t. The capital increase in Hong Kong Kuanghe, a subsidiary of the company, is hereby proposed for approval.					
	u. The capital increase in Huzhou Anli, a subsidiary of the company, is hereby proposed for approval.					
	v. The loaning of funds made by Hong Kong Anli, a subsidiary of the company, to Huzhou Anli is					

Date	Important Resolution Items
	hereby proposed for approval.
	w. The loaning of funds made by Hong Kong Kuanghe, a subsidiary of the company, to Huzhou Anli is hereby proposed for approval.
	x. The amendment to the proposal of the company's first-time shares repurchase and transfer of shares to employees is hereby proposed for approval.
	y. The company's application filed to Cathay United Bank for the extension of the credit line is hereby proposed for approval.
2021.1.13	a. To report the Company's subsidiary Antronic Technologies Ltd. (Huzhou) plant construction project report.
	b. The report on the company's 2020Q3 foreign exchange hedging business is hereby proposed.
	c. Audit Report covering October-November 2020.
	d. Passed the motion of taking professional liability insurance for the protection of the Directors and key employees in 2021.
	e. Passed the Business Plan in 2021.
	f. To pass the Company's 2020 CPA Independence Assessment Case.
	g. To pass the Company's "Investment Cycle" partial amendment case.
	h. To pass the Company's "Integrity Operation Procedures and Conduct Guidelines" partial amendment case.
	i. The amendments to the "Approval Authority List" of the company and its subsidiaries are hereby proposed for approval.
	j. The company's and its subsidiary's overdue accounts receivable without disguised loaning of funds are hereby proposed for approval.
	k. Passed the motion of year-end bonus for the managers of the Company in 2020.
2021.3.5	a. Business Report in 2020 Q4.
	b. The report on the company's foreign exchange hedging business from January to February, 2021 is hereby proposed.
	c. The report on the improvement plan and implementation of the company's preparation of financial statements is hereby proposed.
	d. Audit Report covering 2020 Q4.
	e. To report the Company's 2020 Audit Committee member and internal audit supervisor communication situation.
	f. To report the Company's 2020 board performance self-assessment results.
	g. Passed the motion of the appointment of certified public accountants for external audits and certification and remuneration in 2021.
	h. Passed the motion of appropriation of remuneration to the employees and the Directors of the Company in 2020.
	i. Passed the Business Report and consolidated financial statements of 2020.
	j. Passed the motion for distribution of earnings in 2020.
	k. Passed the budget of the Company in 2021 Q2.
	1. Passed the "Declaration of Internal Control System" of the Company in 2020.
	m. Passed the partial amendment to the "Production Cycle" of the Company's subsidiary XinLi Precision Metal (Kunshan) Co., Ltd
	n. Passed the partial amendment to the "Production Cycle" of the Company's subsidiary Kuanghe Electronic Technology (Kunshan) Co., Ltd
	o.Passed the partial amendment to the "Production Cycle" of the Company's subsidiary Gtek Technology Co., Ltd. (Chongqing).
	p. Passed the partial amendment to the "R&D Cycle" of the Company's subsidiary XinLi Precision Metal (Kunshan) Co., Ltd
	q. Passed the partial amendment to the "R&D Cycle" of the Company's subsidiary Kuanghe Electronic Technology (Kunshan) Co., Ltd
	r. Passed the partial amendment to the "R&D Cycle" of the Company's subsidiary Gtek Technology Co., Ltd. (Chongqing).

Date	Important Resolution Items					
	s. To pass the "R&D Cycle" amendment case of the Company's subsidiary Antronic Technologies Ltd. (Huzhou).					
	t. To pass the "Payroll cycle" amendment case of the Company's subsidiary Antronic Technologies Ltd. (Huzhou).					
	u. To pass the "Purchase and Payment Cycle" amendment case of the Company's subsidiary Antronic Technologies Ltd. (Huzhou).					
	v. To pass the Company's "internal audit implementation rules" amendment case.					
	w. The amendments to the "Internal Audit Enforcement Rules" of Hong Kong Anli, a subsidiary of the company, are hereby proposed for approval.					
	x. The amendments to the "Internal Audit Enforcement Rules" of Hong Kong Kuanghe, a subsidiary of the company, are hereby proposed for approval.					
	y. The amendments to the "Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports" of the company are hereby proposed for approval.					
	z. Passed the Implementation status of "Company's First Domestic Unsecured Corporate Bond Collection					
	aa. To pass the Company's 2021 manager remuneration case.					
	bb. The motion for the convention of the 2021 regular session of the Shareholders Meeting.					
2021.4.15	a. To report the Company's subsidiary Antronic Technologies Ltd. (Huzhou) plant construction project report.					
	b. The report on the company's 2021Q1 foreign exchange hedging business is hereby proposed.c. Audit Report covering 2020 Q4.					
	d. Passed the partial amendment to the "Shareholders Meeting Procedure" of the Company.					
	e. To pass the "computerized information processing system Cycle" amendment case of the Company's subsidiary Antronic Technologies Ltd. (Huzhou).					
	f. To pass the "Sale and receipt cycle" amendment case of the Company's subsidiary Antronic Technologies Ltd. (Huzhou).					
	g. To pass the Ever-Long Securities Company Limited for account-opening authorization matters.					
	h. To pass the Company's bank financing case.					
	i. To add related matters of the 2021 regular session of the Shareholders Meeting.					

- (12) Adverse opinions from the Directors or the Supervisors against major resolutions of the Board on record or in written declaration in the most recent year to the date this report was printed. The key content: None.
- (13) Resignation or relief from office of the Chairman, President, chief accounting officer, chief financial officer, chief internal auditor and chief R&D officer in aggregate: None.

4. Disclosure of the accountant's fee in 2020:

Firm Name	СРА	Name	Duration of Audit	Remarks
	Chiu Chao-Hsien Chen Chin-Chang		2020.1.1 to 2020.3.31	
PwC Taiwan	Chiu Chao-Hsien	Chen Chin-Chang	2020.4.1 to 2020.6.30	
PwC Taiwan	Chiu Chao-Hsien	Chen Chin-Chang	2020.7.1 to 2020.9.30	
	Chiu Chao-Hsien	Chen Chin-Chang	2020.10.1 to 2020.12.31	

Unit: NTD thousand

Fee	Fee items	Auditing fee	Non-Auditing fee	Total
1	Less than 2,000 thousand		V	
2	2,000 thousand(inclusive) ~4,000 thousand			
3	4,000 thousand(inclusive) ~6,000 thousand	V		V
4	6,000 thousand(inclusive) ~8,000 thousand			
5	8,000 thousand(inclusive) ~10,000 thousand			
6	10,000 thousand above			

Unit: NTD thousand

	Name of firm	CPA Name Auditing fee	Non-Auditing fee					The	Remarks	
			U	System design	Corporate Registration	Human Resources	Others	Subtotal	duration of the audit	Remarks
	PwC Taiwan	Chiu Chao-Hsien Chen Chin-Chang	4,600				1,000	1,000	2020.1.1 to 2020.12.31	Internal control project review Others

- (1) For those whose ratio of non-audit public fees paid to CPAs, accounting firms to which CPAs belong exceeds 1/4, the audit and non-audit public fees and audit service contents should be disclosed: has been disclosed in appendix.
- (2) For those whose audit public fees on the year of accounting firm change decreased compared to that of the previous year, the amount, ratio, and reason of audit public fees decrease should be disclosed: Not applicable.
- (3) If the audit remuneration was reduced by more than 10% from the previous year, the amount, percentage, and reasons for the reduction must be disclosed: Not applicable.

5. Information of CPA:

(1)Information of CPA (I)

A. Information relating to the former CPA

Date of reappointment	January 10, 2019				
Reason for reappointment	In conjunction with the internal adjustment of Deloitte Taiwan, beginning the fourth quarter of 2019, former CPAs Chang Keng-Hsi and Yu Cheng-Chuan were changed to Cheng Chong-Cheng and Cheng Chao-Mei.				
Was the termination of audit services initiated by the principal or by the CPA	Nature of agreement Situation			СРА	Principal
	Service terminated by			Not applicable	Not applicable
	Service no longer accepted (continued) by			Not applicable	Not applicable
Reasons for issuing opinions other than unqualified opinions in the recent 2 years	Not applicable				
Disagreements with the issuer	Yes		Accounting policy or practice		
			Financial statement disclosure		
		_	Audit coverage or procedures		
		_	Others		
	None				
	Remark				
Other disclosures (Disclosures deemed necessary under Article 10.6.1.4~ Article 10.6.1.7 of The Guidelines)	None.				

B. Information relating to the succeeding CPA

Name of firm	Deloitte & Touche	
CPA Name	CPA Chen Chung-Cheng and Chen Chao-Mei	
Date of reappointment	Passed by the Company board on January 10, 2019.	
Inquiries and replies relating to the accounting practices or accounting principles of certain transactions, or any audit opinions the auditors were likely to issue and counseling results on the financial reports prior to reappointment.	None	
Written disagreements from the succeeding auditor against the opinions made by the former CPA	None	

C. The former CPA's reply on the three matters in Article 10, Subparagraph 6, Item 1 and 2-3: The accounting firm has undergone internal work adjustment, hence are not applicable.

(2)Information of CPA (2)

A. Information relating to the former CPA

	ı				1		
Date of reappointment	March 6	March 6, 2019					
Reason for reappointment	need, be	In response to the Company's internal management and operational planning need, beginning the first quarter of 2019, the former CPAs Cheng Chung-Cheng and Chen Chao-Mei from Deloitte Taiwan were changed to Chiu Chao-Hsien and Chen Chin-Chang from PwC Taiwan.					
	Situation	Nature of agrees	ment	СРА	Principal		
Was the termination of audit services initiated by the principal or by the CPA	Service t	terminated by			V		
	Service no longer accepted (continued) by						
Reasons for issuing opinions other than unqualified opinions in the recent 2 years	Not app	plicable					
		- A	ccour	nting policy or practice			
		- Fi	nanci	al statement disclosure			
Disagreements with the	Yes	Audit coverage or procedures					
issuer		- Others					
	None	✓					
	Remark						
Other disclosures							
(Disclosures deemed necessary under Article 10.6.1.4~ Article 10.6.1.7 of The Guidelines)	None.						

B. Information relating to the succeeding CPA

Name of firm	PwC Taiwan
CPA Name	CPA Chiu Chao-Hsien and Chen Chin-Chang
Date of reappointment	Passed by the Company board on March 6, 2019.
Inquiries and replies relating to the accounting practices or accounting principles of certain transactions, or any audit opinions the auditors were likely to issue and counseling results on the financial reports prior to reappointment.	None
Written disagreements from the succeeding auditor against the opinions made by the former CPA	None

C. The former CPA's reply on the matters in Article 10, Subparagraph 6, Item 1 and 2-3 of the criteria: The former holds no differed opinion, hence is not applicable.

^{6.} The Chairman, President, manager charged with finance or accounting of the Company has been working with the CPA firm retained as an external auditor or its affiliate in the last year: None.

- 7. The transfer of shares and change in shares mortgaged by the directors, supervisors, managers, and shareholders whose shareholding ratio exceeds 10% of the equity in 2020 and as of the publication date of the annual report
 - (1) Shareholding changes of directors, supervisors, managers, and major shareholders

		202	0	Up till April 2, 2021		
Title (Note 1)	Name	Increase (decrease) in No. of Shares	Increase (decrease) in No. of Pledged Shares	Increase (decrease) in No. of Shares	Increase (decrease) in No. of Pledged Shares	
Corporate director and currently major shareholder	ANLI INTERNATIONAL LIMITED(SAMOA)	(353,000)	0	(306,000)	0	
Chairman and President	Hsu Chen-Kun	(484,071)	0	(86,300)	0	
Corporate director and currently major shareholder	KUANGHECO.,LTD.(SAMOA)	(412,000)	0	(93,000)	0	
Corporate director representative and concurrently general manager of Kuanghe Electronic Technology (Kunshan) Co., Ltd	Wu Chin-Sung	0	0	0	0	
Institutional Director	WAYS Technical Corp., Ltd.	0	0	0	0	
Corporate Director representative	Kuo Shih-Yi	0	0	0	0	
Director and concurrent general manager of XinLi Precision Metal (Kunshan) Co., Ltd	Lin Chi-Kun	0	0	0	0	
Independent director	Chuang Kun-Ming	0	0	0	0	
Independent director	Chen Yin-Chang	0	0	0	0	
Independent director	Yeh Wang-Ming	0	0	0	0	
President, Gtek Technology Co., Ltd.	Chang Yi-Chang	0	0	(48,000)	0	
Vice President, Kuanghe Electronic Technology (Kunshan) Co., Ltd.	Wu Chi-Kun	0	0	0	0	
Vice President, XinLi Precision Metal (Kunshan) Co., Ltd.	Chen Chia-Feng	(4,000)	0	0	0	
CFO and Chief Accounting Officer	Wang Wan-Hsing	(3,000)	0	0	0	
Audit Manager	Yao Li-Fang	(3,000)	0	0	0	
Executive Vice President	Cheng Ya-Wen	0	0	0	0	

Note 1: Shareholders with more than 10% of company shares shall be listed as a major shareholder, as listed below:

Note 2: Where the counterparty of equity transfer or pledge of equity is a related person, the table below should be filled out.

- (2) Information on the counterparty of directors, supervisors, managers, and major shareholders' transfer of equity who is a related person: None.
- (3) Information on the counterparty of directors, supervisors, managers, and major shareholders' pledge of equity who is a related person:

Relationships among The Company's top ten shareholders including spouses, second degree relatives or closer
 April 2, 2021; Unit: shares; %

NAME (NOTE 1)	,		Shares Held by Spouse & Dependents		Shareholdings under the title of a third party		The titles or names and relationships of the top ten shareholders with spouse relations or second-degree relative relations. (Note 3)		Remarks
	Quantity	Ratio of Shareholding	Quantity	Ratio of Shareholding	Quantity	Ratio of Shareholding	Name (or Name)	Relation	
ANLI NTERNATIONAL IMITED(SAMOA) Representative: Hsu Chen-Kun	12,659,589	28.42%	-	-	-	-	Wu Wen-Yu Huang A-Chun Huang Ta-Peng	It is a major shareholder of ANLI INTERNATIONAL LIMITED (SAMOA)	
	496,000	1.11%	-	-	-	-			
KUANGHECO.,LTD. (SAMOA)	3,962,979	8.90%	-	-	-	-			
Representative: Wu Chin-Sung	0	0%	1	-	-	-			
WAYS Technical Corp., Ltd.	2,163,207	4.86%	-	-	-	-			
Representative: Kuo Shih-Yi	0	0%	-	-	-	-			
Dinkle Holding Co., Ltd(B.V.I.)	2,100,685	4.72%	1	-	-	-			
Representative: Wu Shang-Tsai	0	0%	-	-	-	-			
Tsai Kuei-Fan	1,670,714	3.75%	10,080	0.02%	-	-			
Tsai Chun-Hsin	1,275,951	2.86%	-	-	-	-			
Wu Wen-Yu	881,871	1.98%	80,400	0.18%	-	-	ANLI INTERNATIONAL LIMITED (SAMOA)	Major Shareholder	
Standard Chartered Trusts the First State Government Pension Pla n	860,608	1.93%	-	-	-	-			
Huang A-Chun	613,671	1.38%	-	-	-	-	ANLI INTERNATIONAL LIMITED (SAMOA)	Major Shareholder	
Huang Ta-Peng	594,371	1.33%	5,000	0.01%	-	-	ANLI INTERNATIONAL LIMITED (SAMOA)	Major Shareholder	

Note 1: Illustrate the top-ten shareholders. The name of the corporate shareholders and the name of its representative should be illustrated separately.

Note 2: The calculation of shareholding ratio refers to the shareholding ratio calculated in accordance with the shareholding of the shareholders, spouse, minor children, and in the name of others.

Note 3: The shareholders (including corporations and natural persons) above shall disclose their mutual relations in accordance with provisions in the Issuer Financial Statement Preparation Criteria.

9. The combined holding by the business directly or indirectly controlled by the Company, the Directors, Supervisors and Managers of the Company and the proportion of shareholding.

December 31, 2020; Unit: shares; %

Investee (Note 1)	Invested by The Company		Held by direct managers, and indirectly con enterprises		Combined investment	
(Note 1)	Quantity	Ratio of Shareholding	Quantity	Ratio of Shareholding	Quantity	Ratio of Shareholding
ANLI INTERNATIONAL HOLDINGS LIMITED	92,190	100%	-	-	92,190	100%
KUANGHECO.,LIMITED	13,166	100%	-	-	13,166	100%
XinLi Precision Metal (Kunshan) Co., Ltd. (Note 1.A)	- (Note 2)	100%	-	-	- (Note 2)	100%
Kuanghe Electronic Technology (Kunshan) Co., Ltd. (Note 1.B)	- (Note 2)	100%	-	-	- (Note 2)	100%
Gtek Technology Co., Ltd. (Note 1.C)	- (Note 2)	100%	-	-	- (Note 2)	100%
Antronic Technologies Ltd. (Huzhou) (Note 1.D)	- (Note 2)	100%	-	-	- (Note 2)	100%

Note 1:Indirect investment in Mainland China through a third area

- A.XinLi Precision Metal (Kunshan) Co., Ltd. has re-invested through ANLI INTERNATIONAL HOLDINGS LIMITED.
- B.Kuanghe Electronic Technology (Kunshan) Co., Ltd. has re-invested through KUANGHE CO., LIMITED and XinLi Precision Metal (Kunshan) Co., Ltd..
- C.Gtek Technology Co., Ltd. (Chongqing) has re-invested through Kuanghe Electronic Technology (Kunshan) Co., Ltd.and XinLi Precision Metal (Kunshan) Co., Ltd..
- D.Antronic Technologies Ltd. (Huzhou) has re-invested through ANLI INTERNATIONAL HOLDINGS LIMITED and KUANGHE CO., LIMITED.

Note 2:It is a limited company and thus is without shares.

IV. Status of Capital Planning

- 1. The Company's capital stock and stock shares
 - (1) Sources of shares and dividends

A. Stock Type

April 2, 2021; Unit: shares

Stools True		Damoulta			
Stock Type	Outstanding shares	Unissued Shares	Total	Remarks	
Common stock	44,549,781	55,450,219	100,000,000	GTSM-listing companies stock	

Note: Transaction of shares is prohibited on April 2, 2021

B. Sources of shares and dividends

Unit: Shares; NT\$

		Authorized s	hares capital	Paid-in sha	ares capital		Remarks	
Year and month	Issue price	Quantity	Amount	Quantity	Amount	Sources of shares and dividends	Paid in properties other than cash	Others
June 2010	NTD 10	50,000,000	500,000,000	1	10	Authorized capital	-	-
March 2011	NTD 10	50,000,000	500,000,000	26,000,001	260,000,010	Equity conversion at NT\$260,000,000	-	-
October 2011	NTD 10	50,000,000	500,000,000	27,800,000	278,000,000	Capitalization of additional paid-in capital at NT\$17,999,990	-	-
July 2012	NTD 10	50,000,000	500,000,000	31,800,000	318,000,000	Issuance of common stock for cash NTD 40,000,000	-	-
August 2012	NTD 10	50,000,000	500,000,000	34,026,000	340,260,000	Recapitalization of earnings NTD 22,260,000	-	-
June 2013	NTD 10	50,000,000	500,000,000	35,046,780	350,467,800	Recapitalization of earnings NTD 10,207,800	-	-
September 2013	NTD 10	50,000,000	500,000,000	38,441,700	384,417,000	Issuance of common stock for cash NTD 33,949,200	-	-
June 2018	NTD 27	50,000,000	500,000,000	43,247,700	432,477,000	Issuance of common stock for cash NTD 48,060,000		1070523 Letter Zheng-Gui-Shen-Zi No.0700113862
April 2021	NTD75.8	100,000,000	1,000,000,000	44,549,781	445,497,810	Bond conversion for cash NTD 98,700,000	-	-

C. Relevant information of Shelf Registration System: Not applicable.

(2) Composition of Shareholders

April 2, 2021; Unit: shares

Composition of Shareholders Amount	Government Apparatus	Financial Institution	Other Juridical	Individual	Foreign institutions and foreigners	Total
No. of Person	-	7	12	4,484	18	4,521
Shares	-	344,065	2,563,061	21,388,394	20,254,261	44,549,781
Ratio of Shareholding	-	0.77%	5.75%	48.01%	45.47%	100.00%

Note: Shareholding from Mainland China at 0%.

(3) Diversification of Shareholdings

April 2, 2021; Unit: shares

Range of Shares	No. of Shareholders	Shares	Shareholding percentage %
1~999 shares	248	36,626	0.0822%
1,000~5,000 shares	3,731	6,703,102	15.0463%
5,001~10,000 shares	287	2,344,075	5.2617%
1,001~15,000 shares	81	1,033,798	2.3205%
15,001~20,000 shares	54	1,003,619	2.2528%
20,001~30,000 shares	40	1,043,811	2.3430%
30,001~50,000 shares	34	1,432,400	3.2153%
50,001~100,000 shares	25	1,751,800	3.9322%
100,001~200,000 shares	8	1,209,000	2.7138%
200,001~400,000 shares	2	711,904	1.5980%
400,001~600,000 shares	2	1,090,371	2.4475%
600,001~800,000 shares	1	613,671	1.3775%
800,001~1,000,000 shares	2	1,742,479	3.9113%
1,000,001 shares and more	6	23,833,125	53.4979%
Total	4,521	44,549,781	100.0000%

(4) Name of Principle shareholder

Names of shareholders holding more than 5% of the shares or the top 10 shareholders by shareholding, the quantity and proportion of their shareholding:

April 2, 2021; Unit: shares

Stock Name of Principle shareholder	Shares	Ratio of Shareholding (%)
ANLI INTERNATIONAL LIMITED (SAMOA)	12,659,589	28.42
KUANGHE CO., LTD.(SAMOA)	3,962,979	8.90
WAYS Technical Corp., Ltd.	2,163,207	4.86
Dinkle Holding Co., Ltd (B.V.I.)	2,100,685	4.72
Tsai Kuei-Fan	1,670,714	3.75
Tsai Chun-Hsin	1,275,951	2.86
Wu Wen-Yu	881,871	1.98
Standard Chartered Trusts the First State Government Pension Plan	860,608	1.93
Huang A-Chun	613,671	1.38
Huang Ta-Peng	594,371	1.33

(5) Information on market price, net value, earnings and dividends per share in the most recent 2 years

Unit: NTD

Item		Year	2019	2020	Up till March 31, 2021
	The	e Highest	54.50	81.80	120.50
Market Price Per Share	Th	e Lowest	35.00	21.80	68.10
	A	Average	45.82	64.96	93.94
N . N . D . G1	Before	Distribution	34.77	40.65	-
Net Value Per Share	After	Distribution	33.57	(Note 4)	-
	Weighted average shares (in thousands shares)		43,248	43,248	44,550
Earnings per share	Earnings per share	Before adjustment	3.57	6.56	-
		After adjustment	3.55	6.41 (Note 4)	-
	Cash dividends		1.20	3.50 (Note 4)	-
	Free-Gratis Dividends	Retained Shares Distribution	-	-	-
Dividend Per Share		Capital Reserve Shares Distribution	-	-	-
	Retained Dividends		-	(Note 4)	-
	P	/E ratio	12.83	7.68	-
Return on investment Analysis	Divi	dend Yield	38.18	14.39	-
	Cash Di	vidend Yields	2.62	6.95	-

Note 1:P/E ratio = Average closing price per share for the year / earnings per share.

Note 2:Price to dividend ratio = Average closing price per share for the year / cash dividends per share.

Note 3:Cash Dividend Yields = Cash dividend per share / Average closing price per share of current year.

Note 4: The proposal for the distribution of earnings in 2020 has been passed by the Board in the session held March 5, 2021. However, it has not been passed by the shareholders' meeting.

(6) The company's dividend policies and execution

A. Dividend Policy:

- a. The Company is at the stage of long-term growth and is conditioned by the basic capital spending, business expansion, and vital financial planning for sustainable development. As such, the dividend policy is based on the capital expenditure budgeting and capital requirements of the future where dividends paid to the shareholders will be in the forms of stock dividends and/or cash dividends.
- b. If the Company has earnings after account settlement, (1) appropriate for payment of applicable taxes as required by law; (2) Cover carryforward loss (if applicable); followed by (3) the appropriation of 10% as legal reserve until the amount of legal reserve is equivalent to the paid-in capital of the Company; and (4) appropriation or reversal of special reserve as required by law. If there is still a balance, pool up with undistributed incomes for distribution at the proposal of the Board, and present it to the Shareholders Meeting for payment of the shareholder dividends.
- c. The Company may release dividends in cash and/or stock, and the amount of dividend for release shall not fall below 5% of the net earnings of the year of the appropriation specified in (1) to (4) if there is no contradiction to the law of the Cayman Islands. In addition, the amount of cash dividend shall not fall below 20% and up to 100% of the total dividend payable to the shareholders.
- B. The proposal for the distribution of earnings in 2020 has been passed by the Board in the session held March 5, 2021, thereby the cash dividend paid to the shareholders totaled NT\$152,119,576 at NT\$3.5/share.
- (7) The influence of stock dividend planned to be released by the Shareholders Meeting for this year on the operation performance and earnings per share of the Company: Not applicable.
- (8) Remuneration to the employees and Directors: The Company has established the Auditing Committee to replace the function of the Supervisors.
 - A. The Articles of Incorporation of the Company specified that if there are earnings before taxation (EBIT), the Company shall appropriate for:

At least 2% as remuneration to the employees (including the employees of the Company and/or employees of affiliates) (hereinafter referred to as "remuneration to employees"): and (2) No more than 3% as remuneration to the Directors (hereinafter referred to as "remuneration to Directors"). Appropriate for covering carryforward loss, if applicable, followed by the remuneration to employees and remuneration to Directors as mentioned. The remunerations to employees and Directors will be presented to the Shareholders Meeting after the resolution of the Board.

B. The estimation of remunerations to the employees and Directors for the current period was based on the calculation of the quantity of shares distributed to the employees and the actual amount paid, and the accounting of the difference between the estimates and the actual payment.

If there is a difference between the actual amount and estimated amount of remuneration to employees and remuneration to Directors for 2020, recognize a changes in estimates and as income for 2021.

- C. The Board passed the proposal for remunerations:
 - a. The Board resolved in the session of March 5, 2021 to pay NT\$18,488,095 as remuneration to employees and NT\$6,162,698 as remuneration to Directors for 2020, payable in cash. The aforementioned proposed amount of payment did not vary with the amount of expense recognized in 2020.
 - b. Percentage of the amount of employee remuneration distributed by shares to the summation of current after-tax profits and total employee remuneration: Not applicable.
- D. The actual amount released as remuneration to employees and remuneration to Directors and Supervisors in the previous year (including the quantity and amount of stock dividends paid, and the stock price), and the difference from the recognized amount of remuneration to employees and remuneration to Directors and Supervisors, the reason of the variation and the response:

The regular session of the Shareholders Meeting in 2020 resolved to release remuneration for employees and remuneration to Directors for 2019 as follows:

a. Remuneration to employees: NT\$10,063,663.

b. Remuneration to Directors: NT\$3,354,554.

The remuneration was released in cash in the full amount and there was no difference from the estimated amount.

(9) Shares repurchased by The Company:

The repurchase of shares issued by the Company in 2020 to the day this annual report was printed:

Re-purchase term	The 1st time	Remarks
Purpose of re-purchase	Transferred to employees	
Re-purchase period	24.04.2020 to 24.04.2020	
Re-purchase price range	NT\$27.30/share – NT\$27.50/share	
Type or shares repurchased	Common stock	
Quantity of shares repurchased	22,000 share	
Amount of shares re-purchased	NT\$ 603,656	
The ratio of the repurchased quantity to the quantity of anticipated repurchase (%)	2.56%	
Number of shares cancelled and transferred	0	
Accumulated shareholdings of the Company	22,000 share	
Accumulated shareholdings of the Company In proportion to the total outstanding shares in quantity	0.05%	

2. The status of corporate bonds (including overseas corporate bonds):

(1)The execution of corporate bonds

(1)1110	execution of corporate bolius			
	Bond type	The 1st Unsecured Convertible Bond in R.O.C.		
	Issue date	October 30, 2020		
	Face Value	NT\$ 100,000		
Plac	ee of Issue and Trading (Note 3)	Not applicable		
	Issue price	NTD 100		
	Total amount	NT\$ 400,000,000		
	Interest rate	0.00%		
	Maturity	3 years, matured on October 30, 2023		
	Guarantee Institution	Non-secured		
	Trustee	Trust Department, Taipei Fubon Bank		
	Consignee	Fubon Securities Co., Ltd.		
	Certified Lawyer	Zhi-Ding Lawyer Yu-Liang Chen, International Law Office		
	Certified CPA	Chao-Hsian Chiu and Chin-Chang Chen, CPAs of PwC Taiwan		
	Repayment Methods	Redeemable by cash at maturity in lump sum at par.		
	Amount not repaid	NT\$ 400,000,000		
Red	demption or earlier redemption Limitation Article	Please refer to the Company's "Regulations Governing the First Issuance & Transfer of the Unsecured Convertible Corporate Bonds in the Republic of China" for more details.		
	Restrictions (Note 4)	Not applicable		
Name of the credi	t rating agency, rating date, and rating results	Not applicable		
	sion, exchange or corporate bonds with warrants	Convertible		
	ersion (swap) or subscription right	Common stock		
	onversion (swap) or subscription price	NT\$ 75.8		
	for conversion (swap) or subscription.	January 31, 2021 to October 30, 2023		
	hares converted (swapped) or subscribed.	1, 302, 081 shares (Up till April 2, 2021)		
Amount anticipated for f	uture conversion (swap) or subscription of shares on esent conversion (swap) or subscription price.	3,013 sheets		
Other equity attached	The amount of the bonds that have been converted into ordinary shares (either by exchange or purchase), GDRs or other securities	As of April 2, 2021, 1,302,081 shares of common stock have been converted amounting to NT\$98,700,000		
Rules for issuing and conversion (either by exchange or purchase)		For further information, visit the MOPS website – investment zone- credit section		
shares, and condition o	or issuance and conversion, swap or subscription of f issuance on possible dilution of equity shares and the on shareholders' equity at present	If the whole lot of outstanding corporate bonds was converted, there would be an increase of 5,276,000 shares, or 12.50% of the outstanding shares. In general, holders of convertible bonds tend to convert the bonds into common shares incrementally such that the effect of dilution of shares will not be instantaneous. Further, the earnings per share for the issuance of convertible bonds will be higher than the offering of new shares for raising capital. Therefore, possible dilution to the equity shares of the Company and the shareholders equity of the Company will be marginal.		
Custody A	Agency Name for the Exchange Target	None		

Note 1:Status of issuing corporate bonds through public offering and private placement. The issuance of corporate bonds by public offering has been approved by the FSC and become effective. The issuance of corporate bonds through private placement refers to the portion of bonds passed by the Board for offering.

- Note 2: The space of the field is adjusted as needed.
- Note 3: For overseas corporate bonds.
- Note 4: Such as the limitation of payout cash dividend, direct investment or requirements for keeping assets at a specific ratio.
- Note 5: Private placements have been highlighted in a visible manner.
- Note 6: For convertible bonds, exchangeable bonds, the overall corporate bonds declared for issuance or corporate bonds with subscription features shall be tabulated by type with disclosure of the information on convertible bonds, exchangeable bonds, the overall corporate bonds declared for issuance or corporate bonds with subscription features.

(2)Status of convertible bonds:

Unit: NTD

Bond type (Note 1)		Yes The 2 nd tranche (issue) of secured bonds None	
Year		2020	Up till April 29, 2021. (Note 4)
Market price of the	The Highest	105	157
convertible bond	The Lowest	100.5	102.65
(Note 2)	Average	102. 33	127. 45
Conversion price		75. 8	75. 8
Issue date and conversion price		75. 8	75. 8
8		Issuance of new shares and delivery	Issuance of new shares and delivery

- Note 1: The space of the field is adjusted as needed.
- Note 2: If the overseas corporate bonds have different places for exchange, list the places separately.
- Note 3: Delivery of issued shares or new shares
- Note 4: Information is presented up till the publication date of this annual report.

(3) The use of the funds solicited

Item of use	Aggregate total amount of offering	Actual amount consumed (as of March 31, 2021)	Ratio of execution
Plant construction	402,000 thousand	62,519 thousand	11.48%

As of the quarter before the publication date of the annual report, the estimated expenditure is NT\$149,821 thousand, and the company's actual use of funds is NT\$62,519 thousand. Due to the price increase of China's construction materials, the company and the construction manufacturer intend to renegotiate the construction progress and plan, resulting in the construction progress being slightly behind, and the remaining unspent balance is deposited in the company's bank deposits, and there is no major abnormality.

- 3. Disclosure relating to preference shares: none.
- 4. Employee stock certificates: None.
- 5. Disclosure relating to depository receipts: none.
- 6. The new shares from restricted employee stock option: None.
- 7. Disclosure on new shares issued in exchange of other company shares: None.
- 8. Progress on the use of funds
 - (1) The plan: As of the end of the quarter prior to the printing of this report, the offering of securities in tranches or through private placement was not fully accomplished, or was accomplished in the last 3 years but the result is insignificant: The company issues 1st Unsecured Convertible Bond in R.O.C for 4,000 sheets, the face Value is NT\$100 thousand, and premium issued at 100.5% of the face Value, and matured on October 30, 2023, and Interest rate is 0%, total issued amount NT\$400,000,000, and the total amount of funds raised is NT\$402,000,000, which will be used for the construction of factories in Huzhou Anli.

Unit: in thousand New Taiwan dollars

	Scheduled	Total	The schedule of the funds used							
Project	completion	funds	20)20		20	21		20	22
	date	required	Quarter 3	Quarter 4	Quarter 1	Quarter 2	Quarter 3	Quarter 4	Quarter 1	Quarter 2
factory	The second	544,255	28,645	44,455	76,721	76,772	171,645	66,716	50,656	28,645
construction	quarter of									
	2022									

(2) Implementation: As of the quarter before the publication date of the annual report, the estimated expenditure is NT\$149,821 thousand, and the company's actual use of funds is NT\$62,519 thousand. Due to the price increase of China's construction materials, the company and the construction manufacturer intend to renegotiate the construction progress and plan, resulting in the construction progress being slightly behind, and the remaining unspent balance is deposited in the company's bank deposits, and there is no major abnormality.

V. Business performance

1. The operation of the Company

(1)Content of business

A. Business scope

- a. Content of principal business:
 - i. The manufacturing, processing and trading of various types of machines and parts, and precision molds.
 - ii. The manufacturing and sale of various types of precision casting items.
- iii. Manufacturing and sale of precision stamping products
- iv. Automated lathe and CNC lathe machine processing.
- v. The export trade of the above products.
- b. The proportion of key items to overall operation:

Unit: in thousand New Taiwan dollars

Year	2019		2020		
Product name	Amount	%	Amount	%	
Computer parts and components	1,330,155	90.28	1,737,948	83.75	
Parts and components of consumer electronics	-	1	215,767	10.40	
Portable device parts and components	12,913	0.88	7,246	0.35	
Others	130,330	8.84	114,322	5.50	
Total	1,473,398	100.00	2,075,283	100.00	

c. Carrying items of the Company

The Company is a professional supplier of key parts and components of cooling devices. Production technologies are the development of molding tools for metallic components of cooling systems, precision metal die casting, precision metal stamping, and CNC processing. The products are mainly used in notebook PCs, servers, game consoles, and portable devices.

d. New products and services planned for development:

Production technologies of the Company are the development of molding tools for metallic components of cooling systems, precision metal die casting, precision metal stamping, and CNC processing and related integrated solutions. The products are precision metallic components which could be extensively applied to the downstream industries so that the Company is unlikely to be affected by the economic condition of a particular industry. The Company is a professional supplier of parts and components for cooling systems. The products made and sold are extensively used in notebook PCs, servers, game consoles and portable devices. The Company commits its resources to a wide array of products and services for expansion into new markets with new customers. Related products planned for development are:

- i. The development of new models for the above products.
- ii. Continued refinement and innovation of key parts and components for the cooling systems of CPUs.
- iii. Automotive electronics parts and components
- iv. Optical communication product components
- v. Components of Wearable Devices
- vi. Satellite navigation products
- vii. Household and Electrical Appliance Parts and Accessories

B. Industry Overview

a. Industrial status and development

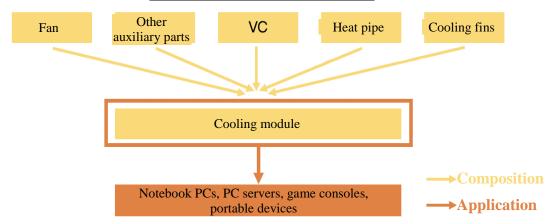
Anli International Co., Ltd. was incorporated in 2010 as a group holding company. The Company is a professional supplier of parts and components for cooling systems and the premium items are cooling back covers, cooling fans, cooling fins covers, and cooling plates. The products are mainly used in notebook PCs, servers, game consoles, and cell phones. Further to the above application, the Company is positioned as a supplier of multilateral solutions with the continued engagement into automotive electronic products, optical communication products, wearables, satellite navigation and home appliances for diversification. In manufacturing, the Company is one among the few enterprises with outstanding capacity in molding tool development and manufacturing management. The Company also provides integrated solutions for precision metal die casting, precision metal stamping process, and CNC processing and merges the three forms of applications through three production processes to integrate into vertical production to provide customers full-range services, from product development to mass production. This helps to substantially condense the lead-time of development and create competitive advantage.

Figure 1: Anli-KY product line: Parts and components for NB/cooling system/hinge/portable devices

Source: Anli-KY

The Company committed its resources in providing solutions for the cooling of electronic products over the years. Through the development of cooling module process planning and materials selection, the Company meets the demand of the customers. Metals such as copper alloys, aluminum and stainless steel are used in the making of cooling fins. Since the conductivity of these metals are different, the selection will be based on the requirement of the customers in cooling needs. For enlarging the surface area for cooling, the density of the cooling fins by unit area must be enhanced. The density is closely associated with the production process and involves the limit of the design of cooling mold. Furthermore, cooling fins must be able to be fully adhere to CPUs in order to conduct heat evenly. Therefore, flatness is extremely important. Since the Company has the state-of-the-art capacity in precision metal die casting and stamping process, which enable the Company to provide different combinations of cooling modules for the cooling needs of different kinds of electronic products through the die casting process, stamping process, and CNC processing. The Company can meet the needs of customization of products with consistent quality in mass production. As such, the Company made cooling modules to emerge as a high-level customization product.

Terminal application of cooling module



Source: Compiled by Fubon Securities

Cooling parts and components are vital to electronic products and are critical for the successful cooling of the system, from heat pipes, vapor chambers, fans, to cooling modules, where none are indispensable. Most electronic products need cooling devices for the time being. Cooling modules are applicable to a wide array of products. In the wake of the emergence and development of 5G, AI and IoT that require high performance computing applications, the demand for solutions for handling the heat generated from high speed computing and transmission in very short time to avoid overheating of the product that results in abnormal functioning of the products has grown significantly. According to the forecast of Qianzhan Industrial Research Institute, the size of the market for cooling devices will increase from RMB149,700 million in 2018 to RMB219,900 million in 2023. The compound growth rate of the market for cooling devices in the period of 2018–2023 is projected at 7.99%. The products of the Company are mainly used in notebook PCs, servers, game consoles, and portable devices as parts and components. The sale of these products is closely associated with the economic situation of the industry. The following explains the industry type of the market for the application of our key items:

i. Notebook PCs

Cooling module application is still targeting at PC products for the time being. The design of notebook PCs is developed in two major trends. One is light and slim in smaller size while the other is high performance with multiple functions. As a result, the previous function of the chip has to be intensified significantly without changing the dimensions of the machine. A larger capacity of heat is therefore generated from limited space housing more transistors, and a more efficient method of heat transmission is necessary. The increase in the generation of heat capacity and the streamlining of the dimensions, echoed with the rapid rise in computing speed, the heat generating density has risen quickly. To avoid possible influence on the performance and reliability of the machine under high temperatures, strong heat environment, and even possible shortening of the life span, cooling management is increasingly important to the whole notebook PC industry.

Shipment volume of the top 10 notebook PC brands from Q1 2019 to Q4 2020

Unit: 1,000 pcs

Brand	Q1 2019	Q2 2019	Q3 2019	Q4 2019	2019 total	Q1 2020	Q2 2020	Q3 2020	Q4 2020	2020 total
HP	8,755	10,394	11,796	11,423	42,368	7,533	14,515	13,800	11,316	47,164
Lenovo	7,256	9,970	8,915	8,349	34,490	6,357	9,620	11,123	9,409	36,509
Dell	5,890	7,165	7,230	6,945	27,230	6,233	9,810	7,700	6,699	30,442
Apple	2,738	3,550	3,840	3,020	13,148	1,950	4,380	4,600	4,149	15,079
Acer	2,585	3,516	3,165	2,716	11,982	2,036	3,10	4,400	3,740	13,886
Asus	2,640	2,603	3,199	3,230	11,672	2,093	3,991	4,000	3,280	13,364
Huawei	608	1,004	587	1,105	3,304	1,129	2,160	2,471	2,075	7,835
Microsoft	165	120	175	220	680	185	395	680	690	1,950
Samaung	950	740	850	820	3,360	670	695	750	630	2,745
Xiaomi	226	540	329	437	1,532	187	360	340	357	1,244
Total	31,813	39,602	40,086	38,265	149,766	28,373	49,636	49,864	42,345	170,218

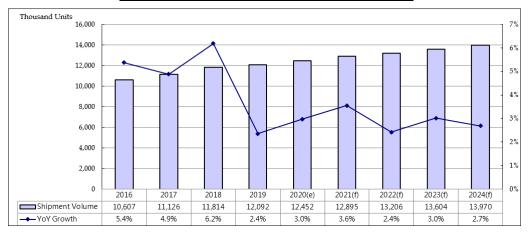
Source: DIGITIMES Research, 2020/8

The whole world was hit hard by COVID-19 in 2020. In the past, home PCs were mainly used for browsing websites and watching movies and hardly shed light on gaming and work, including computing and image processing functions. Since the governments of most countries imposed quarantines and demanded the public to stay home in order to contain the pandemic, home economy and pandemic prevention worldwide emerged as a new business opportunity to the notebook PC market. This has stimulated a higher demand of distance working, distance education and home game consoles. According to the statistics released by DIGITIMES Research, a market survey firm, in 2020/08, the figures of the shipment volume of the top 10 notebook PC brands indicated that the notebook PC guru, HP, completed the GIGA School project in 2020 which was previously scheduled to complete in 2023 due to the influence of COVID-19 in Japan in Q3 2020. As a result, several favorable factors including the shipment of this big order and the high season of demand contributed to an unexpected growth of 16.99% as compared with the same period of the previous year. The number two maker of notebook PCs, Lenovo, benefited from the significant increase in purchase volume due to the successful bid of the Japanese education brand of the group such that the shipment volume in Q3 2020 increased by 24.77% as compared with the same period of the previous year. Dell, the number three maker of notebook PCs, has achieved the goal of shipment in business models ahead of schedule, though the shipment volume in Q3 was not as good as its competitors. Apple, the number four maker of notebook PCs, has unchanged demand for business models of notebook PCs in Q3 of the year due to the mushrooming of the home office setting. It was echoed with the launch of new products to the market, leading to shipment volume better than the previous quarter. Chromebook, the number five maker of notebook PCs, benefited from the demand for education and consumption simultaneously such that shipment volume was stronger than most brands. It is expected that the shipment volume of the top 10 brands of notebook PCs in Q3 2020 was 24.39% higher than the volume in the same period of the previous year. Shipment volume in Q4 will continue at the growth rate of 10.66% as compared with the same period of the previous year.

In addition, notebook PCs demand stronger high speed computing, transmission and image processing functions, which in turn dictates better metallic components for the cooling system. The M-shape application of notebook PCs, and the high-end oriented design of consumer models and business models of notebook PCs may make thin rim design a standard option. Accordingly, the overall dimension of notebook PCs will be even more compact than high-end shell, and high precision and slim light cooling modules will be an obvious trend of development. This will be more favorable for the electronic cooling component industry.

ii. Server

Forecast of global shipment of servers in 2016–2024

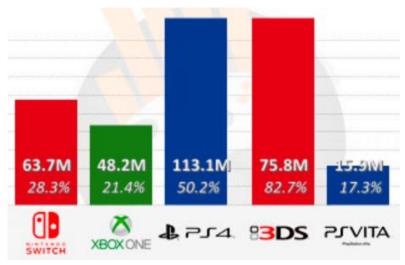


Source: MIC, 2020/3

It is expected that enterprises will continue to replace old platforms and upgrade computing performance, which will stimulate another wave of replacement with new machines in the server market. The development of IoT, AI, VR/AR application will also help to compel internet service providers to expand their data centers. Under the strong demand for data centers, the shipment volume of servers is expected to be lucrative. The active digitization of enterprises over the years will likely generate tons of information or data. It was echoed with the drive of IoT and 5G mobile broadband service and the refinement of the AI application. The voluminous accumulation of data prompts a higher demand for computing servers. According to the forecast of MIC, the global shipment volume of servers in 2020 will increase by 3.0% from the same period of 2019 at 12,452 thousand pieces. The global shipment volume in 2020–2024 is projected at a compound growth rate of 2.92%.

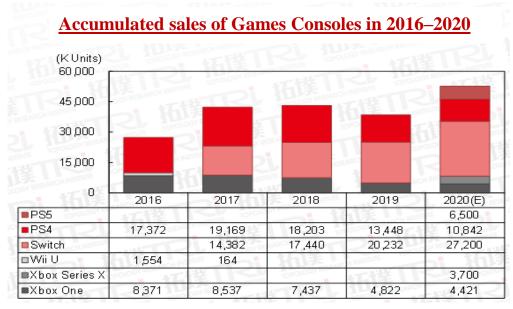
iii. Games Consoles

Statistics on accumulated sales of Games Consoles worldwide



Source: VGChartz, 2020/09

Game devices are also known as "gaming consoles", which are computer systems for games with the use of a TV or other special monitor and exclusive input equipment. The main difference between games consoles and PCs is the source code and closed system of software. After the prolonged development of the electronic technology industry and the launch of computer animation, games consoles are being presented more professionally. The history of games consoles shows that the 8th generation of games consoles has already been developed, which mainly refers to the digital games consoles launched in 2012-2013. The sale of the 8th generation of games consoles was mainly the PS4 of SONY, the Switch of Nintendo, and Xbox of Microsoft. The PlayStation brand of SONY has been the number one brand in the game market ever since the launch of the prototype games console in 1994. PS2 and PS have each enjoyed more than 100 million units sold in their respective life cycles, with the sale of the PS2 as high as 157 million units of main devices. SONY has successfully launched generation after generation of PlayStation products in line with the changes in the setting of gaming on games consoles and has extended the products to related markets. According to the statistics compiled by VGChartz, the shipment volume of the 8th generation game server, the PS4 of SONY, has accumulated to 113.1 million units from its launch in Autumn 2013 to September 2020. This made SONY the number one in the sale of the 8th generation of games consoles. It exceeds the 101.63 million units of Wii and also 102.49 million units of the PS generation, and was only behind the volume of 158 million PS2s, and emerged as the number two in sales of home games consoles in its history. If we take a closer look at the sales market of games consoles, we can see that the shipment volume of the PS4 of SONY and the Xbox One of Microsoft fell marginally in 2019 as compared with the shipment volume of 2018 mainly because of the anticipated launch of the PS5 and Xbox Series X at the end of 2020, as consumers tended to wait for new devices. However, it is expected that there will be high demand of the new generation of games consoles for replacement of the old version. Under the impact of COVID-19, home entertainment expenditure moved upward and will attract new players to purchase. According to the statistics of sales volume of games consoles of the Topology Research Institute, the shipment volume of PS5 and Xbox Series X was 6.5 million and 3.7 million in 2020 respectively, which will trigger the momentum of shipment for related firms along the supply chain.

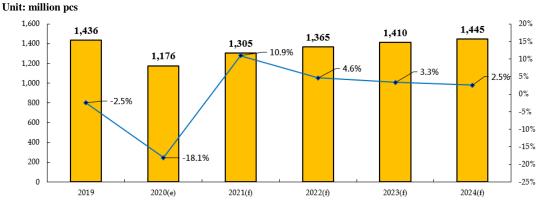


Source: Topology Research Institute, 2020/07

iv. Portable Devices

The advancement of the function of cell phones over time allows for more and more application functions integrated with cell phones. Accordingly, the role of the cell phone has evolved from the traditional function of communication to a multi-function mobile computing device. Further to the traditional function of voice communication, it also covers community networking, e-mail, mobile network and open-end application programs and services. As a result, the penetration rate of smart phones increased over time. According to a market forecast report of MIC, there will be a drive of replacement with 5G smartphones in the future despite the influence of COVID-19 on the shipment of smartphones. It is expected that the penetration rate of 5G smartphones will be 19.10% at the end of 2020, and is expected to be as high as 82.90% in 2024. This will result in the shipment volume of smartphones of 1,445 million units. The compound growth rate of smartphone shipment in 2020–2024 will be 5.28%. The demand for cooling systems of cell phones will grow significantly, as the cooling output design for 5G smartphones is much higher than that of 4G smartphones.

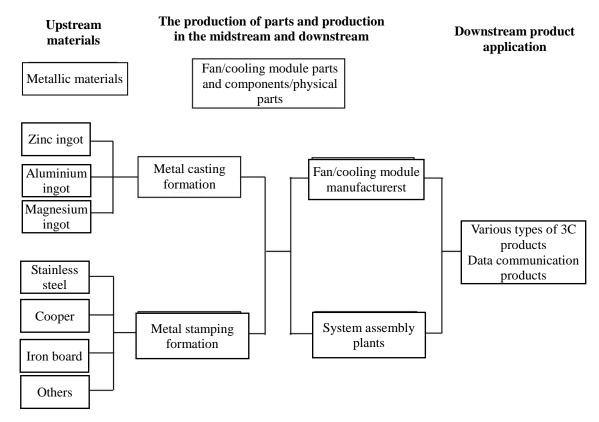
Forecast of global shipment volume of smartphones in 2019–2024



Source: MIC, 2020/7

b. Correlation of upstream, midstream, and downstream industry

The formation of metal parts (casting and stamping) of metallic parts of consumer electronics from upstream to downstream.



i. Upstream supply of key materials

Magnesium ingots, aluminium ingots, and different types of metal board (rolls) are important materials purchased in the casting process. The supply of these materials could be secured by a long-term relationship with domestic and foreign suppliers. Usually, there are more than 2 suppliers. In general, the sources for the supply of materials and parts and components are abundant. In addition, the Company has established a positive relation of the suppliers in the long run to assure reliable sources of material supply with a cost advantage. As such, the Company has stable sources of supply in key materials.

ii. Downstream application of products

Cooling modules are an indispensable part of most consumer electronics products, which makes parts and components of cooling systems vital for all types of electronic products. Since being slim and light with even stronger performance functions emerged as the trend in the development of communication electronic products, it could be anticipated that cooling components will be highly applicable to information, communication and consumer electronics that deserved further in-depth development.

c. Product development trends

The cooling module has its origin from the CPU of desktop PCs, and the capacity in cooling increased in proportion to the hours of work of the CPU. As the design of business notebook PCs and consumer electronics is getting closer and closer to the high-end, the demand for cooling parts and components has skyrocketed, echoed with the increase of heat generation and density resulting from the diversification of the function of the games consoles of the next generation, the increasing demand in the eSport market, and electronic related products worldwide and the continued development of these products toward diversification. Manufacturers have therefore sought new opportunities for growth in the area of product diversification, such as the eSport industry, communication machine room, automotive, and LED lighting, which are new niche markets. With the ceaseless upgrade of technology with the application of core technology to different products, a new source of profit from diversification of revenue was unveiled.

Traditionally, air cooling would be the technology for cooling, including the use of fans and cooling fins. The new generation of the electronic cooling industry advanced towards using heat pipes, vapor chambers, water-cooling technology, and high thermal conductivity composite materials for cooling, and are described below:

i. Heat pipe and vapor chamber

Cooling modules mainly consist of aluminum cooling plates matched with fans and heat pipes. Lately, cooling modules adopted the combination of cooling plates and heat pipes and vapor chambers (mainly in the process of using two stamped copper plates and being injected with water after evacuation of air and sealed with special copper paste) as the cooling solution. Most large server data centers adopted this mode of cooling with the emphasis of energy saving in air-conditioning, which in turn drove demand for vapor chamber cooling. In addition, heat pipes are also adopted for cooling in high-end notebook PCs. This solution helps to increase the thermal conductivity coefficient and speed up cooling, enhancing the performance of CPUs, and is mainly used in the eSports industry and high-end server products.

ii. Water-cooling technology

In water-cooling technology, liquid of high thermal coefficient is used as the media of cooling to take away the heat generated from the parts. In the water-cooling module, a water pump is used to perform the cooling function by taking the heat from the inside out to the water-cooling column, followed by the wind blowing of the fan to further help the cooling.

iii. High thermal conductivity composite materials

An ideal electronic device and cooling material must feature high thermal conductivity rate, low density, and low expansion coefficient, which cannot be satisfied by the traditional mode of using cooper and aluminum materials only. Indeed, the composition of at least two materials will be necessary to serve the purpose. Among all the advanced heat pipe materials, carbon fiber composite material has high thermal conductivity (higher than copper), and also features lower density and thermal expansion coefficient as compared with aluminum and copper. This material has been taken as a cooling material with high potential.

d. Competition

The parts and components of consumer electronics produced by the Company have been extensively used by famous international computer firms. These products entail a high level of know-how and added value with ceaseless development, innovation and process improvement. Therefore, we are highly competitive in product development and manufacturing. The Company could maintain its competitive edge mainly based on the following factors:

- i. Wide array of product lines in parts and components produced and supplied to world famous computer firms. The product quality is good and stable.
- ii. The products of the Company are customized to customer specification in production with technology and quality conforming to the requirements of the customers.
- iii. The Company is innovative in research and development with continued effort in product development, and improvement of production process for new products. The Company has acquired several patents to enhance its competitiveness in products.

C. Technology and R&D Overview

a. Technical level and R&D for business operations

The Company has developed critical technologies for a large number of professional cooling parts and components ever since its establishment. Most of these critical technologies have been patented in Mainland China. The design and production of cooling parts and components will transcend into a new era. In 2011, the Company spared no effort in recruiting good people to form the research and development department. This department is responsible for the research and development of new products and technologies, and also the development and improvement of precision metal die casting and stamping process and technologies so that the cooling parts and components developed could meet the standards of the famous brands.

The Company is still actively engaged in the improvement and innovation of precision metal die casting and precision metal stamping process for the time being, and has made various automated and production equipment to upgrade production efficiency and performance so as to satisfy the needs of customers in different areas in their entirety. The Company will continue to enlarge the scale of R&D and further the development of cooling-related products and technologies, and will also develop products for applications in different areas for diversification of product development.

Unit: person

Item	December 31, 2019	December 31, 2020	Up till March 31, 2021
Graduate schools	1	1	1
Bachelor	18	21	30
Senior high			
school/vocation school and	72	79	81
below			
Total	91	101	112

c. Annual R&D expenses for the last 5 years

Unit: in thousand New Taiwan dollars

Item/year	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020
R&D expenses (A)	19,508	18,441	36,274	39,740	46,677
Net operating revenue (B)	1,399,431	1,398,069	1,517,552	1,473,398	2,075,283
(A)/(B)	1.39%	1.16%	2.39%	2.70%	2.25%

d. Successful developed technologies or products

With the competitive edge in the molding technology of key parts and components for cooling, the innovative production process, the outstanding management team, the distinguished research and development team and development strategy, the Company can meet the needs of the customers and the market. Under ceaseless innovation in design and improvement, the Company has successfully developed different forms of technologies and applications over the years, and has acquired several patents and competitive advantages in the market. The following is the result of research and development of the Company over the years:

Year	Important R&D results
2015	 Development of changing masking lamination to lamination with tape in production process Formation mold and processing technologies for super small magnesium alloy cooling fans Formation technology of locks
2016	 Production process for physical parts of cell phones Introduction of automatic flatness inspection equipment Introduction of automatic laser engraving equipment Introduction of automatic loading and riveting equipment Integrated stamping-riveting-drilling equipment
2017	 Introduction of CCD smart camera testing system Development of trapezium cooling plates Development of in-mold riveting technique for introducing in production process. Development of FN series CNC material feeding system Development of FN automatic grinder
2018	 FN series conversion of manual inspection to automated inspection Self-developed improvement of the fastener for effective reduction of loss Formation of precision motor products and technology improvement The FN series thermal jig stamping module changed to silicone materials to solve the problem of defects black electric fan products.
2019	 Machine–Man conversion application technology project Intellectual property right GB system declaration Cell phone battery, screen support bonding jig Cell phone battery central board manufacturing method High dimension automatic inspection equipment Jig for computer shaft assembly Precision motor clamps Automatic screw fasteners

D.Long and short-term business development plan

The Company mapped out its long and short-term plans as the basis for business planning in the future in responding to industrial development and the macroeconomic trend so as to upgrade our competitive power. The Company's long and short term plans are summarized below:

a. Short term development

i. Marketing Strategy

- i)Keeping the notebook PC market on hand and actively developing the market of key parts and components for cooling for a larger market share.
- ii) Support the system manufacturers in business deployment and expand the production capacity of Chongqing Plant to bring in more revenue.
- iii) Step into the market of consumer electronics parts and traditional industry such as automotive parts in full effort.
- iv) Cultivate customer relations in depth, and continue the launch more products of high added value.

ii. Production Policy

i)Extend the back-end process to upgrade the capacity of independent production

- ii) Meet the needs of the customers in delivery
- iii) Automation of equipment to optimize the production utilization rate and capacity utilization rate.
- iv) Enhance logistics management efficiency and reduce logistics costs and delivery schedule.

iii. Direction of product development

- i)Based on the experience of success in research and development of parts and components for the cooling system of notebook PC, the Company will actively develop parts and components for cooling beyond PCs.
- ii) The Company will make use of its advantage in R&D and mass production to develop new customers beyond electronic products.
- iii) The Company will spare no effort in keeping its cooperative relationships with customers, keep abreast of market information, and secure purchase orders for new models.

iv. R&D Strategy

- i)Recruitment of outstanding R&D people for enlarging the R&D team
- ii) Proceed to the research and development of applications beyond electronic products with the existing size and staffing of the R&D function, and recruit talents in different areas of specialization.
- iii) Improvement of the R&D process and upgrade the yield rate to reduce the cost of production.
- iv) Strengthen the competitive power of the R&D staff and spend more on R&D.

b. Long-term Development Plan

i. Marketing Strategy

- i)Train and develop professional talents in the long run, keep alert of any business opportunity in the market, and increase the market share.
- ii) Continue bonding with customers as good business partners, keep abreast of the market trends and outreach for new customers and purchase orders for the new generation of models to maintain the competitive power of the Company.
- iii) Expand revenues from mechanisms; strengthen the scope of non-electronic product market applications; expand electronic devices (automatic control, automotive, etc.) markets.

ii. Production Policy

i)Cultivate a positive relationship with the OEM partners for the effective use of production capacity and expand the capacity for structural parts to reduce the cost of production and increase revenue.

- ii) Improve the production process and optimize the utilization rate and yield rate.
- iii) Become capable of satisfying the demand of the customers in "speed and quality first".
- iv) Continue the launch of automated production to enhance productivity and product quality.
- v) Keep abreast of the front-end trend through close association with the supply chain.
- vi) Actively import Industrial 4.0 to enhance efficiency.

iii. Direction of product development

- i)Intensify the development of other products such as automotive electronics, optical communication products, wearables, satellite navigation system and home appliances, and enhance the competitive power of the Company by broadening the product horizon.
- ii) Continue the research and development of products with stronger structural strength, slimmer in size, and lighter in weight.

iv. R&D Strategy

- i)Intensify the development of other products such as automotive electronics, optical communication products, wearables, satellite navigation system and home appliances, and enhance the competitive power of the Company by broadening the product horizon.
- ii) Continue the research and development of products with stronger structural strength, slimmer in size, and lighter in weight.
- iii) Recruit professionals capable of internalized operation for bolstering the core competence of the Company.

(2)Market and sales overview

A. Market analysis

a. Sales areas of main products

Unit: in thousand New Taiwan dollars

Sales area	20	19	2020		
Sales alea	Amount	%	Amount	%	
Asia	1,471,244	99.85	2,069,966	99.74	
America	2,077	0.14	5,285	0.25	
Europe	77	0.01	32	0.00	
Total	1,473,398	100.00	2,075,283	100.00	

b. Market share

The key customers of the Company are big international OEM manufacturers and companies listed on the TWSE or TPEx. The products of the Company are customized merchandise and are fully in conformity with the specifications and quantities of the orders of the customers under accreditation. There is no commonality among these products. The performance of the cooling module affects the performance of electronic products in computing. Due to this, the cooling module emerged as an indispensable part of slim light electronic products and has its place in the sale of terminal application such as in computers, portable devices, and consumers electronics. As a result, the earning of high level of customer trust will be vital for bonding long-term cooperation. The technology of parts and components of cooling systems is vital to the Company. Through close association with the customers and keeping abreast of the trend of frontier technology for the development of high added value products, the Company could satisfy the needs of the customers and cultivate a production and sale relation where both sides are winners.

c. Future market supply and demand and the growth

i. Trend of development of the industry

Anli-KY is a professional supplier of key parts and components for cooling with production skills and know-how covering precision metal die casting, stamping, and development of tooling. The combination of all these skills and know-how gives perfect products. The products are mostly applied to notebook PCs as cooling modules for the time being. Most consumer electronics and high precision electronic items require cooling modules and physical components. The electronic products are key components. In the past, the technology of cooling products was mainly the active combination of heat management solutions. At the onset of slim light and small size communication electronic products with higher demand for a greater variety of function, echoed with the active transformation into 5G in most countries of the world since 2019, which will be applicable to AR/VR audiovisual entertainment, smart vehicle/traffic, smart manufacturing/plant, and IoT in positive development. Under the specific nature of high level transmission with low slippage, related infrastructure and terminal equipment will be developed proactively. In response to the emergence and application of high performance computing, the demand for cooling modules will be enhanced. As a result, cooling solutions will be diverted to heat plates and vapor chambers. In the foreseeable future, cooling parts and components will be deeply applied to information, communication and consumer electronics. Analysis of the future trend of development:

i) Precision and composite development of molding tool production

The development of semiconductor and micro-system technology, and the development of different products of advanced technology towards portable and high performance in use such as consumer electronics and optoelectronics dictate to precision and micro size of parts and components. Under this trend, the demand for micro size parts and components mushroomed and entails lucrative business opportunity.

ii)Condensed Time to Market of new products that compresses the lead-time for mold development

The life cycle of consumer electronics is getting shorter and shorter, which demands the ceaseless compression of the lead-time for tooling development. It was echoed with the rise of material prices that in turn drove up the cost and trimmed off the profit. As a result, design software becomes essential for tooling design that gets closer to customer needs in real-time.

iii) Diversified applications of cooling

The application of cooling modules has its origin in the CPUs of desktop PCs. The enhancement of performance requires higher power consumption, which in turn dictates new forms of cooling. Under the rapid growth of the markets of tablet PCs, notebook PCs, smartphones, and cloud applications, the heat management industry also thrived. It was echoed with the diversification of the function of games consoles of the next generation, such as the PS4 of SONY, the Xbox360 of Microsoft, and the SWITCH of Nintendo of Japan. Further to the function of gaming, other functions such as watching movies, surfing the Internet and music are also developed. These indicated that electronic related products tended to develop into smaller size and higher variety in function, which dictated different levels of cooling. As capacity of heat generation and density continue to increase, the Company will engage in multilateral development of our products under our sensitive observation and judgment of the industry trend, and spares no effort in tracing the opportunity for growth in areas other than PCs, such as the niche markets of automotive electronics, optical communication products, wearables, satellite navigation system, and home appliances. Under the ceaseless advancement and upgrade of technology, the Company will use its core technology to different product areas to seek better business opportunities in greater variety and diversified sources of profit.

ii. Market positioning of the Company

The primary business engagement of the Company is a supplier of key parts and components of cooling systems. There are far too many domestic and foreign firms engaged in metal die casting and stamping with the mushrooming of many small factories in Mainland China entered into the market in the last few years. Yet, the scale of production and the precision level of the products of these enterprises varied significantly. In Taiwan, Auras Technology, Forcecon, and Lian Deh-KY are similar to the Company among the companies listed at TWSE or TPEx in production process, application of products, industry association and development.

The technology of parts and components of cooling systems is vital to the Company. Through close association with the customers and keeping abreast of the trend of frontier technology, the Company customized the products in conformity to their specification and quantity requirement with proper accreditation. As a result, the products are customized such that universal application is unlikely. The performance of the key parts and components for cooling affects the computing performance of electronic products, and these parts and components emerged as indispensable parts of the slim light and small electronic products and affect terminal application in computers, portable devices and consumers electronics to a considerable extent. The Company is actively engaged in the development and improvement of the die casting and stamping process and technology to allow the cooling module parts and components and structural components conforming to the standards adopted by the famous brands and the needs of the customers in different areas. The targets of sales are world-known computer firms, big international OEM factories, and companies listed at TWSE and TPEx. The products are in high and stable quality such that the customers always take the Company as a vital business partner irrespective of the frequent replacement of new terminal electronic items that required them to switch to new models. This indicated that the Company has earned high trust from the customers in order to be one among their principal suppliers, and the Company thus enjoys stable growth in market share.

iii. Future Growth

Consumer electronics have been well developed over the years with the trend of development continued. The market has already undergone the period of rapid growth and is in transition to the stage of stable growth. At this stage, differentiation and personalization emerged as the key elements of competition which oriented towards innovation and smart development. Such environment allowed consumer electronics to enjoy continued development to a certain extent. Likewise, market size also extended in line with differentiation and personalization. The continued development of the new consumer electronics, the

upgrade of the research and development technologies, and the growing consumption power under the popularity of smart equipment, wearables, and VR/AR equipment drives further growth for the industries related to consumer electronics.

Under the trend of slim, light and small in the design of products, the material for the casing of products becomes an issue. It must be fit into the customized cooling device for effective cooling. Therefore, the key parts and components for cooling and the stamped pieces are used extensively. The terminal products of the Company are mainly cooling modules for electronic products, including the fan for CPUs, cooling modules for notebook PCs, and cooling solutions for communication products, servers, and games consoles. In the future, the Company will continue to develop products conforming to the specification of most electronic brands for the customers and also in the areas beyond consumer electronics to broaden the horizon of application in diversity. In addition, the production process will continue to be developed to a higher level of automation as specified below:

i) In-depth development of cooling parts and components for consumer electronics

The Company concentrates on the research and development of parts and components for cooling systems in line with the development trend of consumer electronics and the product specification of the famous-brand customers at different stages for customization of design and development. In the future, consumer products will be increasingly slim, light and small in size, and energy efficient with quick access to the internet such that capacity of heat generation from CPUs, chip sets, and drawing chips and related devices will continue to increase. In addition, the performance of hardware will also be upgraded in line with product performance, which drives for the high cooling capacity. The Company has already developed parts and components for slim micro fans for different types of computers, cooling modules for cloud servers, wearables, and home appliances. From the initial stage of precision metal die casting and stamping in the riveting process, to the development of a one-stop casting and stamping for finishing, and from the traditional type of cooling fins to the development of circular ultra-thin cooling fins, cascading cooling fins and compact tubular high performance cooling fins. The Company will continue to work in cooperation with the customers to develop more advanced cooling application technology and cooling solutions.

ii)Development in the areas beyond consumer electronics

a) Automotive products

Governments of most countries of the world have unveiled different policies for encouragement with preferential treatment to support the development of electric cars for environmental protection, energy security, and industrial consideration through the investment in the infrastructures to increase the locations for charging. In the future, the development of electric cars and thriving of unmanned driving will demand new parts and components for vehicles. According to the forecast of Bloomberg, the sales volume of electric cars and hybrid cars will be approximately 2.2 million units in 2019, and will increase to 56 million units by 2040 worldwide. Electric cars will emerge as the mainstream products in the automotive market with annual compound growth at 15%. The horsepower of electric cars will also increase in the future. As the motor power increases, switching power will also increase such that the demand for corresponding cooling systems will be in place. Under the notion of energy efficiency and carbon reduction for environmental protection, lightweight metals such as magnesium and aluminum casting pieces used in the making of parts and components for electric cars to reduce the overall loading.

The Company takes this trend of the automotive industry as a opportunity, and has actively deployed in the markets of automotive parts and components, interior structural parts, cooling devices, electrical control and related application products, such as automotive satellite navigation parts and components, car lamb cooling plates support and others. In the future, the Company will spare no effort in broadening the product line of vehicle-mounted parts and components and cooling components, and also applying the die casting and stamping process to electrical system of electric cars such as the casting pieces of driving motor casing. In addition, the Company will also engage in the automotive powder coating process to provide customers a complete solution for products. The newly developed process will be vertically integrated to reduce the cost of production and to provide customers modularized service.

b) Others

Every generation of communication technology upgrade brings about revolutionary change in terminal products with products redefined, and drives the restructuring and significant change in the industry chain. The installation of 5G implies the revolution of the application of technology as a whole. As a result, the bottleneck of many industrial applications will be solved such that triggers the smart era of IoT. 5G will reshape the ecology of the digital economy and drive the development of national

economy. City lives including transportation, safety, education, tourism and others will become more intelligent.

5G is an entire industry chain and a change in the entire ecological system. The platform, technology, network, and all other layers of 5G will undergo revolutionary change and rewrite the rule of the game of the whole society in a matter of 8–10 years. The transmission volume under 5G is more than 1000 times that of the technology at present and it can connect to terminal devices in tens or even hundreds of times in multiple of the know-how on hand. It will drive for the development of AI and IoT technologies, and will be the last piece of the puzzle for the grounding of frontier technologies, such as edge computing, big data, and block chain, which will prompt further development of related technologies and application in greater depth. According to a research conducted by Deloitte, the investment in the 5G industry chain worldwide from 2020 to 2035 will amount to USD 4 trillion. Global industrial application driven by 5G technology will create more than USD 12 trillion worth of sale.

The Company has actively expanded in the areas of application of 5G products. The rise of 5G triggers the demand for optical fibers, smart cities, smart factories, and facial recognition security control, which eventually stimulates the extensive use of cooling modules. Terminal products under 5G will gradually proceed to mass production. In the future, the Company will work meet the needs of the customers further and engage in the research and development of related products even more.

iii) Production automation

The Company has proactively moved towards production automation over the last few years to save manual labor, reduce cost, and minimize human error to improve the yield rate. The Company has successfully developed and launched the equipment for automation for the time being, including the automated stamping and riveting process equipment, four-shaft rotational automatic dip-soldering equipment, automatic dispensing system for stamping, CNC automatic dispensing, automation of stamping-cutting-drilling-riveting in one-step equipment, and automation of stamping-drilling-tapping in one-step equipment. In the future, the Company will plan for the upgrading of automation in different production processes to bolster production.

d. Competitive niche

i. Outstanding process technology to satisfy customer needs

The metal production process of the Company could be accomplished in an integrated step of metal die casting, precision metal stamping, the rear-end CNC precision processing, drilling, tapping, laser engraving, welding and riveting. The intermediate products will then be referred to surface treatment such as grinding, polishing, mirror surface grinding, printing, highlighting, sand spraying and anodizing. Functional products will be treated under plastic enveloping injection with continued development and exposure and image development techniques, and be supported by simple assembly to provide customers a complete service of metal components.

ii. Capacity in tooling development

Molds are the origin of industry and also essential equipment for industrial mass production. The manufacturing of precision molds will be critical for the processing of high quality metal pieces and plastic pieces in high efficiency production. The Company has had a wealth of experience in professional tooling design and production ever since its establishment. We are a supplier of parts and components for cooling systems. The parts and components we make must conform to the terminal products of the customers in parallel development. Discussion with the customers will begin at the development stage of customer products. The feasibility of production and development will be probed at the time of tooling design. A viable design and production plan will help to achieve accurate cost management in development so that customers can have a competitive advantage in the market. The stronger the capacity in mold development and process technology, the stronger the Company will be with its competitive edge.

iii. Outstanding Management Team

The members of our management team have more than 10 years of experience in this industry and are well seasoned for responding to the changes in the industrial environment, product development trend, and experienced in production, manufacturing, and marketing. The revenue and profit over the years indicated growth, which is the result of the professional standing and industrial experience of the management team. In addition, operation performance is also sound. The Company has acquired several patents, which implied the technical capacity of the Company has reached a specific level and is highly competitive.

iv. Sound Financial Structure

The enlargement of the scale of operation inevitably pushed up the inventory level and amount of account receivables. As such, the management of working capital will become particularly important. In the

electronic industry where product update is ceaseless and price raises come so quickly, the control of working capital and healthy financial structures will be critical for proper appropriation and performance of operation. In addition, the Company has conducted credit evaluation on all its customers as a reference for granting credit limits for the customers and management of account receivables. Besides, the Company also reviewed its aging inventory from time to time to keep sound utility.

v. Technology and People Oriented Corporate Philosophy

The Company has expanded its production capacity significantly in recent years and never hesitated to improve its process technology to upgrade the technical capacity in metallic products and develop high quality cooling parts. The Company is also engaged in the training and development of human resources so as to attract good people to become a part of the Company. This remains an integral part of the major strategy. The product development and production technology process are high precision processing processes, and the Company highly treasures professionals in good standing to maintain its competitiveness and advantage.

vi. Perpetual refinement of R&D capacity

Corporate management is just like rafting upstream, to stand still means falling behind. Under the rapid change in the environment and the speedy development of technology, the Company will continue investing in research and development resources to upgrade its capacity in research and development and satisfy the needs of customers, maintain the bond with customers and broaden the product line to bolster the competitive advantage.

e. Advantages and disadvantages of future development and the countermeasures

i. Favorable factors

i) The growth in the demand for cooling parts and components for electronic products

As most electronic products are becoming increasingly slim, light, and small in size, and feature higher levels of intelligence and functions, the size of IC chips and electronic components also gets smaller and smaller. In contrast, the power density becomes higher and higher, which dictates higher density in packing in a slimmer body of the device. As a result, cooling emerges as an issue of immediate concern for electronic equipment. The foremost problem confronting electronic products in cooling is the design of cooling modules inside the products. Therefore, cooling device becomes a key component of the products with rising demand.

ii)Extensive application of precision metal die casting and stamping

Metallic materials are indispensable in the application of different industries and could mainly be classified as ferrous and non-ferrous metals, such as cooper, aluminium, and magnesium. Cooper is chemically stable and resistant to corrosion, and is a kind of good metallic material for electrical work. Aluminium is light weight, and highly ductile and malleable, which could be used in various kinds of mechanical processing. This is particularly the case where aluminium-magnesium alloy has been extensively used over the years and this material has attracted high attention as a kind of strong and light weight environmental friendly metal. It is anticipated that the development of products in different industries will help to stimulate the demand for metal casting and stamping production process to a higher level quickly.

iii) Product development is congruent with the trend of industrial development

The Company is a supplier of professional cooling parts and components made from precision metal die casting, stamping, and mold manufacturing, and has introduced the-state-of-the-art mold-making and production equipment to upgrade technological know-how and product quality ever since its establishment. The Company holds the corporate philosophy of "Sincerity, Proactivity, Innovation, Breakthrough" to serve customers. Furthermore, the Company can keep abreast of the latest trends in the market, and engage in the research and development of mainstream parts and components with its outstanding know-how. As a result, the Company has been acclaimed by many big international firms and will continue the joint ventures with these firms in further depth.

ii. Unfavorable Factors and Responses

i) Sensitive to the economic cycle of the industry

The functions designed by different manufacturers of consumer electronics approximate one another and are highly substitutional. In addition, the overall consumer market is under the influence of the global economic cycle and inflation. Big brand proprietors are under the ceaseless pressure of price cutting to stimulate sales and clear up the inventory and transfer the burden to the upstream parts suppliers that deprived their profit margin.

Responses:

a) Continue to strengthen the capacity of technological know-how across the board

The Company continues to upgrade the capacity of mold development and structure a diversity of surface treatment technologies, strengthen the overall technical capacity, and work in conjunction with the big brand proprietors as early as at the product R&D and design stage. In addition, the Company also works closely with the customers to create higher added value for the products. The Company has made ceaseless efforts to production automation so as to save manpower, cut down cost, and to minimize human error, and hence improve the yield rate. Currently, the Company has successfully developed and launched several pieces of automated production equipment including the integrated stamping and automatic loading and riveting equipment, the four-axis rotational integrated automatic spot welding equipment, the automatic material feeding and retrieving casting machine, CNC automatic two-way feeding equipment, integrated stamping/cutting/drilling/riveting formation equipment, and integrated stamping/drilling/tapping equipment. In the future, the Company will continue to develop its automated production capacity in all production process to reduce cost and be the first in the market.

b) Diversified development of products

Metal die casting and stamping pieces could be extensively applied. The premium items of the Company are mostly applied to electronic products. In the future, the Company will continue to develop products other than consumer electronics such as automotive products, optical communication products, wearables, satellite navigation system, home appliances, and other applications in new product lines. In the area of automotive parts and components, Kuanghe Kunshan, XinLi Kunshan, and Gtek Chongqing have been accredited with the IATF16949 automotive quality management system. As a matter of the business development strategy, the Company will continue to locate big brand proprietors for the possible opportunity of joint ventures in new products to balance the existing product portfolio and dependence on existing customers for reducing operation risk.

ii)Frequent fluctuation of the prices of key materials

The key metallic materials used by the Company are cooper, aluminium and magnesium and are vulnerable to price fluctuation in the metal market.

Responses:

The Company always pays close attention to the trend of international material prices, and maintains a proper level of inventory at the right time to mitigate the negative effect from price fluctuation. The Company also cultivated long-term positive interactive relations with the materials suppliers to access to the latest trend of development of material prices in order to purchase at the best moment to reduce the risk deriving from price fluctuation, and will adjust the sales price in line with the rise in material prices to keep a specific profit margin.

iii) Influx of new entrants in the industry caused acute competition

The competition from existing competitors and the entrance of newly emerging sectors, and the pressure of costing and inventory downsizing strategies from upstream customers made competition even more acute.

Responses:

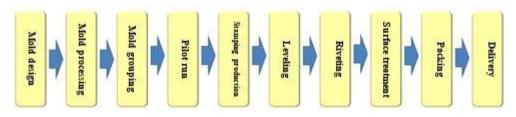
The Company will continue to upgrade and introduce new technologies to compress the lead-time for mold development, develop high precision products and improve service quality. In addition, the Company will maintain close relationships with the suppliers to earn the trust of the customers for keeping the market on hand. In addition, the Company will continue to upgrade its management quality for the effective improvement of utility, and seek refinement of the technical know-how currently in service to develop a wider array of products so as to bolster the competitive advantage.

B. The purpose of key items and production process

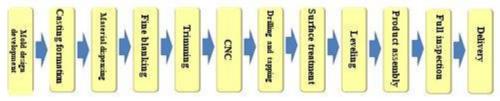
a. Intended use of the main products

Product category	Purpose or scope of application		
Computer parts and components The key parts and components for the cooling modules, fan frames structural parts for notebook PCs, desktop PCs and servers.			
Portable device parts and components	Structural parts for Tablet PCs, Smart Phones, and LCD Frames.		
Others	Automotive products, optical communication products, wearables, satellite navigation system and home appliances.		

- b. The production process of the main products
 - i. Precision stamping process



ii. Precision casting process



C. Supply of key materials

Main raw materials	Location of supply	Supply status
Aluminum/aluminum alloy ingot	China	Good
Copper	China	Good
Iron/stainless steel	China	Good

- D. Note to significant changes in the gross margin of key items or departments in the last 2 years.
 - a. Analysis of change in gross margin:

Unit: in thousand New Taiwan dollars

		2019					
Product Categories	Operating revenue	Gross profit	Gross margin (%)	Operating revenue	Gross profit	Gross margin (%)	Change (%)
Computer parts and components	1,330,155	420,880	31.64	1,737,948	603,630	34.73	9.77
Consumer electronic components				215,767	66,482	30.81	100
Portable device parts and components	12,913	3,799	29.42	7,246	2,402	33.15	12.68

- b. Note to change in gross margin exceeding 20%: None.
- c. For construction companies or companies with a construction department, specify the year of declaration and the projected revenue for recognition of construction projects and analysis of gross profit of the previous year, and explain if there is any exception of gross margin, projects completed without sale, and the projected sale: Not applicable.

E. List of key customers for purchase and sales

a. Names of suppliers accounting for more than 10% of the total purchase in any of the last 2 years, the amount of purchase and proportion to total purchase, and explain the reasons for the changes:

Unit: in thousand New Taiwan dollars

		2019		2020				
Item	Name	Amount	Ratio to the annual net purchases amount [%]	Relationship with the issuer	Name	Amount	Ratio to the annual net purchases amount [%]	Relationship with the issuer
1	WinLi Technologies Ltd.	117,767	25.76	None	HTTEK PRECISION CO., LTD.	196,404	23.94	None
2	Chongqing Hezhong Copper Co., Ltd.	53,166	11.63	_	Chongqing Hezhong Copper Co., Ltd.	101,497	12.37	None
3					Chongqing Jinhe Metallic Materials Co., Ltd.	111,091	13.54	None
4	Others	286,172	62.61	-	Others	411,388	50.15	_
	Net purchase	457,105	100	_	Net purchase	820,380	100	_

Note to the changes:

The main items of the Company for purchase are copper, aluminium, iron, and stainless steel, as well as the semi-finished cast or stamped items. The purchase amount of respective years varied with the demand as stated in customer orders and the materials required for relevant products.

b. Names of customers accounted for more than 10% of the total sale in any of the last 2 years, the amount of sale and proportion to total sale, and explain the reasons for the changes:

Unit: in thousand New Taiwan dollars

)19		2020				
Item	Name	Amount	Ratio to the annual net sales amount [%]	Relationship with the issuer	Name	Amount	Ratio to the annual net sales amount [%]	Relationship with the issuer
1	Company A	404,922	27.48	None	Company A	552,997	26.65	None
2	Company B	340,083	23.08	None	Company B	402,515	19.40	None
3	Company C	59,271	4.02	None	Company C	227,104	10.94	None
4	Company D	126,550	8.59	None	Company D	215,746	10.40	None
5	Others	542,572	36.82	_	Others	676,921	32.62	_
	Net sales	1,473,398	100	_	Net sales	2,075,283	100	_

Note to the changes:

Company A and Company B, the end customers that have had business with our company for many years are highly affirmative of our product quality, technology, and mass production capacity. The sales amount total has been subjected to change mainly due to changes in product portfolio.

F. Production volume and value in the last 2 years

Unit: in thousand New Taiwan dollars / 1,000 pcs

Main products		2019			2020		
Main products	Productivity	Outputs	Output value	Productivity	Outputs	Output value	
Computer parts and components	113,298	99,561	943,738	168,873	163,362	1,258,110	
Parts and components of consumer electronics				11,144	9,915	235,530	
Portable device parts and components	2,637	2,035	7,703	2,382	2,079	8,330	
Others	_	_	54,884	6,679	5,485	37,093	
Total	_	_	1,006,325	189,078	180,841	1,539,063	

Note to the changes:

Price competition in the market of portable devices is acute. The Company attuned to the product sales strategy by expanding the production capacity of computer parts and components and reducing the capacity for portable devices with proper adjustment of production volume to the purchase orders.

G.Sale volume and value in the last 2 years

Currency: in thousand New Taiwan dollars / 1,000 pcs

			2019		2020			
Main products	Domestic sales		Export		Domestic sales		Export	
	Volume	Value	Volume	Value	Volume	Value	Volume	Value
Computer parts and components			93,502	1,330,155	86,837	426,785	56,476	1,311,163
Parts and components of consumer electronics					8,025	185,115	896	30,652
Portable device parts and components			2,000	12,913	1,730	5,842	172	1,404
Others		68	8,886	130,262	3,319	43,505	2,233	70,817
Total	_	68	104,388	1,473,330	99,911	661,247	59,777	1,414,036

Note: Others are mold development, automotive parts and components, and 3D goggle parts and components. The unit of calculation varied significantly and the sales volume is not stated.

Note to the changes:

Price competition in the market of portable devices is acute, and compelled the Company to change its business strategy to the structural parts and components of the notebook PC market for better profit. The quantity of portable devices therefore fell. The parts and components for PCs also fell in 2019 due to the US–China trade war that affected the sale of products.

2. The number of employees, average years of service, average age and education in the last 2 years to the date this report was printed.

Unit: person

	Year	2019	2020	Up till March 31, 2021
Employee	R&D	91	101	112
	Management and sale personnel	94	101	108
No. of Person	Operators and technical staff	424	440	466
	Total	609	642	686
Av	verage age	37.19	36.87	36.79
Aver	age seniority	5.99	6.19	6.24
	Doctoral Degree	_		
	Master	0.66%	0.78%	0.73%
Academic qualification	College	16.42%	17.60%	16.62%
quanneution	Below Senior High School	82.92%	81.62%	82.65%
	Total	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%

3. Information on spending on environmental protection

(1) Application for anti-pollution facility and spending

Permit of the installation of pollution treatment facility, or permit for emission of pollutants, or the payable fees for anti-pollution treatment, or the appointment of the designated body and personnel for environmental protection under law, and the status of licensing, payment or installation of such facility:

The production process of the Company is subject to the regulations of local bylaws so that application for permission of the emission of pollutants is required by law and specified as follows:

Plant	Contents	Effective date
XinLi Precision Metal (Kunshan) Co., Ltd.	The Company has installed water treatment facilities for treating water pollutants from production and household use to the required standard before emission.	The Company has been granted the permit for the emission of pollutants Validity date: December 23, 2022
Gtek Technology Co., Ltd. (Chongqing)	The Company has installed water treatment facilities for treating water pollutants from production and household use to the required standard before emission.	The Company has been granted the permit for the emission of pollutants The competent authority of the district no longer issues new permits

(2) Anti-pollution equipment

Specify the investment in the major equipment of the Company for environmental protection and anti-pollution, the purpose and desired result:

Match 31, 2021

					, -
Equipment name	Amount	Acquisition date	Investment cost	Balance before depreciations and amortization	Purpose and expected result
Water pollutant treatment work	1	2007.11.30	NT\$ 2,048 thousand	NT\$ 0 thousand	Water pollutants from household use and industrial production were treated to the required standard before emission. This helps to save the consumption of water required for neutralization and reduce the emission of hazardous substances.
Water and air pollutants treatment work	1	2016.5.30	NT\$ 676 thousand	NT\$ 94 thousand	Water pollutants from household use and industrial production were treated to the required standard before emission. This helps to save the consumption of water required for neutralization and the collection and purification of air pollutants from industrial production for purification, and reduce the emission of hazardous substances.
Treatment of air pollutants from the casting process	1	2017.12.31	NT\$ 5,460 thousand	NT\$ 3,159 thousand	For use in the collection of air pollutants before emission, and transferred through the spraying device to reduce the emission of air pollutants.
Treatment of air pollutants from the casting process	1	2017.12.31	NT\$ 5,233 thousand	NT\$ 3,027 thousand	For use in the collection of air pollutants before emission, and transferred through the spraying device to reduce the emission of air pollutants.

- (3) Describe the efforts of the Company in anti-pollution and environmental protection in the last 2 years to the date this report was printed. If there was any dispute deriving from pollution, explain the process in response to the problem: None.
- (4) Specify the loss inflicted on the Company due to pollution of the environment in the last two years to the day this report was printed (including compensation and the violation against environmental protection laws as indicated in the audit findings, specify the date, the penalty notice number, the provisions of law being violated, the content of the provisions, and the content of penalty), and disclose the estimated amount of possible penalty and loss for the time being and in the future, and the response. If it is impossible to reasonably estimate the amount, specify the reason:

The Company has not suffered any loss caused by pollution of the environment. However, subsidiary Kunshan Xinli Precise Hardware Co., Ltd. violated the Environmental Impact Assessment Law in April 2019 and was imposed a fine amounting to RMB76,000 by Kunshan City Environmental Protection Bureau. The fine was paid in full in July 2019. The Company has made improvement of related facilities in compliance with applicable laws.

- (5) Describe the status of pollution and corrective action, and the influence on the earnings, competitive position, and capital expenditures of the Company, and the major capital expenditures for environmental protection projected in the 2 years ahead:
 - A.Current problem of pollution and the influence of the remedy to pollution on the earnings, competitive position, and capital expenditure of the Company:
 - The Company has not been influenced by pollution on its earnings, competitive position, and capital

expenditures in the last 2 years to the date this report was printed.

B. Significant capital expenditures on environmental protection in 2 years ahead: None.

4. Labor-Management Relations

(1) List out the employee benefits, continuing education, training, retirement system and the status of implementation, and labor-management agreement and the protection of employee rights:

A. Employee benefit policies:

As always, the Company spares no effort in providing benefits and a positive work environment for its employees. Further to the release of bonuses and gifts for the Chinese New Year and festivals, the Company also provides the opportunity for its employees to participate in the operation of the Company for improving labor-management bonding and team work. Performance bonuses will be released in commensuration with the individual performance of the employees and the business performance of the Company. The Company also takes care of the physical and mental health of its employees by establishing the Employee Welfare Committee for organizing tourist traveling and parties for the employees from time to time in addition to the protection of the employees with medical insurance, social security insurance, and all the required insurances under law.

B. Continuing education and training for the employees

The Company organized internal training from time to time, and arranged external training on topics relevant with the required professional skills for the employees to improve their professional skills and competitive power. Different training programs have also been arranged for employees of different job functions.

C. Retirement system and implementation of the system:

- a. Plants in Mainland China: The Company makes contributions to the pension funds in accordance with applicable local laws, and thereby appropriates 24% of the total monthly salaries to designated accounts for this purpose. Of the 24% of payment, the Company contributes 16% while the employee contributes 8%. The Company has no other responsibility of any other pension.
- b. Employees of Taiwanese origin are governed by the "Labor Pension Act" under the system of defined appropriation of the pension fund. Under this system, 6% of the monthly salaries of the employees will be appropriated to their individual pension accounts at the Labor Insurance Bureau.
- c. Subsidiaries established in different regions shall be governed by applicable laws of the respective regions' governing pension fund. The Company recognizes the contribution to the pension fund as an expense and is not liable to any other retirement and pension of the employees.
- D.Labor-Management agreement and the protection of the rights and privileges of the employees:
 - The Company highly values employee benefits, employee career planning, strengthening of employee professional skills and employee opinions with a view to improving labor-management harmony. There was no labor-management dispute to the date this report was printed.
- (2) Specify the loss caused by labor-management dispute of the Company in the last two years to the day this report was printed (including the violation of the Labor Standard Act as indicated in the audit findings of labor service, specify the date, the penalty notice number, the provisions of law being violated, the content of the provisions, and the content of penalty), and disclose the estimated amount of possible penalty and loss for the time being and in the future, and the response. If it is impossible to reasonably estimate the amount, specify the reason:

The labor-management relation of the Company is always in harmony, there is no loss caused by labor-management dispute in the last two years to the day this report was printed.

5. Important contract

Contracts still in force and the Buy-Sell Agreements, Technical Joint Venture Agreements, Engineering Agreements, Long-Term Loan Agreement to be expired in one year and other important agreements that may affect shareholders' equity:

(1) Anli-KY

Major Agreements	Nature of agreement	Contract start and end dates	Term of Agreement	Limitation Article
Credit limit contracts	Cathay United Bank	December 9, 2019 to December 9, 2020	Applying for short-term financing quota from a bank.	None

(2) Anli Hong Kong

Major Agreements	Nature of agreement	Contract start and end dates	Term of Agreement	Limitation Article
Loans contract	First Commercial Bank HsinFu Branch	October 28, 2016 To October 27, 2031	Financing for procurement of fixed assets	None

(3) Kuanghe Hong Kong

Major Agreements	Nature of agreement	Contract start and end dates	Term of Agreement	Limitation Article
Loans contract	First Commercial Bank HsinFu Branch	October 28, 2016 to October 27, 2031	Financing for procurement of fixed assets	None

(4) Kuanghe Electronic Technology (Kunshan) Co., Ltd.

Major Agreements	Nature of agreement	Contract start and end dates	Term of Agreement	Limitation Article
Housing Lease Agreement	Shencheng Metal Technology (Kunshan) Co., Ltd.	January 1, 2019 To December 31, 2023	Plant Lease Agreement	None
Purchase contracts	TTNET. NET Co., Ltd.	January 30, 2019 (12 months from warranty period to after installation)	Machinery and Equipment Purchase-Proce ssing Center	None
Purchase contracts	TOJIN CORPORATION	May 5, 2020	Purchase of machine and equipment – Stamping Machine	None

(5) XinLi Precision Metal (Kunshan) Co., Ltd.

Major Agreements	Nature of agreement	Contract start and end dates	Term of Agreement	Limitation Article
Construction contract	Haiyan Electromechanical Installation Engineering Co., Ltd. (Kunshan)	January 3, 2020 to May 15, 2020	Added 400KVA transformer capacity expansion engineering project	None

(6) Gtek Technology Co., Ltd. (Chongqing)

Major Agreements	Nature of agreement	Contract start and end dates	Term of Agreement	Limitation Article
Purchase contracts	Guangdong Yizumi Precision Machinery Co., Ltd.	August 23, 2019	Purchase of machine and equipment – horizontal cooling chamber stamping machine	None
Purchase contracts	Chengyu Coating Technology Co., Ltd. (Chengdu)	August 27, 2019 (12 months from guarantee period to acceptance date)	Automatic powder coating production line	None
Construction contract	Kushan Daxinqin Construction Engineering Co., Ltd.	September 1, 2019 To December 31, 2019	Contract on remodeling of plants	None

(7) Anli Technology Co., Ltd. (Huzhou)

Major Agreements	Nature of agreement	Contract start and end dates	Term of Agreement	Limitation Article
Construction contract	Suzhou Yuecheng Architectural Design Co., Ltd.	May 19, 2019 to July 28, 2020	Design of plant and supporting facilities.	None
Agreement on the purchase of the right of use of lands	Huzhou City Natural Resources and Planning Bureau	2019/11/21	Purchases of land use rights	None
Construction contract	IANGSU ZHONG YUAN CONSTRUCTI ON GROUP CO., LIMITED	From January 16, 2020 to the main structure engineering project's acquisition of the completion record certificate	Pile foundation engineering project	None

VI. Financial Status

- 1. Condensed Balance Sheet and Income Statements of the last 5 years
 - (1) Consolidated Balance Sheet IFRS (Consolidated Financial Statements)

Unit: NTD thousand

Year		F	Financial information for the latest 5 years (Note 1)					
Item	7 000	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020		
Current as	sets	1,331,229	1,278,268	1,490,643	1,254,440	1,983,009		
Property, p		702,116	659,897	637,057	717,872	854,739		
Intangible	assets	4,287	2,912	2,203	2,480	1,525		
Other asse	ts	224,598	202,067	243,817	437,151	328,678		
Total asset	ts	2,262,230	2,143,144	2,373,720	2,411,943	3,167,951		
Current	Before Distribution	774,890	604,246	586,733	590,181	695,902		
liabilities	After Distribution	797,955	690,740	686,203	642,078	Note 2		
Non-curre	nt liabilities	268,189	279,234	290,612	317,940	713,943		
Total	Before Distribution	1,043,079	883,480	877,345	908,121	1,409,845		
liabilities	After Distribution	1,066,144	969,974	976,815	960,018	Note 2		
Equity of to	the parent	1,219,151	1,259,664	1,496,375	1,503,822	1,758,106		
Capital sto	ock	384,417	384,417	432,477	432,477	432,477		
Capital sur	rplus	336,316	336,316	463,064	463,064	479,795		
Retained	Before Distribution	542,281	605,700	697,865	752,704	738,619		
earnings	After Distribution	519,216	519,206	598,395	700,807	Note 2		
Other equi	ty	(43,863)	(66,769)	(97,031)	(144,423)	(138,457)		
Treasury s	tock	-	-	-	-	-		
Uncontrolled equity		-	-	-	-	-		
Equity	Before Distribution	1,219,151	1,259,664	1,496,375	1,503,822	1,758,106		
Total amount	After Distribution	1,196,086	1,173,170	1,396,905	1,555,719	Note 2		

Note 1: The financial information covering the aforementioned periods was audited or reviewed by CPAs.

Note 2: The information provided was based on the resolution of the Shareholders Meeting of the next year.

(2) Consolidated Income Statement – IFRS (Consolidated Financial Statements)

Unit: NTD thousand

Year	Financial information for the latest 5 years (Note 1)				
Item	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020
Operating revenue	1,399,431	1,398,069	1,517,552	1,473,398	2,075,283
Gross profit	311,857	378,861	500,729	451,224	707,336
Operating income	57,135	150,848	209,178	182,584	408,535
Non-operating revenues and expenses	36,304	(8,045)	26,060	(997)	(42,388)
Net profit before taxation	93,439	142,803	235,238	181,587	366,147
Current year profit of continuing business units	67,068	86,484	179,907	154,309	283,484
gain(loss) from discontinued operations	-				
Income (loss) in the current period	67,068	86,484	179,907	154,309	283,484
Other comprehensive incomes in the current period (net income)	(104,852)	(22,906)	(30,262)	(47,392)	5,966
Current period other comprehensive income (Gross)	(37,784)	63,578	149,645	106,917	289,450
Net profit attributable to parent company	69,319	86,484	179,907	154,309	283,484
Net income attributable to uncontrolled equity	(2,251)				
The total comprehensive profit and loss is attributed to the owner of the parent company.	(33,273)	63,578	149,645	106,917	289,450
Total comprehensive income attributable to uncontrolled equity	(4,511)				
Earnings per share (NTD)	1.80	2.25	4.40	3.57	6.56

Note 1: The financial information covering the aforementioned periods was audited or reviewed by CPAs.

(3) Names of financial statement auditors in the last 5 years, and their audit opinions

Year	Firm Name	Name of auditor	Audit opinions
2016	Deloitte & Touche	Chang Keng-Hsi, Yu Cheng-Chuan	Unqualified opinion
2017	Deloitte & Touche	Chang Keng-Hsi, Yu Cheng-Chuan	Unqualified opinion
2018	Deloitte & Touche	Chen Chung-Cheng, Chen Chao-Mei	Unqualified opinion
2019	PwC Taiwan	Chiu Chao-Hsien, Chen Chin-Chang	Unqualified opinion
2020	PwC Taiwan	Chiu Chao-Hsien, Chen Chin-Chang	Unqualified opinion

2. Financial analysis for the latest 5 years

(1) IFRS (Consolidated Financial Statements)

A	Analytical item	ıs	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020
Financial	Debt to assets ratio (%)		40.39	46.11	41.22	36.96	37.65	44.50
structure (%)	Ratio of lon to property, equipment (216.20	211.84	233.20	280.51	253.77	289.21
	Current ratio	o (%)	183.31	171.80	211.55	254.06	212.55	284.95
Solvency (%)	Liquid ratio	(%)	169.83	152.64	191.88	229.53	192.17	256.57
	Interest cove (time)	erage ratio	26.31	33.43	50.96	131.96	45.29	84.24
	Account rec turnover (tir		2.14	1.93	1.93	2.26	2.26	2.55
	Number of cash		170.00	189.00	189.22	161.82	161.23	142.83
	Inventory tu (times)	rnover	14.91	12.10	9.60	9.77	9.51	9.96
Operating ability	Account pay (times)	yable turnover	5.07	5.37	5.57	6.55	6.32	6.90
uomiy	Average nur in sales.	mber of days	24.48	30.17	38.00	37.34	38.38	36.64
	Property, pla equipment to (times)		1.96	1.96	2.05	2.34	2.17	2.63
	Total assets turnover (times)		0.67	0.62	0.63	0.67	0.62	0.74
	ROA (%)		2.91	3.08	4.02	7.95	6.59	10.30
	Return on ed	quity (%)	4.77	5.23	6.98	12.02	10.29	17.38
D (". 1 '1'.	Ratio of the net	Operating income (%)	24.45	14.86	39.24	48.37	42.22	94.46
Profitability	value (%)	Pre-tax profits (%)	25.23	24.31	37.15	54.39	41.99	84.66
	Net profit ra	ate (%)	4.16	4.79	6.19	11.86	10.47	13.66
	Earnings per	r share (NTD)	2.19	1.80	2.25	4.40	3.57	6.55
	Cash flow ra	atio (%)	36.92	23.36	50.85	34.83	57.23	12.07
Cash flow	Cash flow a (%)	dequacy ratio	167.89	128.18	196.03	242.00	203.23	127.70
	Cash flow re ratio (%)	einvestment	14.30	7.63	15.05	5.41	11.80	1.16
Leverage	Business op leverage	eration	1.43	1.53	1.15	1.10	1.16	1.08
	Financial le	verage	1.04	1.05	1.02	1.01	1.02	1.01

Note 1: The financial information covering the aforementioned periods was audited or reviewed by CPAs.

Note 2: The formula for calculation is as follows:

a. Financial structure

i. The ratio of total liabilities to total assets = total liabilities / total assets

ii. Ratio of long-term capital to property, plant and equipment = (Total equities + noncurrent liabilities) / property, plant and equipment.

b. Solvency

- i. Current ratio = current assets / current liabilities.
- ii. Quick ratio = (current assets inventories prepaid expense) / current liabilities.
- iii. Interest coverage ratio = net profit before interest and tax / interest expenses for the current period.

c. Operating ability

- i. Accounts receivable turnover (including accounts receivable and notes receivable resulting from business operations) = Net sales / Average accounts receivable in various periods (including accounts receivable and notes receivable resulting from business operations)
- ii. Average collection days = 365 / Accounts receivable turnover.
- iii. Inventory turnover = Cost of goods sold / Average inventory value.
- iv. Accounts payable turnover (including accounts payable and notes payable resulting from business operations) = Cost of goods sold / Average accounts payable in various periods (including accounts payable and notes payable resulting from business operations)
- v. Average days in sales = 365 / Inventory turnover.
- vi. Property, plant and equipment turnover rate = Net sales /Net average property, plant and equipment.
- vii. Total assets turnover = Net sales / Total assets.

d. Profitability

- i. Return on assets = (after tax net profit + interest expenses x (1- tax rate)) / average asset balance.
- ii. Return on shareholders' equity = after tax net profit/ total average equity.
- iii. Profit ratio = net income / net sales.
- iv. Earnings per share = (profits or loss attributable to owners of the parent company- preferred stock dividend) / weighted average stock shares issued.

e. Cash flows

- i. Net cash flow ratio = Net cash flow from operating activities / Current liability.
- ii. Cash flow adequacy ratio = net cash flow from operating activities within five years/(capital expenditure + inventory increase + cash dividend) within five years.
- iii. Cash re-investment ratio = (net cash flow from operating activity-cash dividend) /(gross property, plant, and equipment + long-term investment + other noncurrent assets + working capital).

f. Leverage:

- i. Operating leverage = (Net operating revenue-variable operating costs and expenses)/Operating profit
- ii. Financial leverage= Operating profit / (Operating profit -Interest expense)

3. Auditing Committee's Review Report on Financial Statements.

Anli International Co., Ltd

Audit Committee's Report

The Audit Committee has approved and the board has ratified the 2020 financial statements (including consolidated statements), business reports and earnings distribution proposal. Meanwhile, the financial statements (including consolidated statements) have been audited by CPA Chiu, Chao-Hsien and CPA Chen, Chin-Chang of PricewaterhouseCoopers, Taiwan, who has issued unqualified opinions. Hence, the 2020 financial statements (including consolidated statements), business reports and earnings distribution proposal approved by the Audit Committee and ratified by the board are in compliance with relevant laws and regulations. Please review.

Submitted to: 2021 Shareholders' meeting of Anli International Co., Ltd

Audit Committee of Anli International Co., Ltd: Independent Directors: Jaung, Kwun-Ming March 5, 2021

Anli International Co., Ltd

Audit Committee's Report

The Audit Committee has approved and the board has ratified the 2020 financial statements (including consolidated statements), business reports and earnings distribution proposal. Meanwhile, the financial statements (including consolidated statements) have been audited by CPA Chiu, Chao-Hsien and CPA Chen, Chin-Chang of PricewaterhouseCoopers, Taiwan, who has issued unqualified opinions. Hence, the 2020 financial statements (including consolidated statements), business reports and earnings distribution proposal approved by the Audit Committee and ratified by the board are in compliance with relevant laws and regulations. Please review.

Submitted to: 2021 Shareholders' meeting of Anli International Co., Ltd

Audit Committee of Anli International Co., Ltd: Independent Directors: Yeh, Wang-Ming March 5, 2021

Anli International Co., Ltd

Audit Committee's Report

The Audit Committee has approved and the board has ratified the 2020 financial statements (including consolidated statements), business reports and earnings distribution proposal. Meanwhile, the financial statements (including consolidated statements) have been audited by CPA Chiu, Chao-Hsien and CPA Chen, Chin-Chang of PricewaterhouseCoopers, Taiwan, who has issued unqualified opinions. Hence, the 2020 financial statements (including consolidated statements), business reports and earnings distribution proposal approved by the Audit Committee and ratified by the board are in compliance with relevant laws and regulations. Please review.

Submitted to: 2021 Shareholders' meeting of Anli International Co., Ltd

Audit Committee of Anli International Co., Ltd: Independent Directors: Chen, Yin-Chang March 5, 2021

- 4. The financial statements of the most recent year, including the Auditors' Report, Balance Sheet, Comprehensive Income Statements, Statement of Changes in Shareholders Equity, Statement of Cash Flows and note to financial statement or appendix comparing 2 fiscal years: (please refer to pp. 143 to 219).
- 5. The company's individual financial report for the current year approved by the accountant.
- 6. Any insolvency of the Company and its affiliates in the most recent year to the date this report was printed, and the influence on the financial position of the Company, if applicable: The Company did not have any insolvency.

- VII. Financial position and review and analysis of the financial performance
- 1. Comparison and analysis of the financial position

Unit: NTD thousand; %

Year	2010	2020	Variation		
Item	2019	2020	Amount	%	
Current assets	1,254,440	1,983,009	728,569	58.07	
Property, plant, and equipment	717,872	854,739	136,867	19.06	
Intangible assets	2,480	1,525	(955)	(38.50)	
Other non-current assets	437,151	328,678	(108,473)	(24.81)	
Total assets	2,411,943	3,167,951	756,008	31.34	
Current liabilities	590,181	695,902	105,721	17.91	
Non-current liabilities	317,940	713,943	396,003	124.55	
Total liabilities	908,121	1,409,845	501,724	55.24	
Capital stock	432,477	432,477	0	0.00	
Capital surplus	463,064	479,795	16,731	3.61	
Retained earnings	752,704	984,291	231,587	30.76	
Other equity	-144,423	-138,457	5,966	(4.13)	
Total equity	1,503,822	1,758,106	254,284	16.90	

If the change between the two periods exceeds 20% and the amount is more than NTD10 million, the analysis of the main cause of the change is specified below:

- (1) Current assets increase up to 58.07%: Due primarily to the increase of accounts receivable not yet due up to NTD437,370 thousand resulting from growth in revenues and the increase up to NTD205,259 thousand amidst the need for issuance or corporate bonds.
- (2) Other non-current assets decreased up to 24.81%: Due primarily to the refund of NTD69,235 thousand of deposit deposited during the preparation period of Antronic Technologies Ltd. (Huzhou) and the decrease of NTD 30,402 thousand in prepaid equipment.
- (3) Non-current liabilities increase up to 124.55%: Due primarily to the company's issuance of corporate bonds of NTD 400 million this year \circ
- (4) Retained earnings increase up to 30.76%: Due primarily to the increase in profit in 2020.

2. Comparison and analysis of financial performance

Unit: NTD thousand; %

Year	2019	2020	Variation	
Item	2019	2020	Amount	%
Operating revenue	1,473,398	2,075,283	601,885	40.85
Operating costs	(1,022,174)	(1,367,947)	(345,773)	33.82
Gross profit	451,224	707,336	256,112	56.75
Operating expenses	268,640	298,801	30,161	11.22
Net Operating Income	182,584	408,535	225,951	123.75
Non-operating income (expenses)	(997)	(42,388)	(41,391)	4,151.55
Net profit before taxation	181,587	366,147	184,560	101.63
Income tax expenses	(27,278)	(82,663)	(55,385)	203.03
Net income	154,309	283,484	129,175	83.71
Other comprehensive profit or loss	(47,392)	5,966	53,358	(112.58)
Current period other comprehensive income (Gross)	106,917	289,450	182,533	170.72

If the change between the two periods exceeds 20% and the amount is more than NTD10 million, the analysis of the main cause of the change is specified below:

- (1) Operating income increased by 40.85%, which was mainly due to the increase in demand for home office work caused by the epidemic, which drove the increase in the company's income.
- (2) Operating costs increased by 33.82%, mainly due to the increase in revenue.
- (3) Non-operating net expenses increased by 4151.55%, which was mainly due to the net loss of NTD 42,465 thousand in foreign currency exchange caused by exchange rate fluctuations in 2020; and the loss of NTD 2,708 thousand in disposal of fixed assets.
- (4) Income tax expenses increased by 203.03%, which was mainly due to the impact of the better pre-tax net profit this year than the previous year.
- (5) Other comprehensive gains and losses decreased by 112.58%, mainly due to the impact of exchange differences in the conversion of financial statements.

3. Cash flow

(1) Analysis of the changes in cash flows in the most recent year:

Unit: NTD thousand

Opening	Projected	Projected cash	Projected cash	Projected cash surplus		
cash	cash flows	flows from	flows from	(short) amount	Financing of	of cash deficits
balance	from	investment of	financing of			
	operation of	the year	the year			XX7 1/1.
	the year				Investment	Wealth
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(1)+(2)+(3)+(4)		management
743,115	518,059	(418,882)	(224,866)	617,426	_	_

It is estimated that in the coming year, the cash inflow from operating activities will be approximately NTD518,059 thousand, and it is estimated that the increase in investment in the construction of factories and the purchase of additional equipment will increase the amount of cash outflow of NTD 418,882 thousand, and the closing cash balance of NTD617,426 thousand.

(2) Plans to improve liquidity

The Company is in stable profit position with net cash inflows from operation. The Company also uses loans from banks with flexibility so that no cash flow shortage has occurred.

(3) Cash flow analysis for the next year

The company's cash liquidity is good, and there is no shortage of capital liquidity

- 4. Significant capital spending in the most recent year and its influence on financial positions and operation:
 - (1) The implementation of major capital expenditures and the sources of funds:

Unit: NTD thousand

Plan	Fund source	Scheduled Date of Completion	Total fund required	Actual or expected uses of funds (2021)
Plant construction	Proprietary funds and Convertible corporate bonds	2022 Q2	544,255	391,854

- (2) Expected effects: In response to the Group's capacity planning, business growth and development needs, a factory was built in Antronic Technologies Ltd. (Huzhou) to support the company's future production and operation needs
- 5. The major causes for profits or losses incurred by investments during the most recent year; rectifications and investment plans for the next year
 - (1) The Company's investment policy

Most of the direct investment of the Company goes to industries related to its operation and was executed in conformity to the "Investment Cycle" and "Procedure for the Acquisition or Disposition of Assets" of the internal control system. The aforementioned regulations or procedures have been discussed and passed by the Board or the Shareholders Meeting.

(2) The main cause of profit or loss in investment of the most recent year, and the remedy

Unit: NTD thousand

Items for explanation	Recognition of gains (loss) in 2020	Main cause of profit or loss	Remedy
Anli Hong Kong	200,476	Investment in Mainland China was made through this investment company. The sales performance and profit position of the subsidiaries in Mainland China were sound.	Not applicable
Kuanghe Hong Kong	119,923	Investment in Mainland China was made through this investment company. The sales performance and profit position of the subsidiaries in Mainland China were sound.	Not applicable
XinLi Precision Metal (Kunshan) Co., Ltd.	203,634	They are the entities of operation in China in good performance.	Not applicable
Kuanghe Electronic Technology (Kunshan) Co., Ltd.	173,842	They are the entities of operation in China in good performance.	Not applicable
Gtek Technology Co., Ltd. Chongqing	52,142	They are the entities of operation in China in good performance.	Not applicable
Anli Technology Co., Ltd. (Huzhou)	(135)	Subsidiary under construction	Not applicable

(3) Investment plan of the year ahead:

The Company planned to invest for the establishment of a new plant at Huzhou, Zhejiang Province, in alignment with the strategy of the group in expansion to the business of new energy cars, 5G communications equipment, and the overall upgrade of the production capacity of the group.

6. Risk analysis and assessment:

(1) The influence of interest rates, exchange rate fluctuation, and inflation on the income position of the Company, and the response:

A. Interest rate

Unit: NTD thousand

Year		2019	2020		
Item Amount		Ratio to net income	Amount	Ratio to net income	
Interest revenue	6,436	0.44%	4,401	0.21%	
Interest expenditure	3,972	0.23%	5,203	0.25%	

Data source: Financial statements with the auditing and attestation performed by the CPAs.

Interest income in 2020 and 2019 accounted for 0.21% and 0.44% of the net income in respective periods. Interest expense in 2020 and 2019 accounted for 0.25% and 0.23% of respective periods. The influence is marginal. The Company has been on good terms with the service banks for a long time, and is financially sound and in good credit standing. If there is a need for financing, the Company could always get a good rate for interest payments. It is expected that interest rate fluctuation is unlikely to cause a significant influence on the overall operation of the Consolidated Company.

B. Exchange rate

Unit: NTD thousand

Yea Item	r 2019	2019
Exchange loss (A)	(12,561)	(42,465)
Operating revenue (B)	1,473,398	2,075,283
(A)/(B) (%)	- 0.85%	- 2.05%

Data source: Financial statements with the auditing and attestation performed by the CPAs.

The account title of foreign exchange gain (loss) is the result of conversion of USD from export sale into CNY, as the Company has to purchase locally in Mainland China and cover daily expenses in the operation there. The fluctuation of exchange rates in the market will take away the profit of operation and posed difficulty in capital management.

The Company adopted the following measures as a remedy for the risk brought about by exchange rate fluctuation and mitigate the influence of exchange rate fluctuation on the operation:

- a. Keep abreast of the trends of exchange rate fluctuation:Enrich the knowledge of the financial and accounting staff in hedging against the exchange rate, and keep close contact with foreign exchange departments of financial institutions. The finance and accounting function will gather information on exchange rates from time to time for the attuning to the trend of exchange rate change, and respond positively to the influence deriving from exchange rate fluctuation.
- b. Judgment on the right time for foreign exchange settlement and keeping of foreign currencies at a safe level: The Company reviews the cash levels of foreign currency daily and assesses the overall cash needs in consultation with the actual exchange rate and the evaluation report on exchange rate trend of the banks to convert USD into CNY for depositing at the right time.
- c. Timely adjustment of quotation on products: All products of the Company are customized items. The sales function will consider the trend of foreign exchange rates at the time of making quotations to the customers to avoid the loss of profit due to exchange rate fluctuation.
- d.Undertaking of hedge instruments: The Company and its subsidiaries have instituted the "Procedure for the Acquisition and Disposition of Assets" whereby these entities will assess the position of foreign currencies and exchange rate fluctuation, and will proceed to hedging in accordance with the internal control system with the use of forwards if there is a need for taking a

derivative for such purpose.

C. Inflation:

The global economic environment is so unpredictable. Yet, the Company has not suffered a significant impact from inflation crisis on its income position. In the future, the Company will continue to maintain positive interactions with the customers and the suppliers, and pay close attention to the fluctuation of the market price from time to time to adjust its purchase and sales strategy and cost structure on due time so as to mitigate the influence of inflation on the income position of the Company.

- (2) The policies of engagement in high risk and high leverage investment, loaning to third parties, undertaking of endorsement/guarantee, and derivative trade, the main reason for profit or loss, and the response:
 - A. The financial policy of the Company rests with stability and conservative operation. As such, the Company did not make any high risk and high leverage investment or conduct any derivative trade in the most recent up to the date of printing of annual report.
 - B. The Company and its subsidiaries have instituted the "Procedure for Financing Third Parties", "Procedure for Endorsement/Guarantee", and the "Procedure for the Acquisition or Disposition of Assets" as the guidelines for financing third parties of undertaking of endorsement/guarantee in favor of third parties.
- (3) R&D plan in the future and projected expenses for research and development:

The Company has established R&D function at XinLi Kunshan, Kuanghe Kunshan, and Gtek Chongqing. They focused on the development of the tooling for metallic structural parts like cooling items, related parts and components, improvement of production process, and acquisition, installation of automated equipment for introducing into the production line for production to respond to the rapid chancing industrial environment. The Company spared no effort in the incubation of professionals in tooling, stamping and casting to improve production process and innovation of technologies for providing solutions of critical parts and components for the customers. In the future, the Company will continue the development of cooling parts and components for electronic products, and will expand the operation to other areas of applications including automotive parts, and optical communications, and related equipment for production automation so as to upgrade production efficiency and reduce labor cost.

The Company spent approximately NTD46,677 thousand and NTD39,740 thousand in R&D in 2020 and 2019, respectively, for production research and development, innovation of production technologies and improvement of production process. In the future, the Company will commit further resources in research and development depending on the product development plan, and the development of advanced technologies in joint ventures with customers to accumulate result of research and development, refine product performance and costs to maintain competitive advantage in market.

(4) The influence of changes in important policies and regulatory environment at home and abroad on the financial position and operation of the Company, and the response:

The Company is registered in the Cayman Islands with its principal place of business in Hong Kong and Mainland China, and the ultimate sales are directed at the PC system firms in Mainland China. The principal economic activity in the Cayman Islands is financial services while Hong Kong is a special administrative region of China, and Mainland China is a major economy of the world. The products researched, developed and sold by the Company are mostly heat conducting items and key structural parts and components for consumer electronics, which are not businesses that require special permission or are under restriction. The Company conducts its business operation in accordance with important policies and applicable laws at home and in relevant host countries, and pays attention to the trend of policy development and the changes in the regulatory environment from time to time, and will respond to any change in the market with appropriate measures. As such, there is no incident of significant influence from the changes in the vital policies and regulatory environment in the Cayman Islands, Hong Kong, and Mainland China on the financial position and operation of the Company.

(5) Effects of technological and industrial changes to the company's financial and business performance, and the responsive actions

Through the interactions with the customers and the routine reading of reports on related technologies and industries, the Company could observe the technological change in the industry and technological development on an accumulative basis and could keep abreast of the industry trend. With ceaseless effort in upgrading its capacity in research and development, the Company applied for patent registrations of its innovative ideas and design development for protection. These help to upgrade the competitiveness of the Company. The Company will nonetheless expand into the market of applications in different areas. As such, technological change and industrial change have not yet yielded negative influence on the Company.

(6) The influence of change in the corporate image on corporate crisis management and the response:

The Company upholds its corporate philosophy of sincerity, cooperation, innovation, speed and learning, and has projected a positive corporate image ever since its establishment. The management team is stable and has attracted good people to work with the Company with the result of operation feeding back to the shareholders. In addition, the Company has performed its corporate social responsibility in due diligence. There has been no change in its corporate image that would trigger a crisis for the enterprise so far.

(7) The expected result, possible risk from merger and acquisition, and the response:

The Company has no plan for merger and acquisition with any other company in the prospectus was printed, and will take caution in evaluation of any possible merger and acquisition in the future with overall assessment on the synergy after the merger to ensure the rights of the shareholders.

(8) The expected result, possible risk of capacity expansion, and the response:

The expansion of the company's plant is to cope with the future increase in product lines and to improve the efficiency of production line equipment. The expansion of the plant has undergone a complete, prudent and professional evaluation process, and meets the requirements of internal control. Major capital expenditures also need to be submitted to the board of directors for deliberation. The source of funds required is its own profit income, cash capital increase projects or bank financing. Possible risks and corresponding measures: In order to avoid many uncertain factors such as the environment and the market, the company will review the industry and market trends at any time, take into account the needs of the market and measure its own capital situation, and propose relevant countermeasures to reduce the company's operating risks, While taking into account the company's development and competitiveness.

(9) The risks deriving from concentration of purchase or sale, and the response:

A. Risk from purchase

The key materials for the heat conducting devices and structural parts and components for the consumer electronics sold by the Company are copper, aluminium, iron, and stainless steel. There is no monopoly of supply among the suppliers where substitution is possible. The sources of supply are abundant too. Furthermore, the Company practiced diversification in the sourcing of materials and inquired with at least 2 suppliers for quotation on the same material that there is no risk deriving from concentration of purchase.

B. Risk from sale

The targeted customers of the Company are cooling modules makers, international system assembly firms, and big brand proprietors. In 2019, the amount of sales with a particular customer accounted fell below 10% of the total sale of the Company and there were only two customers whose sale accounted for more than 10% of the total sale. Measures taken:

- a. Maintain close interactions with the customers, and assist the customers in front-end design, development and reinforce the bonding with the customers.
- b. Diversified development of products
- c. Reinforcement of automated production for a higher yield rate, upgrade of production efficiency, and strengthen the competitive edge.
- (10) The influence and risk deriving from the transfer or swap of shares in significant quantity by the Directors, Supervisors, of dominant shareholders holding more than 10% of the shares issued by the Company, and the response:

There was no transfer of shares in significant quantity to any third party by the Directors, Supervisors, or dominant shareholders holding more than 10% of the shares issued by the Company in the most recent year to the date the annual report was printed.

(11) The influence and risk from the change hands of the management, and the response:

There was no change in hands of the management of the Company that influenced the operation of the Company in the most recent year to the date the annual report was printed.

(12) List out the legal proceedings or non-contentious matters, or administrative actions, involving the Company, the Directors, Supervisors, President, the deputy agent, or dominant shareholders holding more than 10% of the shares issued by the Company and its subsidiaries, concluded with rulings or still pending, the result of which may cause significant influence on the shareholders equity or stock price of the Company. Disclose the factual account of the contention, the starting date of the proceedings, the parties concerned, and the action taken by the Company to the date this report was printed: None.

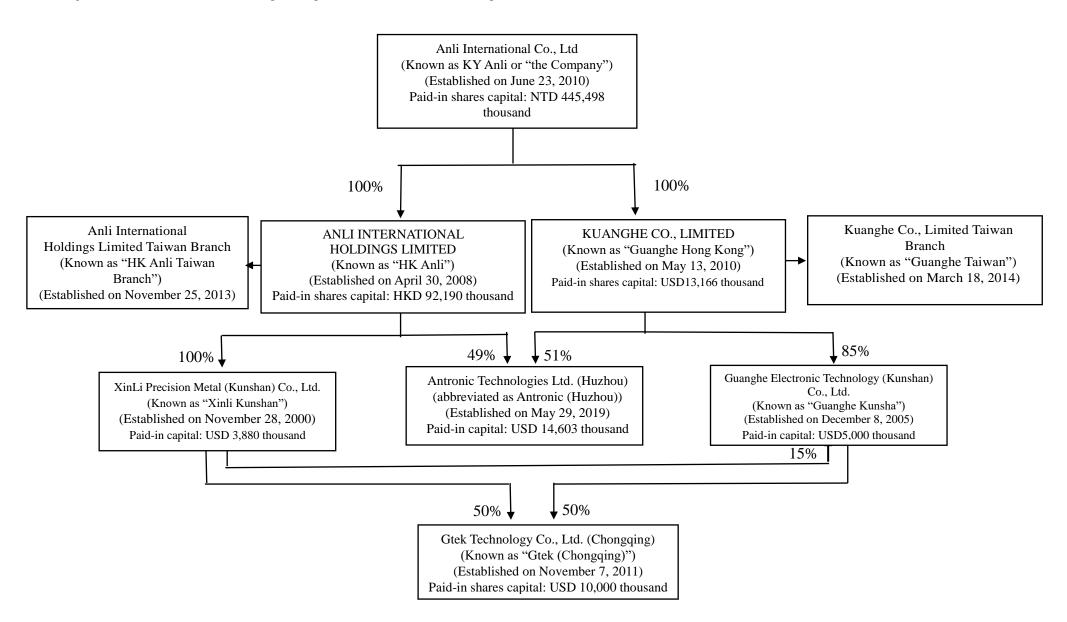
(13) Other important risks and coping measures: Information security risk assessment analysis and coping measures:

The company has set up information security policies to establish the company information and computer system and maintain a safe environment, with complete information system measures and management processes. Although the Company has established the above policies, processes and many other security measures, there is no guarantee that the control or maintenance of the Company's manufacturing operations and accounting and other important corporate functions of the computer system, can completely avoid any third party from illegally intrusion into the Company's internal network system damage. That said, the company will continue to strengthen safety measures and management processes through inspection and evaluation in order to ensure appropriateness and effectiveness, thereby reducing risks.

7. Other important notes: None.

VIII. Special Notes

- 1. Affiliated companies
- (1) Organizational Chart of the affiliates (up to the publication date of this annual report)



(2) Profiles of the affiliates

Name of affiliate	Date of foundation	Address	Paid-in capital	Main business activities or products
Anli Hong Kong	2008.4.30	Block W&C, 8F, Valiant Industrial Centre, No.10, Au Pui Wan Street, Fo Tan, Shatin, New Territories, Hong Kong	HKD 92,190 thousand	Investments and trading, and sales of the subsidiaries
Kuanghe Hong Kong	2010.5.13	Block W&C, 8F, Valiant Industrial Centre, No.10, Au Pui Wan Street, Fo Tan, Shatin, New Territories, Hong Kong	USD 13,166 thousand	Investments and trading, and sales of the subsidiaries
XinLi Precision Metal (Kunshan) Co., Ltd.	2000.11.28	No. 99-88, Jidian East Road, Shipu Industrial and Commercial Management Zone, Qiandeng Township, Kunshan, Jiangsu Province.	USD 3,880 thousand	Responsible for the production and sales of stamped products
Kuanghe Electronic Technology (Kunshan) Co., Ltd.	2005.12.8	No. 1425, Fengshou North Road, Qiandeng Township, Kunshan, Jiangsu Province.	USD 5,000 thousand	Responsible for the production and sales of cast products.
Gtek Technology Co., Ltd. (Chongqing)	2011.11.7	No. 199, Donglin Blvd, Bishan District, Chongqing City	USD 10,000 thousand	Responsible for the production and sales of stamped and cast products of the Company.
Anli Technology Co., Ltd. (Huzhou)	2019.5.29	Address: No. 18-177, Gongye Road., South Taihu High-Tech Industrial Park, High-Tech Zone, Wuxing District, Huzhou City, Zhejiang Province	USD 14,603 thousand	Responsible for the production and sales of stamped and cast products of the Company.

- (3) Information on the same group of shareholders presumed as under control and in subordinated relation: Nil
- (4) Information on directors, supervisors, and general managers of affiliated enterprises

Name of affiliate	Title	Name or the	Status of shareholding		
Name of affiliate	ritte	representative person	Quantity	Ratio of Shareholding	
Anli Hong Kong	Director / President	Lin Chi-Kun	-	-	
Ailli Holig Kolig	Director	Hsu Chen-Kun	-	-	
Kuanghe Hong Kong	Director / President	Wu Chin-Sung	-	-	
Kuangne Hong Kong	Director	Hsu Chen-Kun	-	-	
X. I.D	Director / President	Lin Chi-Kun	-	-	
XinLi Precision	Director	Hsu Chen-Kun	-	-	
Metal (Kunshan) Co., Ltd.	Director	Huang Ta-Peng	-	-	
Co., Ltd.	Supervisor	Wu Chin-Sung	-	-	
	Director / President	Wu Chin-Sung	-	-	
Kuanghe Electronic	Director	Hsu Chen-Kun	-	-	
Technology (Kunshan) Co., Ltd.	Director	Wu Chi-Kun	-	-	
(Kunshan) Co., Ltd.	Supervisor	Lin Chi-Kun	-	-	
	Director / President	Chang Yi-Chang	-	-	
Gtek Technology	Director	Hsu Chen-Kun	-	-	
Co., Ltd.(Chongqing)	Director	Wu Chin-Sung	-	-	
	Supervisor	Wu Chi-Kun	-	-	
	Chairman	Hsu Chen-Kun	-	-	
	Director / President	Wu Chin-Sung	-	-	
Anli Technology	Director	Lin Chi-Kun	-	-	
Co., Ltd. (Huzhou)	Director	Wu Chi-Kun	-	-	
	Director	Chang Yi-Chang	-	-	
	Supervisor	Wang Wan-Hsing	-	-	

(5) Operation overview of the bank's subsidiaries

December 31, 2020 Unit: NT\$ thousands

Name of affiliate	Share capital	Total assets	Total liabilities	Net value	Operating revenue	Operating profit	Current period profit (after tax)	Earnings per share (\$) (After tax)
Anli Hong Kong	497, 221	1, 409, 976	267, 942	1, 142, 034	501, 625	29, 156	200, 476	Note 1
Kuanghe Hong Kong	390, 241	1, 181, 078	197, 242	983, 836	253, 798	(1, 214)	119, 923	Note 1
XinLi Precision Metal (Kunshan) Co., Ltd.	112, 927	1, 041, 173	245, 947	795, 226	738, 034	174, 696	203, 634	Note 1
Kuanghe Electronic Technology (Kunshan) Co., Ltd.	145, 525	1, 190, 651	388, 036	802, 614	880, 472	192, 432	173, 842	Note 1
Gtek Technology Co., Ltd. (Chongqing)	283, 456	646, 588	287, 909	358, 679	387, 714	54, 374	52, 142	Note 1
Anli Technology Co., Ltd. (Huzhou)	410, 344	691, 044	261, 077	429, 967	-	(72)	(135)	Note 1

Note 1: Non-limited company

- (6) Consolidated financial statements with the affiliates: the same as the Consolidated Financial Statements of the Parent Company and Subsidiaries: please refer to pp.143. Affiliation Report: None.
- 2. In the latest financial year to the date this report was printed, private placement of securities: None.
- 3. Holding or disposal of the company's shares by its subsidiaries during the latest financial year, up to the publication date of this annual report: None.

4. Other supplementary information:

The Company promised the Taipei Exchange prior to OTC listing to revise "In the event the Company's direct or indirect forfeit of XinLi Precision Metal (Kunshan) Co., Ltd., Kuanghe Electronic Technology (Kunshan) Co., Ltd., and Gtek Technology Co., Ltd. (Chongqing) capital increase for years to come or directly or indirectly disposes the shares of the said companies causing the Company to lose substantive control over the said companies, approval by the Company's board (Special Resolution) is required, and the independent directors should attend and express their opinions" in the "Acquisition and Disposal of Asset Operation procedure." The above resolution contents and subsequent guideline amendments shall be disclosed as major information on the Market Observation Post System and reported to the Taipei Exchange for recordkeeping." The Company issued a letter on April 10, 2018, promising revision operations in accordance with the provisions. The revised articles were passed by the board on April 24, 2018 and was passed at the general shareholders' meeting on May 25, 2018.

5. Note to significant variation from the protection of shareholders equity in Taiwan

The protection of shareholders equity	Contents Provisioned in the Corporate Charter	Cause of variation	Influence on shareholders equity
The Company	The contents of this	According to Article 1 of the	The restriction of
repurchased its own	requirement are stated in	Articles of Incorporation,	<u>transfer shall be</u>
shares for assignment	Article 40D of the Articles	Treasury Shares as referred	governed by
to its employees with	of Incorporation, read	to shall be those shares	<u>agreement</u>
the restriction of no	as "Unless Article 40E of	issued in accordance with	binding the
transfer within the	the Articles of	the Articles of Incorporation,	parties with no
specific period of	Incorporation and the laws	the company law of the	significant and
time. Such period	governing the listing on	Cayman Islands, and	<u>unfavorable</u>
could not be longer	the TWSE or TPEx	applicable laws governing	<u>influence on</u>
than 2 years.	provide otherwise, the	the listing on the TWSE or	<u>shareholders</u>
	treasury shall be disposed	TPEx but repurchased or	equity.
	in accordance with the	redeemed, or repossessed	
	provisions and conditions	through any other means by	
	determined by the Board.	the Company without	
	If the repurchase of	cancellation. As such, the	
	treasury shares shall be	requirement of this section is	
	subject to assignment to	provided by Article 40D of	
	employees under	the Articles of Incorporation.	
	applicable laws governing	According to the lawyers of	
	the listing on the TWSE or	the Cayman Islands, "the	
	TPEx, the employees	restrictions agreed between	
	concerned shall promise	the transferor and transferee	
	not to transfer these shares	is a contractual matter	
	within a stipulated period	between themselves."	
	no longer than 2 years.		
	(Note: The above is the		
	extract in Chinese)"		
	onder in Chillese)		
6. The following	The contents of	The operation in the Cayman	In accordance
should be	requirement in this section	Islands has no specific rules	with "Foreign
elaborated with	are stated in Article 50 of	and regulations governing	<u>Issuer</u>
examples as an	the Articles of	extemporary motions.	Registration
integral part of the	Incorporation and	According to the lawyer of	Country

cause for the convention of a Shareholders denote the notice of the Meeting, and cannot be proposed cannot be proposed as a extemporary motions. The summary of the content could be posted on the content could be posted on the website designated by the link of the website designated authority of securities or the link of the website: (1) The election or dismissal of discretors, supervisors; (2) Amendments to the Company the listing on the TWSE or public offering: (3) Company and Dismissal, (4) Application for discontinuation of public offering: (5) Company Dismissal, (5) Company Dismissal, (a) Shareholders in the meeting for discussion and provide related information the Company, state the content of the meeting for discussion and provide related information the content of the same thority of meeting notice in the aspect the content of extemporary motion. However, "Miscellaneous meeting notice in the aspect the meeting notice of extemporary motion. However, "Miscellaneous the meeting notice of the Shareholders' and shall not have the meeting notice of the Shareholders' and shall not have the meeting notice of the Shareholders' and shall not have the company the competition	The protection of	Contents Provisioned in	Cause of variation	Influence on
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Shareholders Meeting, and cannot be proposed as as extemporary extemporary motions: the motice of the summary of the content summary of the content could be posted on the competent authority of website designated by the competent authority of securities or the Election or relief of company, and specify the notice to the link of the website: (1) The election or discontinuation of the Company the Com	cause for the	specified as, "The	the Cayman Islands, the	Shareholders'
Meeting, and cannot be proposed as as extemporary motions. The summary of the content could be posted on the content could be posted on the website designated by the competent authority of securities or the Company, and specify the notice to to the link of the website: (1) The election or discontinuation of public of the Company (Articles of Lorporate Charter (Articles of public of fering; (e) Dissolution of public of fering; (f) Entering into, assembly as extemporary motions are temporary motions. The summary of the content could be posted on the competent authority of securities or the Company, and specify the notice to the link of the website: (a) Shareholders Meeting, and provide related information for the shareholders in the meeting notice in the aspect of extemporary motion. (b) However, "Miscellaneous metions" will usually be included in the meeting notice of the Shareholders amendment by letter of the	convention of a	following shall be cited in	Company shall explicitly	right Protection
cannot be proposed as extemporary extemporary motions: the motions. The summary of the content summary of the content could be posted on the content could be website designated by the posted on the website designated by the competent authority of the link of the website: (a) securities or the Company, and specify the notice to the link of the website: (1) The election or dismissal of directors, Application for the shareholders in the meeting notice in the aspect of extemporary motion. However, "Miscellaneous motions" will usually be included in the meeting notice of the Shareholders amounced by the competent authority of motions" will usually be included in the meeting notice of the Shareholders amounced by the competent authority of motions" will usually be included in the meeting notice of the Shareholders amounced by the competent authority of motions will usually be included in the meeting notice of the Shareholders amounced by the competent authority of motions will usually be included in the meeting notice of the Shareholders amounced by the competent authority of motions are informal and insignificant so that the 2020, the Chairman (Presiding Corporate Chairman (Presiding Corpor	Shareholders	the notice of the	state the content of the	Matter Checklist"
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securities or the Company, and specify the notice to the link of the website: (1) The election or dismissal of directors, supervisors; discontinuation of the Company the Com	by the competent	and specify the notice to	notice of the Shareholders	announced by
Company, and specify the notice to the link of the website: (1) The election or discontinuation of public (2) Amendments to the Company the Company the Company (Articles of applicable laws governing Incorporation); (2) Amendments to (Articles of applicable laws governing Incorporation); (3) Decapitalization; (4) Application for discontinuation of public offering: (4) Application for discontinuation of discontinuation of public offering: (5) Company leasing of the whole insignificant so that the Corporate Charter applicable laws governing public offering: (5) Company leasing of the whole insignificant so that the Corporate Charter insignificant so that the Corporate Charter applicable); (b) Chartman (Presiding Corporate Charter insignificant so that the Corporation insignificant so that the Corporate Charter insignificant so that the Corporate Charter and should be capitalized in the Start set of the MOU Officer) cannot include major issues in this category. In case of major issues, according to the Shareholders' Right Protection Matter Check List and shall not have the issue must be resolved in the convention of the shareholders' rights.	authority of	the link of the website: (a)	Meeting. In general, these	Taipei Exchange
specify the notice to the link of the website: (1) The election or discontinuation of public (2) Amendments to the Company the Company the Company, transfer of (Articles of applicable laws governing Incorporation); (3) Decapitalization; (4) Application for discontinuation of public (Articles of applicable laws governing lacontinuation of discontinuation of discontinuation of public (3) Decapitalization; (4) Application for discontinuation of alteration, or termination (5) Company (5) Company Alteration of the MOU Officer) cannot include major issues in this category. In case of major issues, according to the Shareholders' Right Protection under the agenda for further discussion and resolution. In case of an emergency where the issue must be resolved in the convention of the shareholders' shares (defined by the convention of the substantive content of these issues must be presented in the next session for attention, or termination of the agreement on extemporary motion is not regulated under the laws of	securities or the	Election or relief of	motions are informal and	on January 8,
to the link of the website: and/or the Articles of and/or the Articles of Incorporation; (c) In Case of major issues, meetings shall be called dismissal of Decapitalization; (d) directors, Application for discontinuation of the Company the Company, transfer of (Articles of applicable laws governing Incorporation); (3) Decapitalization; (d) the listing on the TWSE or public offering: (4) Application for discontinuation of public offering: (5) Company leasing of the whole office in website: Alteration of the MOU major issues in this category. In case of major issues, meetings shall be called under the agenda for further discussion and resolution. In case of an emergency where the issue must be resolved in the convention of the Shareholders' rights. Charter has been major issues, meetings shall be called under the agenda for further discussion and resolution. In the case of an emergency where the issue must be resolved in the convention of the substantive content of these issues must be presented in the next session for attification. Nevertheless, extemporary motion is not regulated under the laws of	Company, and	Directors or Supervisors	insignificant so that the	<u>2020, the</u>
website: and/or the Articles of Incorporation; (c) In case of major issues, according to the Shareholders' dismissal of Decapitalization; (d) meetings shall be called under the agenda for further supervisors; discontinuation of public offering; (e) Dissolution of the Company the Company, transfer of (Articles of Incorporation); the listing on the TWSE or (3) Decapitalization; TPEx), merger, or spinoff; lisues must be presented in discontinuation of public of the next session for discontinuation of alteration, or termination public offering: of the agreement on leasing of the whole regulated under the laws of	specify the notice	(where applicable); (b)	Chairman (Presiding	<u>Corporate</u>
(1) The election or dismissal of Decapitalization; (d) Decapitalization; (d) meetings shall be called under the agenda for further discussion and resolution. In Case of an emergency where the Company the Company, transfer of the Corporate Charter (Articles of Incorporation); the listing on the TWSE or (3) Decapitalization; (f) Entering into, discontinuation of public of the agreement on (5) Company linear part of the convention of the discussion and resolution. In case of an emergency where the agenda for further discussion and resolution. In case of an emergency where the issue must be resolved in the convention of the Shareholders' major impacts on shareholders' rights. Shareholders Meeting, the substantive content of these issues must be presented in the next session for ratification. Nevertheless, extemporary motion is not regulated under the laws of	to the link of the	Alteration of the MOU	Officer) cannot include	Charter has been
dismissal of directors, Application for discontinuation of public offering: (2) Amendments to offering; (e) Dissolution of the Company the Company, transfer of Applicable laws governing Incorporation); the listing on the TWSE or discontinuation of discontinuation of discontinuation of discontinuation of public offering: (3) Decapitalization; (4) Application for discontinuation of public offering: (5) Company Decapitalization; (d) meetings shall be called under the agenda for further discussion and resolution. In case of an emergency where the issue must be resolved in the convention of the shareholders' prights. Shareholders' prights. Shareholders' prights. Shareholders' prights. Shareholders' prights.	website:	and/or the Articles of	major issues in this category.	<u>amended</u>
directors, supervisors; discontinuation of public offering; (e) Dissolution of the Company the Company, transfer of (Articles of Incorporation); the listing on the TWSE or (3) Decapitalization; (4) Application for discontinuation of public offering: (of the agreement on public offering: (of the agreement on the continuation of the agreement on the continuation of the agreement on the continuation of the the agenda for further discussion and resolution. In discussion and resolution. In case of an emergency where the issue must be resolved in the issue must be resolved in the convention of the shareholders. Shareholders Meeting, the substantive content of these issues must be presented in the next session for alteration, or termination of extemporary motion is not regulated under the laws of	(1) The election or	Incorporation; (c)	In case of major issues,	according to the
supervisors; discontinuation of public offering; (e) Dissolution of the Company the Company, transfer of the convention of the shares (defined by applicable laws governing Incorporation); the listing on the TWSE or discontinuation of discontinuation of alteration, or termination public offering: of the agreement on the case of an emergency where the issue must be resolved in the convention of the shareholders' and shall not have major impacts on shareholders' rights. Matter Check List and shall not have major impacts on shareholders' rights. Shareholders Meeting, the substantive content of these issues must be presented in the next session for ratification. Nevertheless, of the agreement on extemporary motion is not regulated under the laws of	dismissal of	Decapitalization; (d)	meetings shall be called	Shareholders'
(2) Amendments to the Company the Company, transfer of the issue must be resolved in the convention of the Shareholders' (Articles of applicable laws governing Incorporation); the listing on the TWSE or (3) Decapitalization; TPEx), merger, or spinoff; (4) Application for discontinuation of public offering: of the agreement on the issue must be resolved in the convention of the Shareholders' Shareholders Meeting, the substantive content of these issues must be presented in the next session for ratification. Nevertheless, extemporary motion is not regulated under the laws of	directors,	Application for	under the agenda for further	Right Protection
the Company the Company, transfer of the issue must be resolved in shares (defined by the convention of the shareholders' applicable laws governing Incorporation); the listing on the TWSE or (3) Decapitalization; TPEx), merger, or spinoff; issues must be presented in the next session for discontinuation of public offering: of the agreement on leasing of the whole the issue must be resolved in the convention of the shareholders' rights. Shareholders Meeting, the substantive content of these issues must be presented in the next session for ratification. Nevertheless, extemporary motion is not regulated under the laws of	supervisors;	discontinuation of public	discussion and resolution. In	Matter Check List
Corporate Charter (Articles of applicable laws governing Incorporation); the listing on the TWSE or (3) Decapitalization; (7) Entering into, discontinuation of public offering: of the agreement on (5) Company the convention of the shareholders' shareholders Meeting, the substantive content of these issues must be presented in the next session for ratification. Nevertheless, extemporary motion is not regulated under the laws of	(2) Amendments to	offering; (e) Dissolution of	case of an emergency where	and shall not have
(Articles of applicable laws governing Incorporation); the listing on the TWSE or (3) Decapitalization; TPEx), merger, or spinoff; issues must be presented in the next session for discontinuation of public offering: of the agreement on leasing of the whole Shareholders Meeting, the substantive content of these issues must be presented in the next session for ratification. Nevertheless, extemporary motion is not regulated under the laws of	the Company	the Company, transfer of	the issue must be resolved in	major impacts on
Incorporation); the listing on the TWSE or substantive content of these (3) Decapitalization; TPEx), merger, or spinoff; issues must be presented in the next session for discontinuation of alteration, or termination ratification. Nevertheless, public offering: of the agreement on extemporary motion is not regulated under the laws of	Corporate Charter	shares (defined by	the convention of the	shareholders'
(3) Decapitalization; TPEx), merger, or spinoff; issues must be presented in the next session for discontinuation of alteration, or termination public offering: of the agreement on public offering: of the agreement on leasing of the whole regulated under the laws of	(Articles of	applicable laws governing	Shareholders Meeting, the	rights.
(4) Application for discontinuation of public offering: of the agreement on leasing of the whole the next session for ratification. Nevertheless, extemporary motion is not regulated under the laws of	Incorporation);	the listing on the TWSE or	substantive content of these	
discontinuation of alteration, or termination public offering: of the agreement on leasing of the whole regulated under the laws of	(3) Decapitalization;	TPEx), merger, or spinoff;	issues must be presented in	
public offering: of the agreement on extemporary motion is not regulated under the laws of	(4) Application for	(f) Entering into,	the next session for	
(5) Company leasing of the whole regulated under the laws of	discontinuation of	alteration, or termination	ratification. Nevertheless,	
	public offering:	of the agreement on	extemporary motion is not	
Dismissal, operation, entrustment of the Cayman Islands. Yet, the	(5) Company	leasing of the whole	regulated under the laws of	
	Dismissal,	operation, entrustment of	the Cayman Islands. Yet, the	

The protection of shareholders equity	Contents Provisioned in the Corporate Charter	Cause of variation	Influence on shareholders equity
Consolidation,	operation, or joint venture	lawyer of the Cayman	
Share Conversion	in operation with a third	Islands recommended not to	
and Division:	party; (g) Assignment of	bring up any extemporary	
(6) Entering into,	all or the principal	motion in the convention of	
alteration, or	business operation or	a Shareholders Meeting.	
termination of the	assets; (h) Acceptance of		
agreement on	business operation or		
leasing of the	assets assigned by a third		
whole operation,	party that caused		
entrustment of	significant influence on the		
operation, or joint	operation of the Company;		
venture in	(i) Offering of equity		
operation with a	securities through private		
third party.	placement; (j) The		
(7)Assignment of all	engagement of the		
or the principal	Directors in business		
business operation	prohibited under the rule		
or assets;	of no competition;		
(8)Acceptance of	(k) Payment of dividends		
business operation	and bonuses in whole or in		
or assets assigned	part through the offering of		
by a third party	new shares; (1)		
that caused	Appropriation of legal		
significant	reserve or additional		
influence on the	paid-in capital or as gifts		
operation of the	for capitalization into new		
Company;	shares or in cash payable		
(9) Offering of equity	to the original shareholders		
securities through	in whole or in part; (m)		
private placement;	According to the Company		
(10) The	Act, payment of dividends		
engagement of the	and bonuses in whole or in		
Directors in	part through the offering of		

The protection of shareholders equity	Contents Provisioned in the Corporate Charter	Cause of variation	Influence on shareholders equity
business prohibited under the rule of no competition; (11) Payment of dividends and bonuses in whole or in part through the offering of new shares. (12) Appropriation of the legal reserve or additional	new shares; (n) The Company may assign treasury shares to the employees; and (o) termination of listing on the TWSE or TPEx. Shareholders may propose motions at the convention of the Shareholders	Cause of Variation	shareholders equity
paid-in capital or as gifts for capitalization into new shares, or in cash payable to the original shareholders in whole or in part.	provide otherwise but only confined to the scope of the original motions. (Note: The above is the extract in Chinese)"		
2. If balloting could be made by correspondence or electronic means, the method must be elaborated in the notice of Shareholders Meeting. Shareholders who have voted in writing or using the electronic method	The contents of this requirement are stated in Article 67 and Paragraph 1 in Article 68 of the Articles of Incorporation, and specified as "67. Unless the Articles of Incorporation provide otherwise, balloting at the Shareholders Meeting could be made by correspondence or electronic means and the	There is no specific requirement of the former part in Section II under the Company Law of the Cayman Islands. As such, the former part in Section II was included in Article 67 of the Articles of Incorporation. According to the lawyer of the Cayman Islands, the act of balloting by shareholders by correspondence shall be construed as the appointment	In Article 68 of the Articles of Incorporation, it is suggested that when the Chairman (Presiding Officer) acts on behalf of and in the names of the shareholders in casting the votes for decision as per the instructions of these shareholders

The protection of shareholders equity	Contents Provisioned in the Corporate Charter	Cause of variation	Influence on shareholders equity
are considered to	method shall be elaborated	of the Presiding Officer of	by correspondence
have attended the	in the notice of the	the session of the	or via electronic
shareholders	Shareholders Meeting.	Shareholders Meeting to	means, he or she
meeting in person.	Unless otherwise	vote on behalf of and in the	cannot exercise the
However, they	provisioned by OTC	name of these shareholders.	right to vote not
waive their rights	listing regulations, the	Accordingly, the lawyer of	specified in the
to participate in	Company shall list	the Cayman Islands	aforementioned
any special	electronic means as one of	suggested including the	correspondence or
motions or	the channels for exercising	latter part in Section II in	electronic
revisions to the	voting rights at	Article 68 of the Articles of	document. This
original agendas	shareholders' meetings. If	Incorporation.	practice does not
that may arise	the Board determined a		cause unfavorable
during the	specific session of the		and significant
shareholders	Shareholders Meeting		influence on
meeting.	would be held outside the		shareholders
	Republic of China, the		equity.
	Board shall allow		
	shareholders to cast their		
	votes for decision by		
	correspondence or via		
	electronic means." "68.		
	Shareholders electing to		
	cast their votes by		
	correspondence or via		
	electronic means as stated		
	in the previous article shall		
	be deemed the		
	appointment of the		
	Chairman (Presiding		
	Officer) of the session of		
	the Shareholders Meeting		
	to exercise the right to		
	votes as per the instruction		

The protection of shareholders equity	Contents Provisioned in the Corporate Charter	Cause of variation	Influence on shareholders equity
	of the aforementioned		
	correspondence or		
	electronic document.		
	However, the balloting of		
	these shareholders by		
	correspondence or		
	electronic means shall be		
	construed as their		
	abstention from the		
	balloting on extemporary		
	motions or amendments to		
	the motions proposed in		
	the session. The act of the		
	aforementioned		
	appointment shall not be		
	construed as the		
	appointment of proxy		
	under the rules and		
	regulations governing the		
	listing on the TWSE or		
	TPEx. Once appointed by		
	the aforementioned		
	shareholders, the		
	Chairman (Presiding		
	Officer) cannot exercise		
	the right to vote beyond		
	the scope inscribed in the		
	aforementioned		
	correspondence or		
	electronic documents.		
	(Note: the above is extract		
	from Chinese)		
4. Shareholders after	The contents of the	There is no specific	The variation in

The protection of shareholders equity	Contents Provisioned in the Corporate Charter	Cause of variation	Influence on shareholders equity
exercising their votes in writing or by electronic means wish to attend the meeting of shareholders in person shall have the intension of exercising votes in writing or by electronic means revoked the same way of exercising their votes two days prior to the meeting commencement date. For overdue revocations, the votes exercised in writing or by electronic means shall prevail.	requirements of this section are inscribed in Article 70 of the Articles of Incorporation, and specified as "Where the shareholders may desire to attend the session of the Shareholders Meeting in person after expressing the intent of voting by correspondence or electronic means, they shall revoke the previous expression of intent of voting by correspondence or electronic means at least 2 days prior to the meeting date. The revocation of the voting by correspondence or electronic means shall constitute the revocation of the appointment to the Chairman (Presiding Officer) in exercising the right to vote as stated in Article 68. If the shareholders expressed the intent of revoking the previous intent of voting by correspondence or electronic means as stated Article 67 after the aforementioned deadline, the previous expression of	requirement of the Company Law of the Cayman Islands on Section 4. As such, Section 4 is included in Article 70 of the Articles of Incorporation. According to the lawyer of the Cayman Islands, under "common law, a person may revoke its proxy by attending the meeting in person." Shareholders electing to exercise the right to vote by correspondence or electronic means shall be construed as the appointment of the Chairman (Presiding Officer) to exercise the right to vote in the names of and on behalf of these shareholders in the meeting. As such, the content in Section 4 may not be enforceable.	this section is caused by the principle of the Anglo-American Common Law system, which will not cause unfavorable and significant influence on shareholders equity. The shareholders equity could be protected after the disclosure of the content to the shareholders through the annual report.

The protection of shareholders equity	Contents Provisioned in the Corporate Charter	Cause of variation	Influence on shareholders equity
Shareholders equity	the corporate charter		sharehorders equity
	correspondence or		
	electronic means shall		
	stand and the Chairman		
	(Presiding Officer) shall be		
	appointed for casting the		
	votes on behalf of and in		
	the names of these		
	shareholders as stated in		
	Article 68. Where the		
	shareholders may change		
	their mind after expressing		
	the intent of voting by		
	correspondence or		
	electronic means as stated		
	in Article 67 by the		
	appointment of proxies to		
	attend the session of the		
	Shareholders Meeting, it		
	shall be construed as the		
	revocation of the previous		
	appointment of the		
	Chairman (Presiding		
	Officer) for voting on their		
	behalf and in their names.		
	Accordingly, the votes cast		
	by the proxies in the		
	session shall stand.		
	(Note: The above is the		
	extract in Chinese)"		
4. If the shareholders	The contents of the	There is no specific	The variation in
desire to attend the	requirements are inscribed	requirement of the power of	this section is
meeting in person,	in Article 62B of the	attorney or the solicitation of	caused by the
or exercise the	Articles of Incorporation,	power of attorney in the	principle of the
	_	Company Law of the	
right to vote by	which are specified as "If	Company Law of the	Anglo-American

The protection of	Contents Provisioned in		Influence on
shareholders equity	the Corporate Charter	Cause of variation	shareholders equity
correspondence of	the shareholders desire to	Cayman Islands. As such,	Common Law
electronic means	attend the meeting in	the content of Section 4 is	system, which will
after the delivery	person, or exercise the	included in Article 62B of	not cause
of the power of	right to vote by	the Articles of Incorporation.	unfavorable and
attorney to the	correspondence of	According to the lawyer of	significant
Company, they	electronic means after the	the Cayman Islands, "under	influence on
shall notify the	delivery of the power of	common law, a person may	shareholders
Company for	attorney to the Company,	revoke its proxy by	equity. The
revocation of the	they shall notify the	attending the meeting in	shareholders
power of attorney	Company for revocation of	person." As such, the content	equity could be
at least 2 days prior	the power of attorney	of Section 4 may not be	protected after
to the meeting	previous made at least 2	enforceable.	the disclosure of
date, or the	days prior to the meeting		the content to the
attendance by	date. The attendance by		shareholders
proxy to exercise	proxy to exercise the right		through the
the right to vote	to vote shall stand if		annual report.
shall stand if	notification cannot be		
notification cannot	made by the		
be made by the	aforementioned deadline.		
aforementioned	(Note: The above is the		
deadline.	extract in Chinese)"		
The following motions involve the rights and	Subparagraphs 1, 4, and 5	According to the lawyer of	Article
privileges of the	in the consolidated and	the Cayman Islands: (i) The	32(a)(b)(c)(d)(g)(h)
shareholders in materiality and shall	spinoff, Subparagraph 6,	articles of incorporation of	and Article 33 (a)
be passed by the	and Subparagraph 7, were	the operation in the Cayman	of the Articles of
Shareholders Meeting in a session attended	inscribed in Article 32	Islands must comply with	Incorporation
by shareholders	(a)(b)(c)(d)(g)(h) of the	the mandatory requirements	(voluntary
representing more than two third of the	Articles of Incorporation.	of the Company Act of the	dissolution of the
outstanding shares and a simple majority of	The content is "The	Cayman Islands. In case of	Company in case
the votes from the	following may be	contradiction, the	of insolvency)
shareholders in session. If the	determined by Type A	Company Law of the	were amended in
presence of	Special Resolution or Type	Cayman Islands shall stand;	accordance with
shareholders in this session cannot qualify	B Special Resolution: (a)	(ii) "Special Resolution" is a	the Protection of

The protection of shareholders equity	Contents Provisioned in the Corporate Charter	Cause of variation	Influence on shareholders equity
shareholders equity	the Corporate Charter		shareholders equity
for a quorum, the motion could be	Entering into, alteration or	legal term under the	Shareholders
passed by the presence	termination of the	Company Law of the	Equity Checklist
of shareholders representing more than	agreement on leasing of	Cayman Islands. Issues	generally. In
half of the outstanding	the whole operation,	required for "Special	addition, Article
shares and a two third majority of the votes	entrustment of operation,	Resolution" under the	157 changes to
cast by the	or joint venture in	Company Law of the	Corporate Charter
shareholders in the session:	operation with a third	Cayman Islands shall be	(including Articles
1. Entering into,	party; (b) assignment of all	decided by shareholders	18 of Incorporation
alteration, or	or principal business	under "Special Resolution"	circumstances
termination of the	operation or assets; (c)	but the minimum votes shall	depriving special
agreement on	acceptance of business	not fall below the	shareholders of
leasing of the whole	operation or assets	requirements under the	their rights),
operation,	assigned by a third party	"Special Resolution" under	Article 33(b)
entrustment of	that caused a significant	the Company Law of the	Dismissal
operation, or joint	influence on the operation	Cayman Islands. As such,	(referring to the
venture in operation	of the Company;	the Articles of Incorporation	Company's
with a third party,	(d) Proceed to	shall set a higher standard.	voluntary dismissal
assignment of all or	consolidated and spinoff		due to failure to
the principal	under the applicable laws		clear debts in
business operation	governing the listing on		time), and Article
or assets, acceptance	the TWSE or TPEx; (g)		31 (c) Merger
of business	Issuance of restricted stock		matters of the
operation or assets	in accordance with Article		corporate charter
assigned by a third	17B; and (h) Payment of		are in accordance
party that caused	dividends or bonuses in		with the mandatory
significant influence	whole or in part by issuing		provisions of the
on the operation of	new shares. (Note: The		Company Act of
the Company	above is an abridged		the Cayman
2. Amendment to the	translation in Chinese.)		Islands, stipulating
Articles of	The requirement in Section		that approval must
Incorporation	2 is presented in Article		be through the
3. If the amendment to	157 of the Articles of		"Special
the Articles of	Incorporation and is		Resolution" rather

The protection of	Contents Provisioned in	Cause of variation	Influence on
shareholders equity	the Corporate Charter		shareholders equity
Incorporation may	specified as "Unless the		than arbitrary
jeopardize the rights	Company Act and the		change through the
of the holders of	Articles of Incorporation		Corporate Charter.
preferred shares, the	specify otherwise, the		The Corporate
resolution for	Company may change the		Charter and
approval by the	MOU and/or the Articles		Shareholders'
meetings of the	of Incorporation in whole		Right Checklist
preferred	or in part under a special		are deemed
shareholders is	resolution. (Note: The		equivalent in
necessary.	above is the extract in		terms of
4. Payment of	Chinese)"		shareholders'
dividends or	Subparagraph 3 of this		right protection.
bonuses in whole or	section is presented in		
in part by issuing	Article 18 of the Articles		
new shares. 5. Decision of	of Incorporation and		
	specified as "The		
dissolution, merger or spinoff			
6. The issuance of	Company may split up its		
restricted stock	equity capital into different		
7. Share Conversion	categories of shares (such		
7. Share Conversion	as common shares or		
	preferred shares) at any		
	time. Any unfavorable and		
	significant change or		
	revocation of the rights		
	(including without		
	limitation to any		
	amendment to the Articles		
	of Incorporation that may		
	jeopardize the rights of any		
	of the shareholders of		
	preferred shares) of any		
	category of shares (except		

The protection of shareholders equity	Contents Provisioned in the Corporate Charter	Cause of variation	Influence on shareholders equity
	the conditions for the		
	offering of specific		
	categories of shares		
	specify otherwise) shall be		
	made under (I) the special		
	resolution of the		
	Shareholders Meeting (of		
	common shares); and (II)		
	the special resolution of a		
	separate shareholders		
	Meeting of a specific		
	category of shares (such as		
	preferred shares). (Note:		
	The above is the extract in		
	Chinese)"		
	The requirement of section		
	5 in the aspect of		
	dissolution of the		
	organization is presented		
	in Article 33 of the Articles		
	of Incorporation and is		
	specified as "Unless the		
	Company Act, the Articles		
	of Incorporation, and		
	applicable laws governing		
	the listing on the TWSE or		
	TPEx specify otherwise in		
	attendance, the Company		
	shall (a) resolve to		
	voluntary dissolution in		
	case of insolvency for		
	settlement of debts upon		

The protection of shareholders equity	Contents Provisioned in the Corporate Charter	Cause of variation	Influence on shareholders equity
shareholders equity	due under Special Resolution A or Special Resolution B; or (b) resolve to voluntary dissolution in case of other incidents beyond insolvency under special resolution for the dissolution of the Company. (Note: The above is the extract in Chinese)" Subparagraph 5 of this section in the aspect of merger is presented in Article 31 (c) of the Articles of Incorporation and is specified as "the Company may (c) proceed to merger in accordance with the applicable laws	Cause of variation	shareholders equity
	governing listing on the TWSE or TPEx through special resolution. (Note: The above is the extract in Chinese)"		
Related regulations of the Supervisors.	The Company has not designated supervisors. Thus, no amendments have been made on the provisions related to	The Company Act of the Cayman Islands has no specific provisions on supervisors, and the Company has set up the	According to Article 14-4 Paragraph 1 of the Securities and Exchange Act

The protection of shareholders equity	Contents Provisioned in the Corporate Charter	Cause of variation	Influence on shareholders equity
	supervisors in the charter.	Audit Committee in place of	of the ROC, public
		supervisors.	companies may
			select either the
			system of Audit
			Committee or
			Supervisor. In
			accordance with
			the Shareholders'
			Right Protection
			Matter Checklist,
			although there is
			no stipulation on
			the Company to set
			up either the Audit
			Committee or
			designate
			supervisors,
			Article 118 of the
			Corporate
			<u>Charter</u>
			provisioning the
			setup of an audit
			committee is in
			line with the
			purpose in the
			added "companies
			applying for first
			OTC stock should
			set up an audit
			committee." Thus,
			not designating
			supervisors shall
			have no major
			<u>detrimental</u>
			impacts on

The protection of shareholders equity	Contents Provisioned in the Corporate Charter	Cause of variation	Influence on shareholders equity
			shareholders' interest.
1. Shareholders who hold more than 1% of the outstanding shares issued by the Company for more than 6 months consecutively may petition with the Supervisor in writing to sue Directors for the Company, and may refer to Taipei District Court of Taiwan as the court of legal jurisdiction. 2. If the Supervisor declines to institute legal action within 30 days after the shareholder has petitioned for legal action, the shareholder may institute legal action for the Company and submit the jurisdiction of the first instance to Taipei District Court	The contents of the requirements in Paragraph 1 and Paragraph 2 are included in Article 123 of the Articles of Incorporation and are specified as "under the laws of the British Cayman Islands, shareholders who hold 1% or more of the outstanding shares issued by the Company for more than 6 months consecutively may petition with any of the Independent Directors of the Audit Committee in writing for suing the Directors and institute the action with a court of legal jurisdiction (including Taipei District Court of Taiwan, where applicable). If the Independent Director of the Audit Committee who accepted the petition of the shareholders declined to or rejected to institute legal action within 30 days after receiving the petition from the shareholders as mentioned	There is no special requirement or prohibition inscribed in the Articles of Incorporation of the Cayman Company. According to the laws of the Cayman Islands, shareholders may institute legal action for the Company in the following circumstances: (i) an act of offense under law or abusive use of power without authorization of the Company and lacked the ratification of the shareholders; or (ii) An act of fraud against minority shareholders (the parties petitioned for remedy are the majority shareholders. These majority shareholders will not permit the Company to give leeway for the complainant in the petition for remedy through legal action. If the cause under this paragraph is the cause of legal action, prove that the fraud and illegal activities are committed by those who	In accepting the opinion of the lawyer of the Cayman Islands, this section is recommended to be disclosed in the annual report to make the information for the shareholders complete.
of Taiwan.	13	have control over the	

The protection of shareholders equity	Contents Provisioned in the Corporate Charter	Cause of variation	Influence on shareholders equity
	in the previous paragraph, the shareholders may institute legal action for the Company with a court of legal jurisdiction (including Taipei District Court of Taiwan, where applicable) unless the laws of the British Cayman Islands provide otherwise. (Note: The above is the extract in Chinese)"	Company). Any act within the authority of the Company or the abusive use of power was ratified by the shareholders and is the will of the majority of shareholders, the court of the Cayman Islands tends not to interfere into the internal affairs of the Company. The lawyer of the Cayman Islands went further that Article 123 of the Articles of Incorporation must be in compliance with the legal requirements of the Cayman Islands. Accordingly, it is not the obligation of the Directors to respond to the request of shareholders holding more than 1% of the outstanding shares of the Company to institute legal action against the other Directors if these Directors hold that the institution of legal action is not for the interest of the Company.	
1. The Directors of the Company owe a fiduciary duty of care and shall be held responsible to	The content of requirement in this paragraph is presented in Article 97B of the Articles of Incorporation and is specified as "All Directors	According to the Company Law of the Cayman Islands, Directors owe fiduciary duties to the Company, and any violation	In accepting the opinion of the lawyer of the Cayman Islands, this section is

The protection of	Contents Provisioned in	Cause of variation	Influence on
shareholders equity	the Corporate Charter	Cause of variation	shareholders equity
all the damages to	owe a fiduciary duty to the	which causes damage to the	recommended to
the Company for	Company under the law of	Company may result in a	be disclosed in the
their failure to	the Cayman Islands and	court ruling for assuming	annual report to
perform such duty. If	applicable laws to the	liability for the damage. If	make the
an act was	listing on the TWSE or	there is an act of breach of	information for
committed by a	TPEx, and such fiduciary duty shall include without	honesty by the Director for	the shareholders
Director on their	limitation the observation	self-interest or a third party	complete.
own will or in favor	of honesty and good will,	with the return of benefit,	
of a third party, the	and avoidance of conflict	the court may rule to return	
Shareholders	between obligation and	the benefit.	
Meeting may resolve	personal interest. If any	According to the law of the	
to take the income	Director violates the	Cayman Islands, if a	
from such act as the	aforementioned obligation	Director has caused damage	
income of the	of honesty, such Director	to a third party in performing	
Company.	shall assume responsibility of the damage thereof	the assigned duties of the	
2. If the performance	under the law of the	Company, such third party	
of the assigned	British Cayman Islands	may claim for the damage	
duties of the	and applicable laws for	against the	
Company by the	listing on the TWSE or	Company. Likewise, the	
Directors is in	TPEx. According to the	Company may claim for the	
violation of	law of British Cayman	loss due to the damage	
applicable laws the	Islands and applicable	claimed by the third party	
extent to which	laws for listing on the	against the Director. From	
damage is caused to	TWSE or TPEx, any Director who violates the	the perspective of the law of	
a third party, the	aforementioned obligation	the Cayman Islands, the	
Directors shall	of honesty for self-interest	third party cannot make a	
assume joint and	or a third party, the	claim directly against the	
several liabilities of	Shareholders Meeting may	Director even though the	
the damages to the	take any income for the	Articles of Incorporation	
third party and the	above act as the income of	specify that Directors shall	
Company.	the Company. If any	assume joint and several	
3. The managers and	Director of the Company	liabilities with the Company.	
Supervisors of the	has caused damage to a third party in performing	monnies with the Company.	
Supervisors of the	the assigned duties of the		
	are assigned duties of the		

The protection of shareholders equity	Contents Provisioned in the Corporate Charter	Cause of variation	Influence on shareholders equity
Company shall, within the scope of duties, be responsible for the same joint and several liabilities of damages of the Directors.	Company, this Director shall assume joint and several liabilities to the third party and the Company under the law of the British Cayman Islands and applicable laws for listing on the TWSE or TPEx. Under such circumstance, the Director shall respond to the claim for damage instituted by the third party. According to the law of the British Cayman Islands and applicable laws regarding the TWSE or TPEx, the managers and the Supervisors of the Company (where applicable) shall, within their respective scopes of assigned duties, assume the same responsibilities with the Directors as mentioned in preceding paragraphs. (Note: The above is the extract in Chinese)"		

6. Occurrences of events defined under Subparagraph 2, Paragraph 3 of Article 36 of the Securities and Exchange Act in the latest year up till the publishing date of this annual report that significantly impacted shareholders' equity or security prices: None.

ANLI INTERNATIONAL CO., LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT DECEMBER 31, 2020 AND 2019

For the convenience of readers and for information purpose only, the auditors' report and the accompanying financial statements have been translated into English from the original Chinese version prepared and used in the Republic of China. In the event of any discrepancy between the English version and the original Chinese version or any differences in the interpretation of the two versions, the Chinese-language auditors' report and financial statements shall prevail.

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT TRANSLATED FROM CHINESE

To the Board of Directors and Shareholders of Anli International Co., Ltd.

Opinion

We have audited the accompanying consolidated balance sheets of Anli International Co., Ltd. and subsidiaries (the "Group") as at December 31, 2020 and 2019, and the related consolidated statements of comprehensive income, of changes in equity and of cash flows for the years then ended, and notes to the consolidated financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In our opinion, the accompanying consolidated financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the consolidated financial position of the Group as at December 31, 2020 and 2019, and its consolidated financial performance and its consolidated cash flows for the years then ended in accordance with the "Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers" and the International Financial Reporting Standards, International Accounting Standards, IFRIC Interpretations, and SIC Interpretations as endorsed by the Financial Supervisory Commission.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit of the consolidated financial statements as at and for the year ended December 31, 2020 in accordance with the "Regulations Governing Auditing and Attestation of Financial Statements by Certified Public Accountants" and generally accepted auditing standards in the Republic of China is and in accordance with the "Regulations Governing Auditing and Attestation of Financial Statements by Certified Public Accountants", "Rule No. Financial-Supervisory-Securities-Auditing-1090360805 issued by the Financial Supervisory Commission on February 25, 2020" and generally accepted auditing standards in the Republic of China for our audit of the consolidated financial statements as at and for the year ended December 31, 2019. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Group in accordance with the Code of Professional Ethics for Certified Public Accountants in the Republic of China (the "Code"), and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Key audit matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgement, were of most significance in our audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the consolidated financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

Key audit matters for the Group's consolidated financial statements of the current period are stated as follows:

Evaluation of inventories

Description

Refer to Note 4(13) for accounting policies on inventory, Note 5(2) for the uncertainty of accounting estimates and assumptions in relation to inventory valuation, and Note 6(4) for details of allowance for inventory losses.

The Group is primarily engaged in the sales of steelwork of computer, communication and consumer electronic (3C) products. There is a higher risk of incurring loss on inventory valuation and obsolescence after considering the highly competitive market, short life cycle of electronic products, and fluctuations in market prices. Futher, the determination of net realisable value in the evaluation of inventories involves subjective judgement. Thus, we consider evaluation of inventories as a key audit matter.

How our audit addressed the matter:

We performed the following audit procedures on the above key audit matter:

- 1. Assessed the reasonableness of policies and procedures related to the provision for allowance for inventory valuation loses based on our understanding of the Group's operations and the characteristics of its industry, including the classification of inventory in determining net realisable value.
- 2. Reviewed the annual physical inventory count plan and participated in the annual inventory count in order to assess the effectiveness of internal controls over inventory.
- 3. Verified the appropriateness of evaluation used in preparing inventory aging report in order to confirm whether the information in the reports is consistent with the Group's inventory policies.
- 4. Checked the appropriateness of classification of obsolete inventory and amount of net realisable value, including testing inventory sales or purchase prices,

recalculating and evaluating the reasonableness of allowance for inventory valuation losses.

Existence and occurrence of revenue from customers with significant changes in sales

Description

Refer to Notes 4(25) and 6(18) for accounting policy on revenue recognition and related details of revenue.

The Group is primarily engaged in the sales of steelwork of computer, communication and consumer electronic (3C) products. For the year ended December 31, 2019, revenue from top ten customers constituted more than 80% of consolidated operating revenue. As such, the existence and occurrence of revenue from top ten customers are considered to be material to the consolidated operating revenue. Due to significant changes in revenue recognition arising from the top ten customers because of the highly competitive market, comparatively large changes in sales revenue and the pressure from the management to meet its financial targets, we consider existence and occurrence of revenue from customers with significant changes in sales as a key audit matter.

How our audit addressed the matter:

We performed the following audit procedures in respect of the above key audit matter:

- 1. Understood and assessed the internal control of sales revenue from the customers with significant changes in sales and tested the effectiveness of its relevant control procedures.
- 2. Sampled and tested whether the sales schedules were in agreement with the supporting documents to ascertain the existence of revenue from customers with significant changes in sales.
- 3. Inspected related documents relating to sales returns and discounts, which were requested by customers with significant changes in sales, which occurred subsequent to the reporting period and assessed the reasonableness of respective sales revenue recognised.

Other matter - Initial audit engagement

The consolidated financial statements of the Group for the year ended December 31, 2018 were audited by other auditors whose report dated March 6, 2019, expressed an unqualified opinion on those statements.

Responsibilities of management and those charged with governance for the consolidated financial statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the consolidated financial statements in accordance with the "Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers" and the International Financial Reporting Standards, International Accounting Standards, IFRIC Interpretations, and SIC Interpretations as endorsed by the Financial Supervisory Commission, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the consolidated financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Group's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Group or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance, including the audit committee, are responsible for overseeing the Group's financial reporting process.

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the consolidated financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ROC GAAS will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these consolidated financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with ROC GAAS, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- 1. Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- 2. Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Group's internal control.
- 3. Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- 4. Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Group's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the consolidated financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Group to cease to continue as a going concern.
- 5. Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the consolidated financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the consolidated financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

6. Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business activities within the Group to express an opinion on the consolidated financial statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the group audit. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

Chiu, Chao-Hsien

Chen, Chin-Chang

For and on behalf of PricewaterhouseCoopers, Taiwan

March 23, 2020

The accompanying consolidated financial statements are not intended to present the financial position and results of operations and cash flows in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in countries and jurisdictions other than the Republic of China. The standards, procedures and practices in the Republic of China governing the audit of such financial statements may differ from those generally accepted in countries and jurisdictions other than the Republic of China. Accordingly, the accompanying consolidated financial statements and report of independent accountants are not intended for use by those who are not informed about the accounting principles or auditing standards generally accepted in the Republic of China, and their applications in practice.

As the financial statements are the responsibility of the management, PricewaterhouseCoopers cannot accept any liability for the use of, or reliance on, the English translation or for any errors or misunderstandings that may derive from the translation.

ANLI INTERNATIONAL CO., LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS DECEMBER 31, 2020 AND 2019

(Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan dollars)

	1)	December 31, 2020			December 31, 2019	1	
	Assets	Notes	A	MOUNT	%	AMOUNT	%
	Current assets						
1100	Cash and cash equivalents	6(1)	\$	743,115	24	\$ 537,856	22
1110	Financial assets at fair value through	6(2)					
	profit or loss - current			920	-	-	-
1150	Notes receivable	6(3)		1,378	-	1,075	-
1170	Accounts receivable	6(4)		1,023,325	32	591,759	25
1180	Accounts receivable due from related	7					
	parties			5,822	-	18	-
1200	Other receivables			4,319	-	3,439	-
1220	Current income tax assets			6,621	-	-	-
130X	Inventories	6(5)		173,691	6	100,969	4
1410	Prepayments			23,818	1	19,324	1
11XX	Total current assets			1,983,009	63	1,254,440	52
	Non-current assets						
1517	Financial assets at fair value through	6(3)					
	other comprehensive income -						
	non-current			17,356	-	10,044	-
1600	Property, plant and equipment	6(6)		854,739	27	717,872	30
1755	Right-of-use assets	6(7)		281,146	9	298,628	12
1780	Intangible assets	6(8)		1,525	-	2,480	-
1840	Deferred tax assets	6(27)		19,039	1	13,310	1
1915	Prepayments for business facilities			8,783	-	39,185	2
1920	Guarantee deposits paid			2,354	-	72,013	3
1990	Other non-current assets	6(8)		_		3,971	
15XX	Total non-current assets			1,184,942	37	1,157,503	48
1XXX	Total assets		\$	3,167,951	100	\$ 2,411,943	100
		(Ca	ontinued)				

(Continued)

ANLI INTERNATIONAL CO., LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS DECEMBER 31, 2020 AND 2019

(Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan dollars)

			[December 31, 2020		December 31, 2019			
	Liabilities and Equity	Notes		AMOUNT	%		AMOUNT	%	
	Current liabilities								
2100	Short-term borrowings	6(10)	\$	12,920	1	\$	67,500	3	
2130	Contract liabilities - current	6(20)		470	-		62	-	
2150	Notes payable			-	-		-	-	
2170	Accounts payable			228,140	7		167,639	7	
2180	Accounts payable to related parties	7		160	-		-	-	
2200	Other payables	6(13)		437,374	14		332,827	14	
2230	Current income tax liabilities	6(27)		-	-		6,222	-	
2280	Lease liabilities - current	6(6)(7)		12,105	-		11,569	1	
2320	Long-term liabilities, current portion	6(12)		3,934	-		3,833	-	
2399	Other current liabilities			799			529		
21XX	Total current liabilities			695,902	22		590,181	25	
	Non-current liabilities								
2530	Bonds payable	6(11)		382,697	12		-	-	
2540	Long-term borrowings	6(12)		42,975	1		46,936	2	
2570	Deferred income tax liabilities	6(27)		143,301	4		109,606	4	
2580	Lease liabilities - non-current	6(7)		25,746	1		37,830	2	
2630	Long-term deferred revenue	6(14)		118,793	4		123,138	5	
2645	Guarantee deposits received			431	-		430	-	
25XX	Total non-current liabilities			713,943	22		317,940	13	
2XXX	Total liabilities			1,409,845	44		908,121	38	
	Equity								
	Equity attributable to ordinary								
	shareholders of parent								
	Share capital	6(17)							
3110	Ordinary share			432,477	14		432,477	18	
	Capital surplus	6(18)							
3200	Capital surplus			479,795	16		463,064	19	
	Retained earnings	6(19)							
3310	Legal reserve			101,249	3		85,818	3	
3320	Special reserve			144,423	5		97,033	4	
3350	Unappropriated retained earnings			738,619	23		569,853	24	
	Other equity								
3400	Other equity interest		(138,457) (5)	(144,423) (6)	
31XX	Total equity attributable to						· · `		
	ordinary shareholders of parent			1,758,106	56		1,503,822	62	
3XXX	Total equity			1,758,106	56		1,503,822	62	
ンハハハ									

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

ANLI INTERNATIONAL CO., LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020 AND 2019

(Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan dollars, except for earnings per share amounts)

	` 1			Year ended December 31					
				2020		2019			
	Items	Notes		AMOUNT	%	AMOUNT	%		
4000	Operating revenue	6(20) and 7	\$	2,075,283	100 \$	1,473,398	100		
5000	Operating costs	6(5)(25)(26)	(1,367,947)(<u>66</u>) (1,022,174)(<u>70</u>)		
5900	Gross profit from operations			707,336	34	451,224	30		
	Operating expenses	6(25)(26)							
6100	Selling expenses		(59,120)(3)(66,395)(4)		
6200	Administrative expenses		(192,564)(9)(162,074)(11)		
6300	Research and development								
	expenses		(46,677)(2)(39,740)(3)		
6450	Impairment loss (impairment	12(2)							
	gain and reversal of impairment								
	loss) determined in accordance								
	with IFRS 9		(440)	(431)			
6000	Total operating expenses		(298,801)(14)(268,640)(_	<u>18</u>)		
6900	Operating income			408,535	20	182,584	12		
	Non-operating income and								
	expenses	-(-·)		4 404		6 106			
7100	Interest income	6(21)		4,401	-	6,436	-		
7010	Other income	6(22)	,	9,445	-	10,280	1		
7020	Other gains and losses	6(23)	(51,031)(2)(13,741)(1)		
7050	Finance costs	6(24)	(5,203)	(3,972)			
7000	Total non-operating income		,	40, 200) (2) (007)			
7000	and expenses		(42,388)(<u>2</u>)(<u></u>	997)	10		
7900	Profit before income tax	C(27)	,	366,147	18	181,587	12		
7950	Income tax expense	6(27)	(82,663)(4)(27,278)(<u>2</u>)		
8200	Profit		\$	283,484	14 \$	154,309	10		
	Other comprehensive income								
	Components of other								
	comprehensive income that will								
	not be reclassified to profit or								
8316	loss								
9210	Unrealised gains (losses) from investments in equity								
	instruments measured at fair								
	value through other								
	comprehensive income		\$	7,312	- \$	_	_		
	Components of other		Ψ	7,512	- ψ				
	comprehensive income that will								
	be reclassified to profit or loss								
8361	Exchange differences on								
	translation of foreign financial								
	statements		(1,346)	- (47,392)(3)		
8500	Total comprehensive income		\$	289,450	14 \$	106,917	7		
	Earnings per share (in dollars)	6(25)							
9750	Basic earnings per share		\$		6.56 \$		3.57		
9850	Diluted earnings per share		\$		6.41 \$		3.55		
						·			

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

ANLI INTERNATIONAL CO., LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN EQUITY YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020 AND 2019

(Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan dollars)

							Equity attri	butable to ov	ners o	of the parent						
					Capital	Reserves		Retained Earnings					Other Equ	<u> </u>		
	Notes	Ordinary s		Capital surplus, additional paid-in capital		Capital surplus, employee share options	Capital surplus,		erve	Special reserve	reta	opriated nined	Exchange differences on translation of foreign financial statements	Unrealized gains (losses) from financial assets measured at fair value through other comprehensive income		Total equity
Year ended December 31, 2019																
Balance at January 1, 2019		\$ 432	,47	\$ 456,52	\$	\$ 6,54	\$	\$ 67	,82	\$ 66,76	\$	563,26	(\$ 97,03)	\$	\$	\$ 1,496,37
Profit for the year			-	-	-	-	-		-	-	1	54,309	-	-	-	154,309
Other comprehensive loss for the year													(47,392)			(47,392)
Total comprehensive income (loss) for the year											1	54,309	(47,392)			106,917
Appropriations of 2018 earnings																
Legal reserve	6(19)		-	-	-	-	-	17,	991	-	(17,991)	-	-	-	-
Special reserve	6(19)		-	-	-	-	-		-	30,264	(30,264)	-	-	-	-
Cash dividends	6(19)		-						-		(99,470)				(99,470)
Balance at December 31, 2019		\$ 432	,47	\$ 456,52	\$	\$ 6,54	\$	\$ 85	,81	\$ 97,03	\$	569,85	(\$ 144,42)	\$	\$	\$ 1,503,82
Year ended December 31, 2020																
Balance at January 1, 2020		\$ 432	,47	\$ 456,52	\$	\$ 6,54	\$	\$ 85	,81	\$ 97,03	\$	569,85	(\$ 144,42)	\$	\$	\$ 1,503,82
Profit for the year			-	-	-	-	-		-	-	2	83,484	-	-	-	283,484
Other comprehensive income (loss) for the year													(1,346)	7,312		5,966
Total comprehensive income (loss) for the year											2	83,484	(1,346)	7,312		289,450
Appropriations of 2019 earnings																
Legal reserve	6(19)		-	-	-	-	-	15,	431	-	(15,431)	-	-	-	-
Special reserve	6(19)		-	-	-	-	-		-	47,390	(47,390)	-	-	-	-
Cash dividends	6(19)		-	-	-	-	-		-	-	(51,897)	-	-	-	(51,897)
Issuance of convertible bonds	6(11)		-	-	-	-	15,779		-	-		-	-	-	-	15,779
Purchase of treasury stocks			-	-	-	-	-		-	-		-	-	-	(604)	(604)
Shared-based payment	6(16)		-	-	-	952	-		-	-		-	-	-	-	952
Treasury stocks transferred to employees	6(16)				952	(952)									604	604
Balance at December 31, 2020		\$ 432	,47	\$ 456,52	\$ 95	\$ 6,54	\$ 15,77	\$ 101	,24	\$ 144,42	\$	738,61	(\$ 145,76)	\$ 7,31	\$	\$ 1,758,10

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements

ANLI INTERNATIONAL CO., LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020 AND 2019

(Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan dollars)

			Year ended December 31							
	Notes		2020		2019					
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES										
Profit before tax		\$	366,147	\$	181,587					
Adjustments		Ψ	300,117	Ψ	101,507					
Adjustments to reconcile profit (loss)										
Depreciation	6(25)		112,846		100,452					
Amortization	6(25)		1,171		1,174					
Gain on financial assets at fair value through	6(23)		1,171		1,171					
profit or loss	-()		120	(1,947					
Impairment loss (impairment gain and reversal	12(2)		120	(1,517					
of impairment loss) determined in accordance	()									
with IFRS 9			440		431					
Finance costs	6(24)		5,203		3,972					
Interest income	6(21)	(4,401)	(6,436					
Impairment loss	0(21)	(3,750	(-					
Recognition of long-term deferred revenue	6(14)	(4,480)	(3,234					
Losses on disposals of property, plant and	6(23)	(1,100)	(3,231					
equipment	0(23)		3,709		1,297					
Net currency exchange losses			34,307		10,324					
Changes in operating assets and liabilities			31,307		10,521					
Changes in operating assets										
Financial assets at fair value through profit or										
loss - current			_		1,947					
Accounts receivable		(449,738)		94,730					
Accounts receivable due from related parties		(5,828)	(18					
Notes receivable		(299)	(1,568					
Other receivables		(314)	(2,286					
Inventory		(72,728)	(9,154					
Prepayments		(4,423)		6,296					
Changes in operating liabilities		(7,725)		0,270					
Contract liabilities			404	(411					
Accounts payable			61,242	(18,419					
Accounts payable to related parties		(7,681)	(17					
Other payables		(103,555	(63,354					
Other current liabilities			270	(205					
Cash inflow generated from operations			143,272		353,853					
Receipt of interest			3,849		7,268					
Payment of interest		(4,408)	(4,097					
Payment of income tax		(58,672)	(19,292					
Net cash flows from operating activities		(84,041		337,732					
rice cash hows from operating activities			04,041		551,132					

(Continued)

ANLI INTERNATIONAL CO., LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020 AND 2019

(Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan dollars)

			Year ended I	Year ended December 31				
	Notes		2020		2019			
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES								
Acquisition of financial assets at fair value through								
other comprehensive income - non-current		\$	-	(\$	10,044)			
Acquisition of property, plant and equipment	6(29)	(111,150)	(167,035)			
Proceeds from disposal of property, plant and								
equipment			3,365		4,062			
Acquisition of right-of-use assets			-	(105,278)			
Acquisition of intangible assets			-	(1,005)			
Increase in prepayments for business facilities		(92,781)	(4,837)			
Decrease (increase) in guarantee deposits paid			69,111	(69,533)			
Increase in other non-current assets				(4,482)			
Net cash flows used in investing activities		(131,455)	(358,152)			
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES								
Proceeds from issuance of convertible bonds	6(30)		396,435		-			
Redemption of long-term borrowings	6(30)	(3,860)	(3,760)			
Redemption of lease liabilities	6(30)	(11,511)	(11,301)			
(Decrease) increase in short-term loans	6(30)	(50,827)		67,500			
Increase in guarantee deposits	6(30)		-		327			
Payment of cash dividends	6(17)	(51,897)	(99,470)			
Purchase of treasury stocks		(604)		-			
Treasury stocks transferred to employees			604					
Net cash flows from (used in) financing								
activities			278,340	(46,704)			
Effects of exchange rate changes on cash		(25,667)	(29,061)			
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents			205,259	(96,185)			
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year			537,856		634,041			
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year		\$	743,115	\$	537,856			

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

ANLI INTERNATIONAL CO., LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020 AND 2019

(Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan dollars, except as otherwise indicated)

1. History and Organisation

Anli International Co., Ltd. (the "Company") was incorporated in the Cayman Islands on June 23, 2010. The Company acquired a 100% equity interest in ANLI INTERNATIONAL HOLDINGS LIMITED and KUANGHE CO., LIMITED by using the Company's shares in the amount of 26 million shares. The Company became the holding company of these two companies when the reorganisation was completed. The Company and its subsidiaries (collectively referred herein as the "Group") are primarily engaged in stamping of various precision metals, manufacture and sales of die casting components, computers, communication equipment, vehicle components, precision metalworking products and new electronic components such as inductance, and metal finishing. The Company's stocks were listed on the Taipei Exchange on July 2, 2018.

2. The Date of Authorisation for Issuance of the Financial Statements and Procedures for Authorisation

These consolidated financial statements were authorised for issuance by the Board of Directors on March 5, 2021.

3. Application of New Standards, Amendments and Interpretations

(1) Effect of the adoption of new issuances of or amendments to International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS") as endorsed by the Financial Supervisory Commission ("FSC")

New standards, interpretations and amendments endorsed by the FSC effective from 2020 are as follows:

	Effective date by
Navy Standards Interpretations and Amandments	<u>International</u>
New Standards, Interpretations and Amendments	Accounting
	Standards Board
Amendments to IAS 1 and IAS 8, 'Disclosure initiative-definition of material'	January 1, 2020
Amendments to IFRS 3, 'Definition of a business'	January 1, 2020
Amendments to IFRS 9, IAS 39 and IFRS 7, 'Interest rate benchmark reform'	January 1, 2020
Amendment to IFRS 16, 'Covid-19-related rent concessions'	June 1, 2020
	(Note)

Note: Earlier application from January 1, 2020 is allowed by the FSC.

The above standards and interpretations have no significant impact to the Group's financial condition and financial performance based on the Group's assessment.

(2) Effect of new issuances of or amendments to IFRSs as endorsed by the FSC but not yet adopted by the Group

New standards, interpretations and amendments endorsed by the FSC effective from 2021 are as follows:

	Effective date by			
Navy Standards Intermedations and Amandments	<u>International</u>			
New Standards, Interpretations and Amendments	Accounting			
	Standards Board			
Amendments to IFRS 4, 'Extension of the temporary exemption from	January 1, 2021			
applying IFRS 9'	January 1, 2021			
Amendments to IFRS 9, IAS 39, IFRS 7, IFRS 4 and IFRS 16, 'Interest Rate	Ionuomy 1 2021			
Benchmark Reform— Phase 2'	January 1, 2021			

The above standards and interpretations have no significant impact to the Group's financial condition and financial performance based on the Group's assessment.

(3) <u>IFRSs issued by IASB but not yet endorsed by the FSC</u>

New standards, interpretations and amendments issued by IASB but not yet included in the IFRSs as endorsed by the FSC are as follows:

	Effective date by
Naw Standards Interpretations and Amandments	<u>International</u>
New Standards, Interpretations and Amendments	Accounting
	Standards Board
Amendments to IFRS 3, 'Reference to the conceptual framework'	January 1, 2022
Amendments to IFRS 10 and IAS 28, 'Sale or contribution of assets between	To be determined by
an investor and its associate or joint venture'	International
	Accounting
	Standards Board
IFRS 17, 'Insurance contracts'	January 1, 2023
Amendments to IFRS 17, 'Insurance contracts'	January 1, 2023
Amendments to IAS 1, 'Classification of liabilities as current or non-current'	January 1, 2023
Amendments to IAS 1, 'Disclosure of accounting policies'	January 1, 2023
Amendments to IAS 8, 'Definition of accounting estimates'	January 1, 2023
Amendments to IAS 16, 'Property, plant and equipment: proceeds before intended use'	January 1, 2022
Amendments to IAS 37, 'Onerous contracts—cost of fulfilling a contract'	January 1, 2022
Annual improvements to IFRS Standards 2018–2020	January 1, 2022

The above standards and interpretations have no significant impact to the Group's financial condition and financial performance based on the Group's assessment.

4. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The principal accounting policies applied in the preparation of these consolidated financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all the periods presented, unless otherwise stated.

(1) Compliance statement

The consolidated financial statements of the Group have been prepared in accordance with the "Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers", International Financial Reporting Standards, International Accounting Standards, IFRIC Interpretations, and SIC Interpretations as endorsed by the FSC (collectively referred herein as the "IFRSs").

(2) Basis of preparation

- A. Except for the following items, the consolidated financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention:
 - (a) Financial assets and financial liabilities (including derivative instruments) at fair value through profit or loss.
 - (b) Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income.
- B. The preparation of financial statements in conformity with IFRSs requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires management to exercise its judgement in the process of applying the Group's accounting policies. The areas involving a higher degree of judgement or complexity, or areas where assumptions and estimates are significant to the consolidated financial statements are disclosed in Note 5.

(3) Basis of consolidation

- A. Basis for preparation of consolidated financial statements:
 - (a) All subsidiaries are included in the Group's consolidated financial statements. Subsidiaries are all entities (including structured entities) controlled by the Group. The Group controls an entity when the Group is exposed, or has rights, to variable returns from its involvement with the entity and the ability to affect those returns through its power over the entity. Consolidation of subsidiaries begins from the date the Group obtains control of the subsidiaries and ceases when the Group loses control of the subsidiaries.
 - (b) Inter-company transactions, balances and unrealised gains or losses on transactions between companies within the Group are eliminated. Accounting policies of subsidiaries have been adjusted where necessary to ensure consistency with the policies adopted by the Group.
 - (c) Profit or loss and each component of other comprehensive income are attributed to the owners of the parent and to the non-controlling interests. Total comprehensive income is attributed to the owners of the parent and to the non-controlling interests even if this results in the non-controlling interests having a deficit balance.
 - (d) Changes in a parent's ownership interest in a subsidiary that do not result in the parent losing control of the subsidiary (transactions with non-controlling interests)

are accounted for as equity transactions, i.e. transactions with owners in their capacity as owners. Any difference between the amount by which the non-controlling interests are adjusted and the fair value of the consideration paid or received is recognised directly in equity.

(e) When the Group loses control of a subsidiary, the Group remeasures any investment retained in the former subsidiary at its fair value. That fair value is regarded as the fair value on initial recognition of a financial asset or the cost on initial recognition of the associate or joint venture. Any difference between fair value and carrying amount is recognised in profit or loss. All amounts previously recognised in other comprehensive income in relation to the subsidiary are reclassified to profit or loss on the same basis as would be required if the related assets or liabilities were disposed of. That is, when the Group loses control of a subsidiary, all gains or losses previously recognised in other comprehensive income in relation to the subsidiary should be reclassified from equity to profit or loss, if such gains or losses would be reclassified to profit or loss when the related assets or liabilities are disposed of.

B. Subsidiaries included in the consolidated financial statements:

			Owners	hip (%)	
Name of	Name of	Main business	December 31,	December 31,	
investor	subsidiary	activities	2020	2019	Description
The Company	ANLI INTERNATIONAL HOLDINGS LIMITED	Investment company	100	100	Note 1
	KUANGHE CO., LIMITED	Investment company	100	100	Note 1
ANLI	Kunshan Anli Precise	Stamping of various	100	100	
INTERNATIONAL	Metal Co., Ltd.	precision metal and manufacturing and			
HOLDINGS		sales of die casting			
LIMITED		components			
	HuZhou Anli	Design, research and development of	49	37	Note 2
	Technology Co., Ltd.	electronic components vehicle components, new metal material, machine parts, communication equipment and computer software; and manufacture of fine blanking die	s,		
KUANGHE CO.,	Kunshan Kuanghe	Manufacture and sales of new electronic	85	85	
LIMITED	Electronic	components such as			
	Technology Co., Ltd.	inductance			
KUANGHE	HuZhou Anli	Design, research and development of	51	63	Note 2
CO., LIMITED	Technology Co., Ltd.	electronic components, vehicle components,			

			Owners		
Name of	Name of	Main business	December 31,		
investor	subsidiary	activities	2020	2019	Description
Kunshan Anli Precise Metal Co., Ltd.	Kunshan Kuanghe Electronic Technology Co.,Ltd.	new metal material, machine parts, communication equipment and computer software; and manufacture of fine blanking die Manufacture and sales of new electronic components such as inductance	15	15	
	Gtek Technology Co., Ltd.	Manufacture and sales of new electronic components such as inductance; and metal finishing	50	50	
Kunshan Kuanghe Electronic Technology Co., Ltd.	Gtek Technology Co., Ltd.	Manufacture and sales of new electronic components such as inductance; and metal finishing	50	50	

Ownership (%)

- Note 1: On November 3, 2020, the Board of Directors of the Group approved to infuse additional capital of RMB 6,885 thousand and RMB 7,166 thousand, respectively to the Group's subsidiaries, ANLI INTERNATIONAL HOLDINGS LIMITED and KUANGHE CO., LIMITED.
- Note 2: On April 18, 2019, the Board of Directors of ANLI INTERNATIONAL HOLDINGS LIMITED and KUANGHE CO., LIMITED resolved to participate in the capital increase of the Group's subsidiary, HuZhou Anli Technology Co., Ltd., in the amount of RMB32,928 thousand and RMB34,272 thousand, respectively. The shareholding ratios of ANLI INTERNATIONAL HOLDINGS LIMITED and KUANGHE CO., LIMITED were 49% and 51%, respectively, after the capital increase. As of November 3, 2020, they infused additional capital of US\$ 2,450 thousand and US\$ 2,550 thousand, and the shareholding ratios were 49% and 51%, respectively, after the capital infusion was completed.
 - C. Subsidiaries not included in the consolidated financial statements: None.
 - D. Adjustments for subsidiaries with different balance sheet dates: None.
 - E. Significant restrictions: None.
 - F. Subsidiaries that have non-controlling interests that are material to the Group: None.

(4) Foreign currency translation

Items included in the financial statements of each of the Group's entities are measured using the currency of the primary economic environment in which the entity operates (the "functional currency"). The consolidated financial statements are presented in New Taiwan dollars, which is the Company's functional and the Group's presentation currency.

A. Foreign currency transactions and balances

- (a) Foreign currency transactions are translated into the functional currency using the exchange rates prevailing at the dates of the transactions or valuation where items are remeasured. Foreign exchange gains and losses resulting from the settlement of such transactions are recognised in profit or loss in the period in which they arise.
- (b) Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies at the period end are re-translated at the exchange rates prevailing at the balance sheet date. Exchange differences arising upon re-translation at the balance sheet date are recognised in profit or loss.
- (c) Non-monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies held at fair value through profit or loss are re-translated at the exchange rates prevailing at the balance sheet date; their translation differences are recognised in profit or loss. Non-monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies held at fair value through other comprehensive income are re-translated at the exchange rates prevailing at the balance sheet date; their translation differences are recognised in other comprehensive income. However, non-monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies that are not measured at fair value are translated using the historical exchange rates at the dates of the initial transactions.
- (d) All other foreign exchange gains and losses based on the nature of those transactions are presented in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income within 'other gains and losses'.

B. Translation of foreign operations

The operating results and financial position of all the group entities, associates and joint arrangements that have a functional currency different from the presentation currency are translated into the presentation currency as follows:

- (a) Assets and liabilities for each balance sheet presented are translated at the closing exchange rate at the date of that balance sheet;
- (b) Income and expenses for each statement of comprehensive income are translated at average exchange rates of that period; and
- (c) All resulting exchange differences are recognised in other comprehensive income.

(5) Classification of current and non-current items

- A. Assets that meet one of the following criteria are classified as current assets; otherwise they are classified as non-current assets:
 - (a) Assets arising from operating activities that are expected to be realised, or are intended

to be sold or consumed within the normal operating cycle;

- (b) Assets held mainly for trading purposes;
- (c) Assets that are expected to be realised within twelve months from the balance sheet date:
- (d) Cash and cash equivalents, excluding restricted cash and cash equivalents and those that are to be exchanged or used to settle liabilities more than twelve months after the balance sheet date.
- B. Liabilities that meet one of the following criteria are classified as current liabilities; otherwise they are classified as non-current liabilities:
 - (a) Liabilities that are expected to be settled within the normal operating cycle;
 - (b) Liabilities arising mainly from trading activities;
 - (c) Liabilities that are to be settled within twelve months from the balance sheet date;
 - (d) Liabilities for which the repayment date cannot be extended unconditionally to more than twelve months after the balance sheet date. Terms of a liability that could, at the option of the counterparty, result in its settlement by the issue of equity instruments do not affect its classification.

(6) Cash equivalents

Cash equivalents refer to short-term, highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value. Time deposits that meet the definition above and are held for the purpose of meeting short-term cash commitments in operations are classified as cash equivalents.

(7) Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss

- A. Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss are financial assets that are not measured at amortised cost or fair value through other comprehensive income.
- B. On a regular way purchase or sale basis, financial assets at fair value through profit or loss are recognised and derecognised using trade date accounting.
- C. At initial recognition, the Group measures the financial assets at fair value and recognises the transaction costs in profit or loss. The Group subsequently measures the financial assets at fair value, and recognises the gain or loss in profit or loss.
- D. The Group recognises the dividend income when the right to receive payment is established, future economic benefits associated with the dividend will flow to the Group and the amount of the dividend can be measured reliably.

(8) Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income

A. Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income comprise equity securities which are not held for trading, and for which the Group has made an irrevocable

election at initial recognition to recognise changes in fair value in other comprehensive income and debt instruments which meet all of the following criteria:

- (a) The objective of the Group's business model is achieved both by collecting contractual cash flows and selling financial assets; and
- (b) The assets' contractual cash flows represent solely payments of principal and interest.
- B. On a regular way purchase or sale basis, financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income are recognised and derecognised using trade date accounting.
- C. At initial recognition, the Group measures the financial assets at fair value plus transaction costs. The Group subsequently measures the financial assets at fair value:
 - (a) The changes in fair value of equity investments that were recognised in other comprehensive income are reclassified to retained earnings and are not reclassified to profit or loss following the derecognition of the investment. Dividends are recognised as revenue when the right to receive payment is established, future economic benefits associated with the dividend will flow to the Group and the amount of the dividend can be measured reliably.
 - (b) Except for the recognition of impairment loss, interest income and gain or loss on foreign exchange which are recognised in profit or loss, the changes in fair value of debt instruments are taken through other comprehensive income. When the financial asset is derecognised, the cumulative gain or loss previously recognised in other comprehensive income is reclassified from equity to profit or loss.

(9) Accounts and notes receivable

- A. Accounts and notes receivable entitle the Group a legal right to receive consideration in exchange for transferred goods or rendered services.
- B. The short-term accounts and notes receivable without bearing interest are subsequently measured at initial invoice amount as the effect of discounting is immaterial.

(10) Impairment of financial assets

For debt instruments measured at fair value through other comprehensive income and financial assets at amortised cost including accounts receivable that have a significant financing component, at each reporting date, the Group recognises the impairment provision for 12 months expected credit losses if there has not been a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition or recognises the impairment provision for the lifetime expected credit losses (ECLs) if such credit risk has increased since initial recognition after taking into consideration all reasonable and verifiable information that includes forecasts. On the other hand, for accounts receivable or contract assets that do not contain a significant financing component, the Group recognises the impairment provision for lifetime ECLs.

(11) Derecognition of financial assets

The Group derecognises a financial asset when the contractual rights to receive the cash flows from the financial asset expire.

(12) Inventories

Inventories are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost is determined using the weighted-average method. The cost of finished goods and work in progress comprises raw materials, direct labour, other direct costs and related production overheads (allocated based on normal operating capacity). It excludes borrowing costs. The item by item approach is used in applying the lower of cost and net realisable value. Net realisable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business, less the estimated cost of completion and applicable variable selling expenses.

(13) Property, plant and equipment

- A. Property, plant and equipment are initially recorded at cost. Borrowing costs incurred during the construction period are capitalised.
- B. Subsequent costs are included in the asset's carrying amount or recognised as a separate asset, as appropriate, only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the Group and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. The carrying amount of the replaced part is derecognised. All other repairs and maintenance are charged to profit or loss during the financial period in which they are incurred.
- C. Land is not depreciated. Other property, plant and equipment apply cost model and are depreciated using the straight-line method to allocate their cost over their estimated useful lives. Each part of an item of property, plant, and equipment with a cost that is significant in relation to the total cost of the item must be depreciated separately.
- D. The assets' residual values, useful lives and depreciation methods are reviewed, and adjusted if appropriate, at each financial year-end. If expectations for the assets' residual values and useful lives differ from previous estimates or the patterns of consumption of the assets' future economic benefits embodied in the assets have changed significantly, any change is accounted for as a change in estimate under IAS 8, 'Accounting Policies, Changes in Accounting Estimates and Errors', from the date of the change. The estimated useful lives of property, plant and equipment are as follows:

Buildings and structures

Main building	20 ~ 50	years
Auxiliary building	10	years
Machinery and equipment	2 ~ 10	years
Transportation equipment	2 ~ 10	years
Office equipment	2 ~ 10	years
Leasehold improvements	2 ~ 3	years
Other equipment	2 ~ 10	years

(14) Leasing arrangements (lessee) — right-of-use assets/ lease liabilities

A. Leases are recognised as a right-of-use asset and a corresponding lease liability at the

date at which the leased asset is available for use by the Group. For short-term leases or leases of low-value assets, lease payments are recognised as an expense on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

- B. Lease liabilities include the net present value of the remaining lease payments at the commencement date, discounted using the incremental borrowing interest rate. Lease payments are comprised of fixed payments, less any lease incentives receivable.
 - The Group subsequently measures the lease liability at amortised cost using the interest method and recognises interest expense over the lease term. The lease liability is remeasured and the amount of remeasurement is recognised as an adjustment to the right-of-use asset when there are changes in the lease term or lease payments and such changes do not arise from contract modifications.
- C. At the commencement date, the right-of-use asset is stated at cost comprising the following:
 - (a) The amount of the initial measurement of lease liability;
 - (b) Any lease payments made at or before the commencement date; and
 - (c) Any initial direct costs incurred by the lessee.

The right-of-use asset is measured subsequently using the cost model and is depreciated from the commencement date to the earlier of the end of the asset's useful life or the end of the lease term. When the lease liability is remeasured, the amount of remeasurement is recognised as an adjustment to the right-of-use asset.

(15) Intangible assets

5. Intangible assets, mainly computer software and patents, are amortised on a straight-line basis over their estimated useful lives of $2 \sim 10$ years.

(16) Impairment of non-financial assets

6. The Group assesses at each balance sheet date the recoverable amounts of those assets where there is an indication that they are impaired. An impairment loss is recognised for the amount by which the asset's carrying amount exceeds its recoverable amount. The recoverable amount is the higher of an asset's fair value less costs to sell or value in use. When the circumstances or reasons for recognizing impairment loss for an asset in prior years no longer exist or diminish, the impairment loss is reversed. The increased carrying amount due to reversal should not be more than what the depreciated or amortised historical cost would have been if the impairment had not been recognised.

(17) Borrowings

7. Borrowings comprise long-term and short-term bank borrowings. Borrowings are recognised initially at fair value, net of transaction costs incurred. Borrowings are subsequently stated at amortised cost; any difference between the proceeds (net of transaction costs) and the redemption value is recognised in profit or loss over the period of the borrowings using the effective interest method.

(18) Accounts payable

- A. Accounts payable are liabilities for purchases of raw materials, goods or services and those resulting from operating and non-operating activities.
- B. The short-term accounts payable without bearing interest are subsequently measured at initial invoice amount as the effect of discounting is immaterial.

(19) Convertible bonds payable

Convertible bonds issued by the Group contain conversion options (that is, the bondholders have the right to convert the bonds into the Group's common shares by exchanging a fixed amount of cash for a fixed number of common shares), call options. The Group classifies the bonds payable upon issuance as a financial asset, a financial liability or an equity instrument in accordance with the contract terms. They are accounted for as follows:

- A. The embedded call options are recognised initially at net fair value as 'financial assets or financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss'. They are subsequently remeasured and stated at fair value on each balance sheet date; the gain or loss is recognised as 'gain or loss on valuation of financial assets or financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss'.
- B. The host contracts of bonds are initially recognised at fair value. Any difference between the initial recognition and the redemption value is accounted for as the premium or discount on bonds payable and subsequently is amortised in profit or loss as an adjustment to 'finance costs' over the period of circulation using the effective interest method.
- C. The embedded conversion options which meet the definition of an equity instrument are initially recognised in 'capital surplus—share options' at the residual amount of total issue price less the amount of financial assets or financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss and bonds payable as stated above. Conversion options are not subsequently remeasured.
- D. Any transaction costs directly attributable to the issuance are allocated to each liability or equity component in proportion to the initial carrying amount of each abovementioned item.
- E. When bondholders exercise conversion options, the liability component of the bonds (including bonds payable and 'financial assets or financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss') shall be remeasured on the conversion date. The issuance cost of converted common shares is the total book value of the abovementioned liability component and 'capital surplus—share options'.

(20) Employee benefits

A. Short-term employee benefits

Short-term employee benefits are measured at the undiscounted amount of the benefits expected to be paid in respect of service rendered by employees in a period and should be

recognised as expense in that period when the employees render service.

B. Pensions

Defined contribution plans

For defined contribution plans, the contributions are recognised as pension expense when they are due on an accrual basis. Prepaid contributions are recognised as an asset to the extent of a cash refund or a reduction in the future payments.

C. Employees' compensation and directors' remuneration

Employees' compensation and directors' remuneration are recognised as expense and liability, provided that such recognition is required under legal or constructive obligation and those amounts can be reliably estimated. Any difference between the resolved amounts and the subsequently actual distributed amounts is accounted for as changes in estimates. If employee compensation is paid by shares, the Group calculates the number of shares based on the closing price at the previous day of the board meeting resolution.

(21) Employee share-based payment

8. For the equity-settled share-based payment arrangements, the employee services received are measured at the fair value of the equity instruments granted at the grant date, and are recognised as compensation cost over the vesting period, with a corresponding adjustment to equity. The fair value of the equity instruments granted shall reflect the impact of market vesting conditions and non-vesting conditions. Compensation cost is subject to adjustment based on the service conditions that are expected to be satisfied and the estimates of the number of equity instruments that are expected to vest under the non-market vesting conditions at each balance sheet date. Ultimately, the amount of compensation cost recognised is based on the number of equity instruments that eventually vest.

(22) Income tax

- A. The tax expense for the period comprises current and deferred tax. Tax is recognised in profit or loss, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or items recognised directly in equity, in which cases the tax is recognised in other comprehensive income or equity.
- B. The current income tax expense is calculated on the basis of the tax laws enacted or substantively enacted at the balance sheet date in the countries where the Company and its subsidiaries operate and generate taxable income. Management periodically evaluates positions taken in tax returns with respect to situations in accordance with applicable tax regulations. It establishes provisions where appropriate based on the amounts expected to be paid to the tax authorities.
- C. Deferred tax is recognised, using the balance sheet liability method, on temporary differences arising between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts in the consolidated balance sheet. However, the deferred tax is not accounted for if it arises from initial recognition of goodwill or of an asset or liability in a transaction other than a business combination that at the time of the transaction affects neither accounting nor taxable profit or loss. Deferred tax is provided on temporary differences

arising on investments in subsidiaries, except where the timing of the reversal of the temporary difference is controlled by the Group and it is probable that the temporary difference will not reverse in the foreseeable future. Deferred tax is determined using tax rates (and laws) that have been enacted or substantially enacted by the balance sheet date and are expected to apply when the related deferred tax asset is realised or the deferred tax liability is settled.

- D. Deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profit will be available against which the temporary differences can be utilised. At each balance sheet date, unrecognised and recognised deferred tax assets are reassessed.
- E. Current income tax assets and liabilities are offset and the net amount reported in the balance sheet when there is a legally enforceable right to offset the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset on the balance sheet when the entity has the legally enforceable right to offset current tax assets against current tax liabilities and they are levied by the same taxation authority on either the same entity or different entities that intend to settle on a net basis or realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

(23) Share capital

Ordinary shares are classified as equity. Incremental costs directly attributable to the issue of new shares or stock options are shown in equity as a deduction, net of tax, from the proceeds.

(24) Dividends

Dividends are recorded in the Company's financial statements in the period in which they are resolved by the Company's shareholders. Cash dividends are recorded as liabilities.

(25) Revenue recognition

Sales of goods

- A. The Group manufactures and sells steelwork and electronic components in the market. Sales are recognised when control of the products has transferred, being when the products are delivered to the customer, the customer has full discretion over the channel and price to sell the products, and there is no unfulfilled obligation that could affect the wholesaler's acceptance of the products. Delivery occurs when the products have been shipped to the specific location, the risks of obsolescence and loss have been transferred to the customer, and either the customer has accepted the products in accordance with the sales contract, or the Group has objective evidence that all criteria for acceptance have been satisfied.
- B. Revenue from sales of goods is recognised based on the price specified in the contract, net of the estimated customer returns, sales discounts and other similar allowances.

Accumulated experience is used to estimate and provide for the customer returns, sales discounts and other similar allowances and revenue is only recognised to the extent that it is highly probable that a significant reversal will not occur. The estimation is subject to an assessment at each reporting date. The sales usually are made with a credit term ranging from 30 days after monthly billings to 120 days after the end of the month of sales. As the time interval between the transfer of committed goods or service and the payment of customer does not exceed one year, the Group does not adjust the transaction price to reflect the time value of money.

C. A receivable is recognised when the goods are delivered as this is the point in time that the consideration is unconditional because only the passage of time is required before the payment is due.

(26) Government grants

Government grants are recognised at their fair value only when there is reasonable assurance that the Group will comply with any conditions attached to the grants and the grants will be received. Government grants are recognised in profit or loss on a systematic basis over the periods in which the Group recognises expenses for the related costs for which the grants are intended to compensate. Government grants related to right-of-use asset, property, plant and equipment are recognised as non-current liabilities and are amortised to profit or loss over the estimated useful lives of the related assets using the straight-line method.

(27) Operating segments

Operating segments are reported in a manner consistent with the internal reporting provided to the chief operating decision maker. The Group's chief operating decision maker is responsible for allocating resources and assessing performance of the operating segments.

5. Critical Accounting Judgements, Estimates and Key Sources of Assumption Uncertainty

The preparation of these consolidated financial statements requires management to make critical judgements in applying the Group's accounting policies and make critical assumptions and estimates concerning future events. Assumptions and estimates may differ from the actual results and are continually evaluated and adjusted based on historical experience and other factors. Such assumptions and estimates have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year; and the related information is addressed below:

(1) Critical judgements in applying the Group's accounting policies

None.

(2) Critical accounting estimates and assumptions

Evaluation of inventories

As inventories are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value, the Group must determine the net realisable value of inventories on balance sheet date using judgements and

estimates. Due to the rapid technology innovation, the Group evaluates the amounts of normal inventory consumption, obsolete inventories or inventories without market selling value on balance sheet date, and writes down the cost of inventories to the net realisable value. Such an evaluation of inventories is principally based on the demand for the products within the specified period in the future. Therefore, there might be material changes to the evaluation.

As of December 31, 2020, the carrying amount of inventories was \$173,691.

6. Details of Significant Accounts

(1) Cash and cash equivalents

	December 31, 2020		December 31, 2019
Cash on hand and revolving funds	\$ 297	\$	265
Checking accounts and demand			473,086
deposits	699,752		473,080
Time deposits and cash equivalents			
Time deposits and easif equivalents	43,066		64,505
_	\$ 743,115	\$	537,856

- A. The Group transacts with a variety of financial institutions all with high credit quality to disperse credit risk, so it expects that the probability of counterparty default is remote.
- B. The Group has no cash and cash equivalents pledged to others.

(2) Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss

	Decemb	er 31, 2020	Decemb	er 31, 2019
Current items:				
Financial assets designated as at fair value				
through profit or loss				
Embedded call options	\$	1,040	\$	-
Valuation adjustment	(120)		-
			¢	
	\$	920	\$	

- A. As of December 31, 2020 and 2019, amounts recognised in loss in relation to financial assets at fair value through profit or loss are \$120 and \$0, respectively.
- B. The Group has no financial assets at fair value through profit or loss pledged to others.

(3) Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income

<u>Items</u>		December 31, 2020	December 31, 2019		
Non-current items:					
Equity instruments					
Unlisted stocks	\$	10,044	\$	10,044	
Valuation adjustment		7,312			
	\$	17,356	\$	10,044	

- A. The Group has elected to classify equity instruments that are considered to be strategic investments as financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income. The fair value of such investments amounted to \$17,356 and \$10,044 as at December 31, 2020 and 2019, respectively.
- B. As at December 31, 2020 and 2019, without taking into account any collateral held or other credit enhancements, the maximum exposure to credit risk in respect of the amount that best represents the financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income held by the Group was \$17,356 and \$10,044, respectively.
- C. Amounts recognised in profit or loss and other comprehensive income in relation to the financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income are listed below:

	2020		2019	
Equity instruments at fair value through other				
comprehensive income				
Fair value change recognised in other				
comprehensive income	\$	7,312 \$		-

(4) Notes and accounts receivable

	Dec	cember 31, 2020	December 31, 2019			
Notes receivable	\$	1,378	\$	1,075		
Accounts receivable	\$	1,024,175	\$	592,176		
Less: Allowance for uncollectible accounts	(850) (417)		
	\$	1,023,325	\$	591,759		

A. The ageing analysis of accounts receivable and notes receivable that were past due but not impaired is as follows:

	December 31, 2020					December 31, 2019			
	P	Accounts	Notes		Accounts			Notes	
	re	eceivable	receivable		receivable			receivable	
Not past due	\$	999,202	\$	1,378	\$	579,423	\$	1,075	
Up to 30 days		18,087		-		10,547		-	
31 to 60 days		3,930		-		231		-	
61 to 120 days		2,301		-		1,504		-	
121 to 180 days		108		-		-		-	
181 to 300 days		4		-		244		-	
Over 300 days		543		-		227			
	\$	1,024,175	\$	1,378	\$	592,176	\$	1,075	

The above ageing analysis was based on past due date.

- B. The Group does not hold any collateral as security for accounts and notes receivable.
- C. As of December 31, 2020 and 2019, accounts receivable and notes receivable were all from contracts with customers. As of January 1, 2019, the balance of receivables from contracts with customers amounted to \$708,843.
- D. As at December 31, 2020 and 2019, without taking into account any collateral held or other credit enhancements, the maximum exposure to credit risk in respect of the amount that best represents the Group's notes receivable was \$1,378 and \$1,075, and accounts receivable was \$1,023,325 and \$591,759, respectively.
- E. Information relating to credit risk of accounts receivable and notes receivable is provided in Note 12(2).

(5) **Inventories**

		December 31, 2020					
		Allowance for					
		Cost valuation loss B			Book value		
Raw materials	\$	17,856	(\$	2,643)	\$	15,213	
Work in progress		53,426	(3,730)		49,696	
Finished goods		121,851	(13,069)		108,782	
	\$	193,133	(\$	19,442)	\$	173,691	
	-						

December	31	2019
December	91.	4017

			,				
	Allowance for						
	Cost	val	uation loss	В	ook value		
Raw materials	\$ 16,688	(\$	2,432)	\$	14,256		
Work in progress	44,370	(3,820)		40,550		
Finished goods	52,079	(5,916)		46,163		
	\$ 113,137	(\$	12,168)	\$	100,969		

The cost of inventories recognised as expense for the year:

Years ended December 31,

	 2020	2019
Cost of goods sold	\$ 1,360,759	\$ 1,021,889
Loss on decline in market value	 7,188	285
	\$ 1,367,947	\$ 1,022,174

(6) Property, plant and equipment

	Land Buildings and		ildings and	Machinery Transportation		Office Leasehold		Others	Unfinished	Total	
At January 1								- Canons			
Cost	\$	42,672 \$	293,443 \$	798,042 \$	36,513 \$	11,880 \$	12,355 \$	43,040 \$	5,311 \$	1,243,256	
Accumulated depreciation		(85,463) (378,537) (23,398) (10,045) (2,038) (25,903)	- (525,384)	
	\$	42,672 \$	207,980 \$	419,505 \$	13,115 \$	1,835 \$	10,317 \$	17,137 \$	5,311 \$	717,872	
Opening net book amount											
as at January 1	\$	42,672 \$	207,980 \$	419,505	13,115 \$	1,835 \$	10,317 \$	17,137 \$	5,311 \$	717,872	
Additions			-	4,988	670	418	-	249	107,545	113,870	
Disposals			- (6,493) (219) (164)	- (198)	- (7,074)	
Reclassifications (Note)			10,133	110,640	3,980	210	12,323	6,682 (19,009)	124,959	
Depreciation charge		(12,866) (70,643) (3,662) (585) (4,783) (4,563)	- (97,102)	
Net exchange differences			236	973	27	2	86	47	843	2,214	
Closing net book amount											
as at December 31	\$	42,672 \$	205,483 \$	458,970 \$	13,911 \$	1,716 \$	17,943 \$	19,354 \$	94,690 \$	854,739	
At December 31											
Cost	\$	42,672 \$	304,048 \$	885,438 \$	38,631 \$	9,663 \$	24,813 \$	49,783 \$	94,690 \$	1,449,738	
Accumulated depreciation		- (98,565)(426,468) (24,720) (7,947) (6,870) (30,429)	- (594,999)	
	\$	42,672 \$	205,483 \$	458,970 \$	13,911 \$	1,716 \$	17,943 \$	19,354 \$	94,690 \$	854,739	

										Unfinished				
											construction			
	Buildings and				Transportation Office			Leasehold and equipment			nd equipmen	t		
	Land	st	ructures]	Machinery	eq	uipment	equipment	impr	ovements	Others	under		Total	
\$	42,672	\$	260,555 \$	807,348	\$	33,537 \$	13,985	\$	5,465 \$	36,848 \$	-	\$	1,200,410	
1	-	(76,857) (418,199))(24,325) (12,126)	(3,302) (28,544)	-	(563,353)	
\$	42,672	\$	183,698 \$	389,149	\$	9,212 \$	1,859	\$	2,163 \$	8,304 \$	-	\$	637,057	
\$	42,672	\$	183,698 \$	389,149	\$	9,212	1,85	9 \$	2,163 \$	8,304	\$	- \$	637,057	
	_		-	7,636		473	6	9	5,091	218	150,98	0	164,467	
	-	(669) (3,989)	(276) (245)	- (180)		- (5,359)	
	-		45,251	108,283		7,196	78	9	5,490	12,680 (145,445	5)	34,244	
	-	(13,086) (64,441)	(3,010) (566	5) (1,996) (3,175)		- (86,274)	
	-	(7,214) (17,133)	(480) (71	.)(431) (710) (224	1) (26,263)	
\$	42,672	\$	207,980 \$	419,505	\$	13,115 \$	1,83	5 \$	10,317 \$	17,137	\$ 5,31	1 :	\$ 717,872	
\$	42,672	\$	293,443 \$	798,042	\$	36,513 \$	11,880	0 \$	12,355 \$	43,040 \$	5,31	1 \$	1,243,256	
	-	(85,463) (378,537))(23,398) (10,045	5)(2,038) (25,903)	-	(525,384)	
\$	42,672	\$	207,980 \$			13,115 \$			10,317 \$		5,31	1 \$	717,872	
	\$ \$	\$ 42,672 \$ 42,672 \$ 42,672 	Land st \$ 42,672 \$ - (\$ 42,672 \$ \$ 42,672 \$ - (- (- (- (\$ 42,672 \$ - (- (- (- (- (- (- (- (- (-	\$ 42,672 \$ 260,555 \$ - (76,857) (\$ 42,672 \$ 183,698 \$ \$ 42,672 \$ 183,698 \$ - (669) (- 45,251 - (13,086) (- (7,214) (\$ 42,672 \$ 207,980 \$ \$ 42,672 \$ 293,443 \$ - (85,463) (Land structures Machinery \$ 42,672 \$ 260,555 \$ 807,348 - (76,857) (418,199) \$ 42,672 \$ 183,698 \$ 389,149 \$ 42,672 \$ 183,698 \$ 389,149 7,636 - (669) (3,989) - 45,251 108,283 - (13,086) (64,441) - (7,214) (17,133) \$ 42,672 \$ 207,980 \$ 419,505 \$ 42,672 \$ 293,443 \$ 798,042 - (85,463) (378,537)	Land structures Machinery eq. \$ 42,672 \$ 260,555 \$ 807,348 \$ - (76,857) (418,199)(\$ 42,672 \$ 183,698 \$ 389,149 \$ \$ 42,672 \$ 183,698 \$ 389,149 \$ 7,636 - (669) (3,989) (- 45,251 108,283 - (13,086) (64,441) (- (7,214) (17,133) (\$ 42,672 \$ 207,980 \$ 419,505 \$ \$ 42,672 \$ 293,443 \$ 798,042 \$ - (85,463) (378,537)(Land structures Machinery equipment \$ 42,672 \$ 260,555 \$ 807,348 \$ 33,537 \$ - (76,857) (418,199)(24,325) (\$ 42,672 \$ 183,698 \$ 389,149 \$ 9,212 \$ \$ 42,672 \$ 183,698 \$ 389,149 \$ 9,212 \$ 7,636 473 - (669) (3,989) (276) (- 45,251 108,283 7,196 - (13,086) (64,441) (3,010) (- (7,214) (17,133) (480) (\$ 42,672 \$ 207,980 \$ 419,505 \$ 13,115 \$ \$ 42,672 \$ 293,443 \$ 798,042 \$ 36,513 \$ - (85,463) (378,537)(23,398) (Land structures Machinery equipment equipment \$ 42,672 \$ 260,555 \$ 807,348 \$ 33,537 \$ 13,985 - (76,857) (418,199)(24,325) (12,126) \$ 42,672 \$ 183,698 \$ 389,149 \$ 9,212 \$ 1,859 \$ 42,672 \$ 183,698 \$ 389,149 \$ 9,212 \$ 1,85 - (669) (3,989) (276) (245 - (45,251 108,283 7,196 78 - (13,086) (64,441) (3,010) 566 - (7,214) (17,133) (480) 71 \$ 42,672 \$ 207,980 \$ 419,505 \$ 13,115 \$ 1,83 \$ 42,672 \$ 293,443 \$ 798,042 \$ 36,513 \$ 11,880 - (85,463) (378,537)(23,398) (10,045)	Land structures Machinery equipment equipment impress \$ 42,672 \$ 260,555 \$ 807,348 \$ 33,537 \$ 13,985 \$ - (76,857) (418,199)(24,325) (12,126) (12,1	Land structures Machinery equipment equipment improvements \$ 42,672 \$ 260,555 \$ 807,348 \$ 33,537 \$ 13,985 \$ 5,465 \$ - (76,857) 418,199)(24,325) 12,126) 3,302) (3,002) (3,002) <td>Land Buildings and structures Machinery Transportation equipment Office equipment Leasehold improvements According to the provincy \$ 42,672 \$ 260,555 \$ 807,348 \$ 33,537 \$ 13,985 \$ 5,465 \$ 36,848 \$ 36,848 \$ - (76,857) \$ 418,199)(\$ 24,325) \$ 12,126) \$ 3,302) \$ 28,544) \$ 28,544) \$ 42,672 \$ 183,698 \$ 389,149 \$ 9,212 \$ 1,859 \$ 2,163 \$ 8,304 \$ 8,304 \$ 42,672 \$ 183,698 \$ 389,149 \$ 9,212 \$ 1,859 \$ 2,163 \$ 8,304 \$ 1,859 \$ 2,163 \$ 8,304 \$ 1,859 \$ 2,163 \$ 8,304 \$ 1,859 \$ 2,163 \$ 8,304 \$ 1,859 \$ 2,163 \$ 8,304 \$ 1,859 \$ 2,163 \$ 8,304 \$ 1,859 \$ 2,163 \$ 8,304 \$ 1,859 \$ 2,163 \$ 8,304 \$ 1,859 \$ 2,163 \$ 8,304 \$ 1,859 \$ 2,163 \$ 8,304 \$ 1,859 \$ 2,163 \$ 8,304 \$ 1,859 \$ 2,163 \$ 8,304 \$ 1,859 \$ 2,163 \$ 2,163 \$ 1,859 \$ 2,163 \$ 2,163</td> <td>Land Buildings and structures Machinery equipment equipment Improvements Others and equipment under \$ 42,672 \$ 260,555 \$ 807,348 \$ 33,537 \$ 13,985 \$ 5,465 \$ 36,848 \$ - - (76,857) 418,199)(24,325) (12,126) (3,302) (28,544) - \$ 42,672 \$ 183,698 \$ 389,149 \$ 9,212 \$ 1,859 \$ 2,163 \$ 8,304 \$ - * 42,672 \$ 183,698 \$ 389,149 \$ 9,212 \$ 1,859 \$ 2,163 \$ 8,304 \$ - - (669) \$ 3,989) \$ 9,212 \$ 1,859 \$ 2,163 \$ 8,304 \$ - - (69) \$ 3,989 \$ 9,212 \$ 1,859 \$ 2,163 \$ 8,304 \$ - - (69) \$ 3,989 \$ 9,212 \$ 1,859 \$ 2,163 \$ 8,304 \$ - - (69) \$ 3,989 \$ 276 \$ 245 \$ - (180) \$ 12,680 \$ 145,445 - (13,086) \$ 64,441 \$ 3,010 \$ 566 \$ 1,996 \$</td> <td>Land Buildings and structures Machinery Transportation equipment Office equipment Leasehold improvements Construction and equipment under \$ 42,672 \$ 260,555 \$ 807,348 \$ 33,537 \$ 13,985 \$ 5,465 \$ 36,848 \$ - \$ - (76,857) (418,199)(24,325) (12,126)(33,002)(28,544) - (28,544) - (3,542,672) - (28,544) - (28,544) - (3,542,672) - (28,544)<</td>	Land Buildings and structures Machinery Transportation equipment Office equipment Leasehold improvements According to the provincy \$ 42,672 \$ 260,555 \$ 807,348 \$ 33,537 \$ 13,985 \$ 5,465 \$ 36,848 \$ 36,848 \$ - (76,857) \$ 418,199)(\$ 24,325) \$ 12,126) \$ 3,302) \$ 28,544) \$ 28,544) \$ 42,672 \$ 183,698 \$ 389,149 \$ 9,212 \$ 1,859 \$ 2,163 \$ 8,304 \$ 8,304 \$ 42,672 \$ 183,698 \$ 389,149 \$ 9,212 \$ 1,859 \$ 2,163 \$ 8,304 \$ 1,859 \$ 2,163 \$ 8,304 \$ 1,859 \$ 2,163 \$ 8,304 \$ 1,859 \$ 2,163 \$ 8,304 \$ 1,859 \$ 2,163 \$ 8,304 \$ 1,859 \$ 2,163 \$ 8,304 \$ 1,859 \$ 2,163 \$ 8,304 \$ 1,859 \$ 2,163 \$ 8,304 \$ 1,859 \$ 2,163 \$ 8,304 \$ 1,859 \$ 2,163 \$ 8,304 \$ 1,859 \$ 2,163 \$ 8,304 \$ 1,859 \$ 2,163 \$ 8,304 \$ 1,859 \$ 2,163 \$ 2,163 \$ 1,859 \$ 2,163 \$ 2,163	Land Buildings and structures Machinery equipment equipment Improvements Others and equipment under \$ 42,672 \$ 260,555 \$ 807,348 \$ 33,537 \$ 13,985 \$ 5,465 \$ 36,848 \$ - - (76,857) 418,199)(24,325) (12,126) (3,302) (28,544) - \$ 42,672 \$ 183,698 \$ 389,149 \$ 9,212 \$ 1,859 \$ 2,163 \$ 8,304 \$ - * 42,672 \$ 183,698 \$ 389,149 \$ 9,212 \$ 1,859 \$ 2,163 \$ 8,304 \$ - - (669) \$ 3,989) \$ 9,212 \$ 1,859 \$ 2,163 \$ 8,304 \$ - - (69) \$ 3,989 \$ 9,212 \$ 1,859 \$ 2,163 \$ 8,304 \$ - - (69) \$ 3,989 \$ 9,212 \$ 1,859 \$ 2,163 \$ 8,304 \$ - - (69) \$ 3,989 \$ 276 \$ 245 \$ - (180) \$ 12,680 \$ 145,445 - (13,086) \$ 64,441 \$ 3,010 \$ 566 \$ 1,996 \$	Land Buildings and structures Machinery Transportation equipment Office equipment Leasehold improvements Construction and equipment under \$ 42,672 \$ 260,555 \$ 807,348 \$ 33,537 \$ 13,985 \$ 5,465 \$ 36,848 \$ - \$ - (76,857) (418,199)(24,325) (12,126)(33,002)(28,544) - (28,544) - (3,542,672) - (28,544) - (28,544) - (3,542,672) - (28,544)<	

Note: Transferred from prepayments for business facilities.

A.Property, plant and equipment were acquired for self-use.

B. Information about the property, plant and equipment pledged to others as collateral is provided in Note 8.

(7) <u>Leasing arrangements — lessee</u>

- A. The Group leases various assets including land use right, plant and buildings. Rental contracts are made for periods of 50 years and 5 years, respectively. Lease terms are negotiated on an individual basis and contain a wide range of different terms and conditions. The lease agreements do not impose covenants, but leased assets may not be used as security for borrowing purposes.
- B. Short-term leases with a lease term of 12 months or less comprise some buildings and business vehicles. Low-value assets comprise multifunction printers. On December 31, 2020 and 2019, payments of lease commitments for short-term leases amounted to \$133 and \$620, respectively.
- C. The carrying amount of right-of-use assets and the depreciation charge are as follows:

		Carrying amount				
	Dec	ember 31, 2020		December 31, 2019		
Land use right	\$	243,588	\$	248,624		
Plant and buildings		37,558		50,004		
	\$	281,146	\$	298,628		

	Depreciation charge Years ended December 31,				
		2020	2019		
Land use right	(\$	3,341)	(\$	3,509)	
Plant and buildings	(12,403)	(10,669)	
	(\$	15,744)	(\$	14,178)	

- D. For the years ended December 31, 2020 and 2019, the additions to right-of-use assets were \$0 and \$126,468, respectively.
- E. As of December 31, 2020 and 2019, the balance of lease liabilities (including current and non-current) were \$37,851 and \$49,399, respectively.
- F. The information on profit and loss accounts relating to lease contracts is as follows:

	Years ended December 31,				
Items affecting profit or loss		2020		2019	
Interest expense on lease liabilities	\$	1,748	\$	2,034	
Expense on short-term lease contracts	\$	1,133	\$	3,435	
Expense on leases of low-value assets	\$	92	\$	53	

G. For the years ended December 31, 2020 and 2019, the Group's total cash outflow for leases were \$13,968 and \$16,701, respectively.

(8) <u>Intangible assets</u>

			2020	
		Software	Patents	Total
At January 1				
Cost	\$	5,957 \$	305 \$	6,262
Accumulated amortisation	(3,620) (162) (3,782)
	\$	2,337 \$	143 \$	2,480
Opening net book amount as a January 1	ıt \$	2,337 \$	143 \$	2,480
Amortisation charge	(808) (142) (950)
Net exchange differences	(4) (1) (5)
Closing net book amount as at December 31	\$	1,525 \$	- \$	1,525
At December 31				
Cost	\$	5,966 \$	305 \$	6,271
Accumulated amortisation	(4,441) (305) (4,746)
	\$	1,525 \$	- \$	1,525

	2019							
		Software		Patents		Total		
At January 1								
Cost	\$	7,659	\$	-	\$	7,659		
Accumulated amortisation	(5,456)		-	(5,456)		
	\$	2,203	\$	-	\$	2,203		
0								
Opening net book amount as at January 1	\$	2,203	\$	-	\$	2,203		
Additions		784		221		1,005		
Reclassifications (Note)		-		53		53		
Amortisation charge	(587)	(137)	(724)		
Net exchange differences	(63)		6	(57)		
Closing net book amount as at December 31	\$	2,337	\$	143	\$	2,480		
At December 31								
Cost	\$	5,957		305	\$	6,262		
Accumulated amortisation	(3,620)	(162)	(3,782)		
	\$	2,337	\$	143	\$	2,480		

Note: Transferred from prepayments.

(9) Other non-current assets

	December 31, 2020	December 31, 2019
Golf membership	\$ -	\$ 3,971

- A. For the years ended December 31, 2020 and 2019, amortisation on golf membership recognised in profit or loss were \$221 and \$450, respectively.
- B. As the golf club which the Group has acquired membership closed, due to the Covid-19 pandemic, the Group recognised an impairment loss of \$3,750 after assessment in June 2020.

(10) Short-term borrowings

Type of borrowings	December 31, 2020		Interest rate range	Collateral	
Bank borrowings					
Secured borrowings	\$ 12,920		3.85%	Note	
Type of borrowings	December 31, 2019		Interest note nonce	C-11-41	
Type of boffowings	December 5	1, 2019	Interest rate range	Collateral	
Bank borrowings	December 3	1, 2019	interest rate range	Collateral	
	December 3	1, 2019			
Bank borrowings	\$	67,500	3.57% ~ 3.73%	None	

Details of assets pledged as collateral for short-term borrowings are provided in Note 8.

- A. Interest expense recognised in profit or loss amounted to \$2,454 and \$1,938 for the years ended December 31, 2020 and 2019, respectively.
- B. Endorsements and guarantees of short-term borrowings were provided by the management of the Group. Details of the guarantees provided for short-term borrowings are provided in Note 7.

(11) Bonds payable

	Dec	cember 31, 2020	December 31, 2019
Bonds payable	\$	400,000	-
Less: Discount on bonds payable		(17,303)	-
	\$	382,697	-

- A. The issuance of domestic convertible bonds by the Company:
 - (a) The terms of the first time domestic unsecured convertible bonds issued by the Company are as follows
 - i. The Company issued \$400,000, 0% first domestic unsecured convertible bonds, as approved by the regulatory authority. The bonds mature 3 years from the issue date (October 30, 2020 ~ October 30, 2023) and will be redeemed in cash at face value at the maturity date. The bonds were listed on the Taipei Exchange on October 30, 2020.
 - ii. The bondholders have the right to ask for conversion of the bonds into common

shares of the Company during the period from the date after three months of the bonds issue (January 31, 2021) to 40 days before the maturity date (September 20, 2021), except for the stop transfer period as specified in the terms of the bonds or the laws/regulations. The rights and obligations of the new shares converted from the bonds are the same as the issued and outstanding common shares.

- iii. The conversion price of the bonds is set up based on the pricing model in the terms of the bonds, and is subject to adjustments if the condition of the anti-dilution provisions occurs subsequently. The conversion price will be reset based on the pricing model in the terms of the bonds on each effective date regulated by the terms.
- iv. The Company may repurchase all the bonds outstanding in cash at the bonds' face value at any time after the following events occur: (i) the closing price of the Company's common shares is above the then conversion price by 30% for 30 consecutive trading days during the period from the date after one month of the bonds issue to 40 days before the maturity date, or (ii) the outstanding balance of the bonds is less than 10% of total initial issue amount during the period from the date after three months of the bonds issue to 40 days before the maturity date.
- v. Under the terms of the bonds, all bonds redeemed (including bonds repurchased from the Taipei Exchange), matured and converted are retired and not to be re-issued; all rights and obligations attached to the bonds are also extinguished.
- (b) As of December 31, 2020, the bonds had not been converted into common stock.
- B. Regarding the issuance of convertible bonds, the equity conversion options amounting to \$15,779 were separated from the liability component and were recognised in 'capital surplus—share options' in accordance with IAS 32. The call options embedded in bonds payable were separated from their host contracts and were recognised in 'financial assets at fair value through profit or loss' in net amount in accordance with IAS 39 because the economic characteristics and risks of the embedded derivatives were not closely related to those of the host contracts. The effective interest rate of the bonds payable after such separation was 1.57%.

(12) Long-term borrowings

Type of	Borrowing period and			De	cember 31,	Dec	ember 31,
borrowings	repayment term	Interest rate	Collateral		2020		2019
Secured	Borrowing period is from	1.9%	Note 2	\$	46,909	\$	50,769
	November 17, 2016 to	(Note 1)					
borrowings	November 17, 2031;						
	interest is repayable						
	monthly in 180						
	installments;principal						
	is repayable starting						
	from the 25th installment						
Less: Curre	nt portion			(3,934)	(3,833)
				\$	42,975	\$	46,936

Note 1: In accordance with the floating interest rate on a 2-year time deposit as posted by the First Commercial Bank plus 0.73% points or more.

Note 2: Details of assets pledged as collateral for long-term borrowings are provided in Note 8.

(13) Other payables

	December 31, 2020		Decen	nber 31, 2019
Salary and bonus payable	\$	122,907	\$	72,201
Pension payable		49,628		73,537
Benefits payable		26,432		26,433
Insurance payable		37,066		42,321
Processing fees payable		149,764		78,478
Machinery and equipment payable		3,547		827
Others		48,030		39,030
	\$	437,374	\$	332,827

(14) <u>Long-term deferred revenue</u>

The Group received government grant for acquiring land use right (shown as right-of-use asset in 2020 and 2019), which were recognised as deferred revenue and are transferred to profit or loss over the estimated useful lives of the related assets. The government grant received for acquiring land use right amounted to \$193,524. As of December 31, 2020, the Group received the grant amounting to \$162,232, and the remainder was not recognised because of the uncertainty over the timing of recoverability. Income recognised for the years ended December 31, 2020 and 2019 was \$4,480 and \$3,234, respectively.

(15) Pensions

- A. Effective July 1, 2005, the Group's Taiwan branch has established a defined contribution pension plan (the "New Plan") under the Labor Pension Act (the "Act"), covering all regular employees with R.O.C. nationality. Under the New Plan, the Group's Taiwan branch contributes monthly an amount based on 6% of the employees' monthly salaries and wages to the employees' individual pension accounts at the Bureau of Labor Insurance. The benefits accrued are paid monthly or in lump sum upon termination of employment.
- B. The Company's mainland China subsidiaries have a defined contribution plan. Monthly contributions to an independent fund administered by the government in accordance with the pension regulations in the People's Republic of China (PRC) are based on certain percentage of employees' monthly salaries and wages. Other than the monthly contributions, the Group has no further obligations. Defined contribution plan is as follows:

Management	Beneficiary	Contribution percentage
City government of each	Employees of all	16%
province in Mainland China	China subsidiaries	10%

- C. The Ministry of Human Resources and Social Security of the People's Republic of China issued an announcement regarding the administration of Chinese social security contributions, and the Standing Committee of the State Council implementation policy to reduce employer obligations on social security contributions from Feburary to December 2020.
- D. The pension (benefits) costs under the defined contribution pension plans of the Group for the years ended December 31, 2020 and 2019 were (\$15,598) and \$13,006, respectively.

(16) Share-based payment

A. The Group's share-based payment arrangements were as follows:

Type of arrangement	Grant date	Quantity granted	Vesting conditions
Treasury stock transferred to	November 3,	22 thousand	Vastad immediately
employees	2020	shares	Vested immediately

B. Details of the share-based payment arrangements are as follows:

		2020			
		Weighted-avera			
		No. of options	exercise price		
		(thousands) (in dolla			
Options outstanding at January 1		-	\$ -		
Options granted		22	27.44		
Options exercised	(22)	27.44		
Options outstanding at December 31		-	-		
Options exercisable at December 31		-	-		

C. The fair value of stock options granted on grant date is measured using the Black-Scholes option-pricing model. Relevant information is as follows:

						Expected	Expected	Risk-free	Fair	value
Type of		Sto	ck price	Exer	cise price	price	option life	interest	per	unit
arrangement	Grant date	(in	dollars)	(in	dollars)	volatility	(years)	rate	(in d	ollars)
Treasury stock transferred to employees	November 3, 2020	\$	70.70	\$	27.44	36.40%	0.094	0.35%	\$	43.27

Note: Expected price volatility rate was estimated by using the stock prices of the most recent period with length of this period approximate to the length of the stock options' expected life, and the standard deviation of return on the stock during this period.

D. Expenses incurred on share-based payment transactions are shown below:

	Year ended	Year ended
	December 31, 2020	December 31, 2019
Equity-settled	\$ 952	\$ -

(17) Share capital

As of December 31, 2020, the Company's authorised capital was \$1,000,000, consisting of 100 million shares of ordinary stock, and the paid-in capital was \$432,477 with a par value of \$10 (in dollars) per share. All proceeds from shares issued have been collected.

Movements in the number of the Company's ordinary shares outstanding (in thousand of shares) are as follows:

	2020		2019
At January 1		43,248	43,248
Purchase of treasury shares	(22)	-
Treasury shares sold to employees		22	-
At December 31		43,248	43,248

(18) Capital surplus

Under the Company's Articles of Incorporation, all or a portion of capital surplus arising from paid-in capital on issuance of common stocks and donations can be used to issue new stocks or cash to shareholders in proportion to their share ownership.

(19) Retained earnings

- A. Under the Company's Articles of Incorporation, the current year's earnings, if any, shall first be used to pay all taxes and offset prior years' operating losses and then 10% of the remaining amount shall be set aside as legal reserve. The remainder, if any, to be retained or to be appropriated shall be resolved by the stockholders at the stockholders' meeting.
- B. The Company's dividend policy is summarised below: as the Company operates in a volatile business environment and is in the stable growth stage, the residual dividend policy is adopted taking into consideration the Company's financial structure, operating results and future expansion plans. According to the dividend policy adopted by the Board of Directors, at least 5% of the Company's distributable earnings as of the end of the period shall be appropriated as dividends, and cash dividends shall account for at least 20% and not be higher than 100% of the total dividends distributed.
- C. Except for covering accumulated deficit or issuing new stocks or cash to shareholders in proportion to their share ownership, the legal reserve shall not be used for any other purpose. The use of legal reserve for the issuance of stocks or cash to shareholders in proportion to their share ownership is permitted, provided that the distribution of the reserve is limited to the portion in excess of 25% of the Company's paid-in capital.
- D. In accordance with the regulations, the Company shall set aside special reserve from the debit balance on other equity items at the balance sheet date before distributing earnings. When debit balance on other equity items is reversed subsequently, the reversed amount could be included in the distributable earnings.
- E. (a) The appropriations of earnings for the years ended December 31, 2019 and 2018 have been resolved at the shareholders' meeting on June 30, 2020 and June 5, 2019, respectively. Details are summarized below:

Years ended December 31,

	2019				2018			
		Dividends					Div	idends
			per share		per	share		
		Amount	(in dollars)		Amount	(in dollars)		
Legal reserve	\$	15,431	\$	-	\$	17,991	\$	-
Special reserve		47,390		-		30,264		-
Cash dividends		51,897		1.2		99,470		2.3
	\$	114,718			\$	147,725		

(b) The appropriation of earnings for the year ended December 31, 2020 has been proposed by the Board of Directors on March 5, 2021. Details are summarized below:

	Year ended December 31, 2020					
				Dividends		
				per share		
		Amount		(in dollars)		
Legal reserve	\$	28,348				
Special reserve	(5,966)				
Cash dividends		152,120	\$	3.50		
	\$	174,502	_			

The appropriation of earnings for the year ended December 31, 2020 has not yet been resolved by the shareholders as of March 5, 2021.

(20) Operating revenue

	Years ended December 31,		
		2020	2019
Revenue from contracts with customers	\$	2,075,283 \$	1,473,398

A. Disaggregation of revenue from contracts with customers

The Group derives revenue from the transfer of goods and services at a point in time in the following major product lines:

			Years ended	l Decem	ber 31,
			2020		2019
Revenue from contracts with custor	mers				
Goods sales revenue		\$	2,041,025	\$	1,430,466
Molding revenue			34,207		42,919
Processing fees revenue			51		13
		\$	2,075,283	\$	1,473,398
B. Contract liabilities					
(a) The Group has recognised the fo	ollowing	g rever	nue-related conti	ract liab	ilities:
		Dec	ember 31, 2020	Dece	mber 31, 2019
Contract liabilities:					
Advance receipts from customers		\$	470	\$	62
				Jan	uary 1, 2019
Contract liabilities:					
Advance receipts from customers				\$	475
(b) Revenue recognised that was income of the year.	luded in	the co	ontract liability	balance	at the beginning
			Years ended	l Decem	ber 31.
			2020		2019
Advance receipts from customers		\$	18	\$	438
(21) <u>Interest income</u>					
			Years ended De	ecember	31
		2	020		2019
Interest income	\$		4,401	\$	6,436
(22) Other income					
			Years ended De	ecember	31
		2	020		2019
Other income	\$		9,445	\$	10,280

(23) Other gains and losses

Tears chaca December 31.	Years	ended	December	31,
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		2020	2019				
Losses on disposals of property, plant and							
equipment	(\$	3,709) (\$	1,297)				
Net currency exchange losses	(42,465)(12,561)				
(Loss) gain on financial assets at fair							
value through profit or loss	(120)	1,947				
Impairment loss	(3,750)	-				
Other losses	(987) (1,830)				
	(\$	51,031)(\$	13,741)				

(24) Finance costs

Years ended December 31,

	2020	2019
Interest expense on bank borrowings	\$ 2,454	\$ 1,938
Interest expense on lease liabilities	1,748	2,034
Interest expense on bonds payable	1,001	-
	\$ 5,203	\$ 3,972

(25) Expenses by nature

Years ended December 31,

	2020	2019
Employee benefit expense	\$ 347,992	\$ 321,212
Depreciation charges on property, plant and	97,102	86,274
equipment		
Depreciation charges on right-of-use assets	15,744	14,178
Amortisation charges on intangible assets	1,171	1,174
	\$ 462,009	\$ 422,838

(26) Employee benefit expense

Years ended December 31,

		2020	2019
Wages and salaries	\$	323,948 \$	276,631
Pension costs	(15,598)	13,264
Other personnel expenses		39,642	31,317
	\$	347,992 \$	321,212

A. In accordance with the Articles of Incorporation of the Company, a ratio of distributable

profit of the current year, after covering accumulated losses, shall be distributed as employees' compensation and directors' and supervisors' remuneration. The ratio shall not be lower than 2% for employees' compensation and shall not be higher than 3% for directors' remuneration.

B. For the years ended December 31, 2020 and 2019, employees' compensation was accrued at \$18,488 and \$10,064, respectively; while directors' remuneration was accrued at \$6,163 and \$3,355, respectively. The aforementioned amounts were recognised in salary expenses.

The employees' compensation and directors' remuneration were estimated and accrued based on 6% and 2% of distributable profit of current year as of the end of reporting period.

Employees' compensation and directors' remuneration for 2019 amounting to \$10,064 and \$3,355, respectively, as resolved at the meeting of Board of Directors were in agreement with those amounts recognised in the 2019 financial statements. The employees' compensation will be distributed in the form of cash.

Information about employees' compensation and directors' remuneration of the Company as resolved at the meeting of Board of Directors will be posted in the "Market Observation Post System" at the website of the Taiwan Stock Exchange.

(27) Income tax

A. Income tax expense

Components of income tax expense:

	Years ended December 31,								
		2020	2019						
Current tax:									
Current tax on profits for the year	\$	50,089 \$	25,404						
Prior year income tax over estimation	(4,090) (2,778)						
Total current tax		45,999	22,626						
Deferred tax:									
Origination and reversal of temporary									
differences		36,664	4,652						
Income tax expense	\$	82,663 \$	27,278						

B. Reconciliation between income tax expense and accounting profit

Years ended December 31,

		2020	2019
Tax calculated based on profit before tax			
and statutory tax rate (note)	\$	57,006 \$	25,302
Expenses disallowed by tax regulation		1,849	885
Tax exempt income by tax regulation	(10,662)	6,027)
Tax losses not recognised as deferred			
tax assets		4,966	5,179
Change in assessment of realisation of			
deferred tax assets	(6,729) (16,284)
Prior year income tax over estimation	(4,090) (2,778)
Deferred tax effects of subsidiaries'			
profit		40,323	21,001
Income tax expense	\$	82,663 \$	27,278

Note: The basis for computing the applicable tax rate are the rates applicable in the respective countries where the Group entities operate.

C. Amounts of deferred tax assets or liabilities as a result of temporary differences are as follows:

	2020										
	At	Rec	ognised	Ex	change				At		
	January 1	in pro	ofit or loss	dif	ference	Others		Dec	cember 31		
Deferred tax assets:											
- Temporary differences											
Loss on inventory	\$ 1,826	\$	1,078	\$	13	\$	-	\$	2,917		
Employee benefit expense											
payable	11,158		4,804		61		-		16,023		
Government grants	276	(273)	((3)		-		-		
Others	50		48		1	-			99		
	13,310		5,657		72		-		19,039		
Deferred tax liabilities:											
- Temporary differences											
Retained earnings of											
subsidiary	(107,822)	(40,323)		8,646	-		(139,499)		
Others	(1,784)	(1,998)	(20)) -		(3,802)		
	(109,606)	(42,321)		8,626		-		143,301)		
	(\$ 96,296)	(\$	36,664)	\$	8,698 \$ -			(\$	124,262)		

	At	Rec	cognised	E	Exchange			At
	January 1	in pro	ofit or loss	d	ifference	Others	Dec	cember 31
Deferred tax assets:								
- Temporary differences								
Loss on inventory	\$ 1,857	\$	43	(\$	74)	\$ -	\$	1,826
Employee benefit expense								
payable	11,812	(200)	(454)	-		11,158
Government grants	369	(82)	(11)	-		276
Others	357	(305)	(2)	-		50
	14,395	(544)	(541)	-		13,310
Deferred tax liabilities:								
- Temporary differences								
Retained earnings of								
subsidiary	(89,525)	(21,001))	2,704	-	(107,822)
Gain on investments of								
subsidiaries	(16,263)		16,286	(23)-		-	
Others	(2,464)		607		73	-	(1,784)
	(108,252)	(4,108)		2,754	-	(109,606)
	(\$ 93,857)	(\$	4,652)	\$	2,213	\$ -	(\$	96,296)

D. Expiration dates of unused tax losses and amounts of unrecognised deferred tax assets pertaining to the subsidiaries of the Group are as follows:

December	21	1 20	20
December	つ	L. 24	1741

Year			Unrecognised	Expiry
incurred	Amount filed/ assessed	Unused amount	deferred tax assets	year
2020	\$ 10,268	\$ 10,268	\$ 10,268	None
2019	4,438	4,438	4,438	None
2018	251	251	251	None
2017	5,911	5,911	5,911	None

December 31, 2019

Year				J	Inrecognised	Expiry
incurred	Amount f	iled/ assessed	Unused amount	defe	erred tax assets	year
2019	\$	4,438	\$ 4,438	\$	4,438	None
2018		251	251		251	None
2017		5,911	5,911		5,911	None

E. The income tax returns of the Group's Taiwan branch through 2018 have been assessed

and approved by the Tax Authority.

- F. Kunshan Anli Precise Metal Co., Ltd., Kunshan Kuanghe Electronic Technology Co., Ltd. and Gtek Technology Co., Ltd. are productive foreign investment business which was incorporated in the People's Republic of China (PRC), with the applicable income tax rate of 25%. As these subsidiaries obtained high-tech enterprise certification, they are entitled to a 10% income tax deduction from November 2017 to October 2020, October 2018 to September 2021 and November 2018 to October 2021, respectively, and the applicable income tax rate is 15%.
- G. The certificate of high-tech enterprise of Kunshan Anli Precise Metal Co., Ltd. which expired in October 2020 was renewed and announced by the government of Jiangsu province. The subsidiary is entitled to a 10% income tax deduction from November 2020 to November 2023, and the applicable income tax rate is 15%.

(28) Earnings per share

	Year ended December 31, 2020										
			Weighted average								
			number of ordinary								
	Am	ount after	shares outstanding	Earnings	s per share (in						
		tax	(shares in thousands)	d	ollars)						
Basic earnings per share											
Profit attributable to ordinary											
shareholders of the parent	\$	283,484	43,233	\$	6.56						
Diluted earnings per share											
Profit attributable to ordinary											
shareholders of the parent	\$	283,484									
Assumed conversion of all											
dilutive potential ordinary											
shares											
Employees' compensation		-	259								
Convertible bonds		1,001	894	_							
Profit attributable to ordinary											
shareholders of the parent											
plusassumed conversion of											
alldilutive potential											
ordinary shares	\$	284,485	44,386	\$	6.41						

	Year ended December 31, 2019									
			Weighted average							
			number of ordinary							
	An	nount after	shares outstanding	Earnings per share (in						
		tax	(shares in thousands)	dollars)						
Basic earnings per share										
Profit attributable to ordinary										
shareholders of the parent	\$	154,309	43,248	\$ 3.57						
Diluted earnings per share										
Profit attributable to ordinary										
shareholders of the parent	\$	154,309								
Assumed conversion of all										
dilutive potential ordinary										
shares										
Employees' compensation		-	255	_						
Profit attributable to ordinary										
shareholders of the parent										
plus										
assumed conversion of all										
dilutive potential ordinary										
shares	\$	154,309	43,503	3.55						

(29) <u>Supplemental cash flow information</u>

Investing activities with partial cash payments:

	Years ended December 31,							
		2020	2019					
Purchase of property, plant and equipment	\$	113,870 \$	164,467					
Add: Opening balance of payable on		827	3,395					
equipment								
Less: Ending balance of payable on								
equipment	(3,547) (827)					
Cash paid during the year	\$	111,150 \$	167,035					

(30) Changes in liabilities from financing activities

								2020					
			L	ong-term									
			boı	rrowings -			Gua	rantee				I	Liabilities
	S	hort-term		current	Lo	ong-term	dep	osits	Lease	e	Bonds	froi	m financing
	bo	orrowings		portion	bo	rrowings	rec	eived	liabilit	ty	payable	acti	vities-gross
At January 1	\$	67,500	\$	3,833	\$	46,936	\$	430	\$ 49,	399	\$ -	\$	168,098
Changes in cash flow from financing activities	(50,827)		3,860)		-		-		511)	396,435		330,237
Long-term borrowings, current portion		-		3,961	(3,961)		-		-	-		-
Interest paid for lease liabilities		-		-		-		_		-	-		-
Remeasurement of lease liabilities		-		-		-		-		-	-		-
Changes in other non-cash items		-		-		-		-		-	(13,738)	(13,738)
Impact of changes in foreign exchange rate	(_	3,753)			_	_		1		37)			3,789)
At December 31	\$	12,920	\$	3,934	\$	42,975	\$	431	\$ 37,	851	\$ 382,697	\$	480,808
						2019							
				Long-tern	n Guarantee						Liat	pilities from	
	S	nort-term	1	borrowings	-	Long-t	erm	de	posits			f	inancing
	bo	rrowings	c	urrent porti	on	borrow	ings	re	ceived	Le	ase liability	acti	vities-gross
At January 1	\$	-	\$	3,7	67	\$ 5	0,762	\$	122	\$	41,503	\$	96,154
Changes in cash flow from financing activities		67,500	(3,7	(60)		-		327	(11,301)		52,766
Long-term borrowings, current portion				3,8	26	(3,826)	_		_		-
Interest paid for lease liabilities		-			-		-		-	(2,034)	(2,034)
Remeasurement of lease liabilities		-			-		-		-		21,190		21,190
Impact of changes in foreign exchange rate			_					(19)		41		22
At December 31	\$	67,500	\$	3,8	33	\$ 4	6,936	\$	430	\$	49,399	\$	168,098

7. Related Party Transactions

(1) Names of related parties and relationship

Names of related parties	Relationship with the Company
Kunshan Guanghui Precision Metal. Co., Ltd	Other related party
Kunshan Guanghui Precise Hardware Co., Ltd.	Other related party
Dongguan Anli Metal & Plastic Co., Ltd.	Other related party
HSU, CHENG-KUN	Key management personnel of the Group
WU, CHING-SONG	Key management personnel of the Group

(2) Significant related party transactions

A. Operating revenue:

	Years ended December 31,			
		2020	2	2019
Sales of goods:				
Other related party	\$	47,612	\$	20

The sales prices to related parties and third parties are negotiated. Credit terms of related parties are between 90 days after monthly billings and 95 days after the end of the month of sales, and of third parties are between 30 days after monthly billings and 120 days after the end of the month of sales.

B. Purchases

	Years ended December 31,				
	2	2020	2	019	
Purchases of goods:					
Other related party	\$	4,491	\$	18	

The purchase prices of related parties and third parties are negotiated. Payment terms of related parties are between 60 days after monthly billings and 150 days after the end of the month of purchase, and of third parties are between 30 days after monthly billings and 150 days after the end of the month of purchase.

C. Receivables from related parties

	Decembe	December 31, 2020		December 31, 2019	
Accounts receivable:					
Other related party	\$	5,822	\$	18	

The receivables from related parties mainly arise from sale transactions. The receivables are collectible within three months after the date of sale. The receivables are unsecured in nature and bear no interest. There are no allowances for uncollectible accounts held against receivables from related parties.

D. Payables to related parties:

	Decembe	December 31, 2020		1, 2019
Accounts payable:				
Other related party	\$	160	\$	

The outstanding trade payables from related parties are unsecured.

- E. Other income from related parties in 2020 and 2019 are \$51 and \$0, respectively.
- F. The key management of the Group has provided financial guarantee on the Group's short-term borrowings. As of December 31, 2019, the short-term borrowings amounted to US\$2,850 thousand. As of December 31, 2020, there was no such transaction.
- (3) Key management compensation

	Years ended December 31,				
Short-term employee benefits	2020		2019		
	\$	61,430 \$	47,167		

8. Pledged Assets

The Group's assets pledged as collateral are as follows:

		Book			
Pledged asset	Dece	mber 31, 2020	Decen	mber 31, 2019	Purpose
Property, plant and equipment	\$	152,991	\$	74,600	Short-term and Long-term borrowings
Right-of-use assets		55,613		-	Short-term borrowings
	\$	208,604	\$	74,600	Ü

9. Significant Contingent Liabilities and Unrecognised Contract Commitments

(1) Contingencies

None.

(2) Commitments

Capital expenditure contracted for at the balance sheet date but not yet incurred is as follows:

	December 31, 2020		December 31, 2019	
Property, plant and equipment	\$	1,734	\$	23,630
Plant construction under consignment	-	536,493		-
	\$	538,227	\$	23,630

10. Significant Disaster Loss

None.

11. Significant Events after the Balance Sheet Date

Refer to Note 6(17)E(b) for details of the appropriation of earnings for the year ended December 31, 2020.

12. Others

(1) Capital management

The Group's objectives when managing capital are to safeguard the Group's ability to continue as a going concern in order to provide returns for shareholders and to maintain an optimal capital structure to reduce the cost of capital. In order to maintain or adjust the capital structure, the Group may adjust the amount of dividends paid to shareholders, return capital to shareholders, issue new shares or sell assets to reduce debt.

(2) Financial instruments

A. Financial instruments by category

	Dece	December 31, 2020		ember 31, 2019
Financial assets				
Financial assets designated as at fair value				
through profit or loss	\$	920	\$	
Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income				
Designation of equity instrument	\$	17,356	\$	10,044
Financial assets at amortised cost				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	743,115	\$	537,856
Notes receivable		1,378		1,075
Accounts receivable				
(including related parties)		1,029,147		591,777
Other receivables		4,319		3,439
Guarantee deposits paid		2,354		72,013
	\$	1,780,313	\$	1,206,160

	December 31, 2020		December 31, 2019	
Financial liabilities				
Financial liabilities at amortised cost				
Short-term borrowings	\$	12,920	\$	67,500
Accounts payable				
(including related parties)		228,300		167,639
Other payables		437,374		332,827
Bonds payable		382,697		-
Long-term borrowings				
(including current portion)		46,909		50,769
Guarantee deposits received		431	2	430
	\$	1,108,631	\$	619,165
Lease liability	\$	37,851	\$	49,399

B. Financial risk management policies

The primary financial instruments of the Group include accounts receivable, accounts payable and borrowings. Group treasury provides services to each operating unit, by coordinating the operations of domestic and foreign financial markets, analysing the internal risk report on exposure by risk degree and supervising and managing the financial risk of the consolidated company. Such risk includes market risk (including foreign exchange risk and interest rate risk), credit risk and liquidity risk.

Group treasury periodically reports to the Board of Directors which monitors risk and the execution of policy to reduce the Group's exposure to identified risks.

C. Significant financial risks and degrees of financial risks

(a) Market risk

Exchange rate risk

- i.The Group operates internationally and is exposed to exchange rate risk arising from the transactions of the Company and its subsidiaries used in various functional currency, primarily with respect to the USD, RMB and NTD. Exchange rate risk arises from future commercial transactions and recognised assets and liabilities.
- ii.Management has set up a policy to require group companies to manage their foreign exchange risk against their functional currency. The companies are required to hedge their entire foreign exchange risk exposure with the Group treasury. Exchange rate risk is measured through a forecast of highly probable USD and RMB expenditures. Natural hedge is adopted to minimise the volatility of the exchange rate affecting assets and liabilities in foreign currency.

iii. The Group's businesses involve some non-functional currency operations (the Company's and certain subsidiaries' functional currency: NTD; other certain subsidiaries' functional currency: USD and RMB). The information on assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies whose values would be materially affected by the exchange rate fluctuations is as follows:

		December 31, 2020	
	Foreign currency		
	amount		Carrying amount
	(In thousands)	Exchange rate	(NTD)
(Foreign currency:			
Functional currency)			
Financial assets			
Monetary items			
USD:RMB	\$ 15,642	6.5249	\$ 439,540
USD:NTD	479	28.1000	13,460
Financial liabilities			
Monetary items	100	6.5040	2.020
USD:RMB	108	6.5249	3,028
		December 31, 2019	
	Foreign currency		
	amount		Carrying amount
	(In thousands)	Exchange rate	(NTD)
(Foreign currency:	.2	#0:	
Functional currency)			
Financial assets			
Monetary items			
USD:NTD	\$ 183	30.0000	\$ 5,484
USD:RMB	12,083	6.9762	362,458
JPY:USD	35,200	0.0632	9,658
Financial liabilities			
Monetary items		•••••	
USD:NTD	3,791	30.0000	113,742
USD:RMB	104	6.9762	3,109
HKD:USD	2,760	0.1292	1,369

iv. The total exchange loss, including realised and unrealised arising from significant foreign exchange variation on the monetary items held by the Group for the years ended December 31, 2020 and 2019, amounted to \$42,465 and \$12,561, respectively.

v. Analysis of foreign currency market risk arising from significant foreign exchange variation:

	Year ended December 31, 2020						
		Sensitivi	ity analysis				
	Degree of variation	Effect on profit or loss		Effect or compreh inco	ensive		
(Foreign currency:		0.0					
Functional currency)							
Financial assets							
Monetary items							
USD:RMB	1%	\$	4,395	\$	-		
USD:NTD	1%		135		-		
Financial liabilities							
Monetary items							
USD:RMB	1%		30		-		
	Yea	ır ended De	cember 31,	2019			
		Sensitivi	ity analysis				
				Effect or	n other		
	Degree of	Effect o	n profit or	compreh	ensive		
	variation		oss	inco			
(Foreign currency:		- 15 E					
Monetary items							
USD:NTD	1%	\$	55	\$	-		
USD:RMB	1%		3,625		-		
JPY:USD	1%		97		-		
Financial liabilities							
Monetary items							
USD:NTD	1%		1,137		-		
USD:RMB	1%		31		-		
HKD:USD	1%		14		-		
USD:NTD USD:RMB JPY:USD Financial liabilities Monetary items USD:NTD USD:RMB	1% 1% 1%	Effect o	55 3,625 97 1,137 31		ensive		

Price risk

- i. The Group's equity securities, which are exposed to price risk, are the held financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income. To manage its price risk arising from investments in equity securities, the Group diversifies its portfolio. Diversification of the portfolio is done in accordance with the limits set by the Group.
- ii. The Group's investments in equity securities comprise shares issued by the domestic companies. The prices of equity securities would change due to the change of the future value of investee companies. If the prices of these equity securities had increased/decreased

by 1% with all other variables held constant, other components of equity for the years ended December 31, 2020 and 2019 would have increased/decreased by \$174 and \$100, respectively, as a result of other comprehensive income classified as equity investment at fair value through other comprehensive income.

Cash flow and fair value interest rate risk

The Group's borrowings are measured at amortised cost. The borrowings are periodically contractually repriced and to that extent are also exposed to the risk of future changes in market interest rates.

(b) Credit risk

- i. Credit risk refers to the risk of financial loss to the Group arising from default by the clients or counterparties of financial instruments on the contract obligations. The main factor is that counterparties could not repay in full the accounts receivable.
- ii. The Group manages their credit risk taking into consideration the entire group's concern. According to the Group's credit policy, each local entity in the Group is responsible for managing and analysing the credit risk for each of their new clients before standard payment and delivery terms and conditions are offered. Internal risk control assesses the credit quality of the customers, taking into account their financial position, past experience and other factors. Individual risk limits are set based on internal or external ratings in accordance with limits set by the Board of Directors. The utilisation of credit limits is regularly monitored.
- iii. The Group adopts the assumptions under IFRS 9, that is, the default occurs when the contract payments are past due over 90 days.
- iv. The Group adopts the following assumption under IFRS 9 to assess whether there has been a significant increase in credit risk on that instrument since initial recognition:
 If the contract payments were past due over 30 days based on the terms, there has been a significant increase in credit risk on that instrument since initial recognition.
- v. The Group classifies customer's accounts receivable, contract assets and rents receivable in accordance with customer types. The Group applies the simplified approach using the provision matrix to estimate expected credit loss.
- vi. The Group wrote-off the financial assets, which cannot be reasonably expected to be recovered, after initiating recourse procedures. However, the Group will continue executing the recourse procedures to secure their rights. On December 31, 2020 and 2019, the Group had no written-off financial assets that are still under recourse procedures.

viii. The Group used the forecastability of the global economic information to adjust historical and timely information to assess the default possibility of notes receivable and accounts receivable of general credit customers. On December 31, 2020 and 2019, the provision matrix is as follows:

		t past due	p to 30 ays past due	31~60 iys past due	61~	120 days past due	day	l~180 ys past due	day	~300 s past due		er 300 days	Total
December 31, 2020													
Expected loss rate	0.	.03%	0.03%	0.03%		0.03%	0.039	6-0.07%	0.03%	-8.36%	10	0.00%	
Total book value	\$ 1,0	000,580	\$ 18,087	\$ 3,930	\$	2,301	\$	108	\$	4	\$	543	\$,025,553
Loss allowance	\$	300	\$ 5	\$ 1	\$	1	\$		\$		\$	543	\$ 850
December 31, 2019	_												
Expected loss rate	0.	.03%	0.03%	0.03%	0.03	%-0.04%	0.039	%-0.07%	0.03%	-8.36%	10	0.00%	
Total book value	\$ 5	80,498	\$ 10,547	\$ 231	\$	1,504	\$	-	\$	244	\$	227	\$ 593,251
Loss allowance	\$	175	\$ 3	\$ 	\$		\$	-	\$	12	\$	227	\$ 417

ix. Movements in relation to the Group applying the simplified approach to provide loss allowance for accounts receivable are as follows:

		2020 2	2019
Balance at January 1	\$	417 \$	2
Provision for impairment		440	431
Effect of exchange rate changes	(7) (16)
Balance at December 31	\$	850 \$	417

(c) Liquidity risk

- i.Cash flow forecasting is performed in the operating entities of the Group and aggregated by Group treasury. Group treasury monitors rolling forecasts of the Group's liquidity requirements to ensure it has sufficient cash to meet operational needs.
- ii. Surplus cash held by the operating entities over and above balance required for working capital management are transferred to the Group treasury. Group treasury invests surplus cash in short-term interest bearing current accounts and time deposits, choosing instruments with appropriate maturities or sufficient liquidity to provide sufficient headroom as determined by the abovementioned forecasts.
- iii. The Group has the following undrawn borrowing facilities:

	December 31, 2020		Decem	ber 31, 2019
Floating rate:				
Expiring within one year	\$	174,946	\$	-
Expiring beyond one year		7,930	_	86,981
	\$	182,876	\$	86,981

iv. The table below analyses the Group's non-derivative financial liabilities and net-settled or gross-settled derivative financial liabilities into relevant maturity groupings based on the remaining period at the balance sheet date to the contractual maturity date for nonderivative financial liabilities and to the expected maturity date for derivative financial liabilities. The amounts disclosed in the table are the contractual undiscounted cash flows.

]	Between			
	Ι	ess than	3	months	В	etween 1	Over
December 31, 2020	_3	months	aı	nd 1 year	and	d 5 years	5 years
Non-derivative financial liabilities							
Accounts payable	\$	180,981	\$	47,319	\$	-	\$ -
(including related parties)							
Other payables		300,405		136,969		-	-
Lease liability		3,346		10,038		26,768	
Long-term borrowings		1,191		3,573		19,256	27,989
(including current portion)							
Short-term borrowings		-		12,920		-	-
Bonds payable		-		-		400,000	-
			1	Between			
	Ι	ess than	3	months	В	etween 1	Over
December 31, 2019	3	months	aı	nd 1 year	and	d 5 years	5 years
Non-derivative financial liabilities							
Accounts payable	\$	118,834	\$	48,805	\$	-	\$ -
(including related parties)							
Other payables		325,160		7,667		-	-
Lease liability		3,341		10,023		40,093	-
Long-term borrowings		1,191		3,573		23,821	28,188
(including current portion)							
Short-term borrowings		30,466		31,070		1-	-

(3) Fair value information

- A. The different levels that the inputs to valuation techniques are used to measure fair value of financial and non-financial instruments have been defined as follows:
 - Level 1: Quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities that the entity can access at the measurement date. A market is regarded as active where a market in which transactions for the asset or liability take place with sufficient frequency and volume to provide pricing information on an ongoing basis.
 - Level 2: Inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly.
 - Level 3: Unobservable inputs for the asset or liability. The fair value of the Group's investment in equity investment without active market and the call options embedded in bonds payable are included in Level 3.
- B. Financial instruments not measured at fair value
 - (a) Except for those listed in the table below, the carrying amounts of cash and cash equivalents, notes receivable, accounts receivable (including related parties), other receivables, guarantee

deposits paid, short-term borrowings, accounts payable (including related parties), other payables, long-term borrowings, current portion and guarantee deposits received are approximate to their fair values.

	g <u></u>			Decen	ıbe	r 31,	2020			
			Fair value							
	Book value			Level 1		Level 2		Level 3		
Financial liabilities:	3		5)		8		8			
Bonds payable	\$	382,697	\$		-	\$	388,167	\$		_

- (b) The methods and assumptions of bonds payable' fair value estimate is measured at present value, which is calculated based on the cash flow expected to be paid and discounted using a market rate prevailing at balance sheet date.
- C. The related information on financial and non-financial instruments measured at fair value by level on the basis of the nature, characteristics and risks of the assets and liabilities at December 31, 2020 and 2019 are as follows:
 - (a) The related information on the nature of the assets and liabilities is as follows:

December 31, 2020	Lev	el 1	Lev	vel 2	Level 3		Total	
Assets					0.5			
Recurring fair value measurements								
Financial assets at fair value through								
profit or loss								
Call options	\$	-	\$	-	\$	920	\$ 920	
Financial assets at fair value through								
other comprehensive income								
Equity securities	-			-		17,356	17,356	
	\$		\$		\$	18,276	\$ 18,276	
December 31, 2019	Lev	el 1	Lev	vel 2	I	Level 3	Total	
Assets								
Recurring fair value measurements								
Financial assets at fair value through								
profit or loss								
Equity securities	\$	-	\$	-	\$	10,044	\$ 10,044	
	\$	_	\$	-	\$	10,044	\$ 10,044	

- (b) The methods and assumptions the Group used to measure fair value are as follows:
 - i. For high-complexity financial instruments, the fair value is measured by using self-developed valuation model based on the valuation method and technique widely used within the same industry. The valuation model is normally applied to derivative financial instruments, debt instruments with embedded derivatives or securitised instruments. Certain inputs used in the valuation model are not observable at market, and the Group must make reasonable estimates based on its assumptions. The effect of unobservable

- inputs to the valuation of financial instruments is provided in Note 12(3)7.
- ii. The Group takes into account adjustments for credit risks to measure the fair value of financial and non-financial instruments to reflect credit risk of the counterparty and the Group's credit quality.
- D. The following chart is the movement of Level 3 for the years ended December 31, 2020 and 2019:

	2020					
				Equity		
	Cal	loptions	ins	truments		Total
At January 1	\$	-	\$	10,044	\$	10,044
Gains and losses recognised in profit or loss						
Recorded as non-operating income and expenses	(120)			(120)
Gain or loss recognised in other comprehensive income						
Recorded as unrealised gains (losses) on valuation of investments in equity instruments measured at fair value		-		7,312		7,312
through other comprehensive income		1.040				1.040
Issued in the period	-	1,040			_	1,040
At December 31	\$	920	\$	17,356	\$	18,276
				2019		
				Equity		
	Cal	options	ins	truments		Total
At January 1	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Acquired in the period	72	-	32	10,044	12	10,044
At December 31	\$		\$	10,044	\$	10,044

- E. For the years ended December 31, 2020 and 2019, there was no transfer into or out from Level 3.
- F. Strategy investment segment is in charge of valuation procedures for fair value measurements being categorised within Level 3, which is to verify independent fair value of financial instruments. Such assessment is to ensure the valuation results are reasonable by applying independent information to make results close to current market conditions, confirming the resource of information is independent, reliable and in line with other resources and represented as the exercisable price, and frequently calibrating valuation model, performing back-testing, updating inputs used to the valuation model and making any other necessary adjustments to the fair value.
- G. The following is the qualitative information of significant unobservable inputs and sensitivity analysis of changes in significant unobservable inputs to valuation model used in Level 3 fair value measurement:

	Fair value at			Range	Relationship of
	December	Valuation	Significant	nificant (weighted input	
	31, 2020	technique	unobservable input	average)	value
Call options embedded in bonds payable	\$ 920	Binomial Value Tree	Volatility	53.09%	The higher the volatility, the higher the fair value.
Unlisted shares	17,356	Market comparable companies	Price to earnings ratio multiple, price to book ratio multiple, enterprise value to operating income ratio multiple, enterprise value to EBITA multiple, discount for lack of marketability, control premium.	None	The higher the multiple and control premium, the higher the fair value; the higher the discount for lack of marketability, the lower the fair value.
	Fair value at			Range	Relationship of
	December	Valuation	Significant	(weighted	inputs to fair
	31, 2019	technique	unobservable input	average)	value
Unlisted shares	\$ 10,044	Market comparable companies	Price to earnings ratio multiple, price to book ratio multiple, enterprise value to operating income ratio multiple, enterprise value to EBITA multiple, discount for lack of marketability, control premium.	None	The higher the multiple and control premium, the higher the fair value; the higher the discount for lack of marketability, the lower the fair value.

13. Supplementary Disclosures

(1) Significant transactions information

- A. Loans to others: Please refer to table 1.
- B. Provision of endorsements and guarantees to others: Please refer to table 2.
- C. Holding of marketable securities at the end of the period (not including subsidiaries, associates and joint ventures): Please refer to table 3.
- D. Acquisition or sale of the same security with the accumulated cost exceeding \$300 million or 20% of the Company's paid-in capital: Please refer to table 4.
- E. Acquisition of real estate reaching \$300 million or 20% of paid-in capital or more: Please refer to table 5.
- F. Disposal of real estate reaching \$300 million or 20% of paid-in capital or more: None.
- G. Purchases or sales of goods from or to related parties reaching \$100 million or 20% of paid-in capital or more: Please refer to table 6.
- H. Receivables from related parties reaching \$10/0 million or 20% of paid-in capital or more: Please refer to table 7.
- I. Trading in derivative instruments undertaken during the reporting periods: None.
- J. Significant inter-company transactions during the reporting periods: Please refer to table 8.

(2) Information on investees

Names, locations and other information of investee companies (not including investees in Mainland China): Please refer to table 9.

(3) Information on investments in Mainland China

- A. Basic information: Please refer to table 10.
- B. Significant transactions, either directly or indirectly through a third area, with investee companies in the Mainland Area: Please refer to table 10.

(4) Major shareholders information

Major shareholders information: Please refer to table 11.

14. Segment Information

(1) General information

Management has determined the reportable operating segments based on the reports reviewed by the Chief Operating Decision-Maker, the Board of Directors, that are used to make strategic decisions.

There is no material change in the basis for formation of entities and division of segments in the Group or in the measurement basis for segment information during this period.

(2) Segment information

The segment information provided to the chief operating decision-maker for the reportable segments is as follows:

						All other	
Year ended December 31, 2020	_A	segment	E	3 segment		segments	 Total
Revenue from external customers	\$	910,129	\$	1,165,154	\$	-	\$ 2,075,283
Inter-segment revenue				130,510	_		 130,510
Total segment revenue	\$	910,129	\$	1,295,664	\$	_	2,205,793
Internal write-offs							130,510)
Consolidated revenue							\$ 2,075,283
Segment income (loss)	\$	258,324	\$	317,558	(\$	6,767)	\$ 569,115
Depreciation	\$	76,234	\$	36,282	\$	330	\$ 112,846
Amortisation	\$	331	\$	765	\$	75	\$ 1,171
						All other	
Year ended December 31, 2019	_A	segment	E	3 segment		segments	Total
Revenue from external customers	\$	734,018	\$	739,380	\$	_	\$ 1,473,398
Inter-segment revenue		_		117,038			117,038
Total segment revenue	\$	734,018	\$	856,418	\$	_	1,590,436
Internal write-offs	10		8	-	3		117,038)
Consolidated revenue							\$ 1,473,398
Segment income (loss)	\$	140,337	\$	174,200	(\$	5,014)	\$ 309,523
Depreciation	\$	68,945	\$	31,177	\$	330	\$ 100,452
Amortisation	\$	150	\$	874	\$	150	\$ 1,174

Note: Inter-segment revenue has been eliminated to \$0.

(3) Reconciliation for segment income (loss)

Sales between segments are carried out at arm's length. The revenue from external customers reported to the chief operating decision-maker is measured in a manner consistent with that in the statement of comprehensive income.

A reconciliation of reportable segment income or loss to the income/(loss) before tax from continuing operations for the years ended December 31, 2020 and 2019 is provided as follows:

		ber 31,			
	· ·	2020	2019		
Reportable segments income	\$	575,882	\$	314,537	
Other segments income/(loss)	(6,767)	(5,014)	
Total segments		569,115		309,523	
Depreciation	(112,846)	(100,452)	
Amortisation	(1,171)	(1,174)	
Interest income		4,401		6,436	
Other income		9,445		10,280	
Other gains and losses	(51,031)	(13,741)	
General management cost and directors' compensation	(46,563)	(25,313)	
Finance costs	(5,203)	(3,972)	
Income before tax from continuing operations	\$	366,147	\$	181,587	

(4) Information on products and services

Revenue from external customers is mainly from computer peripherals. Details of revenue are as follows:

	Years ended December 31,								
		2020		2019					
Computer components	\$	1,737,948	\$	1,330,155					
Consumer electronics components		215,767	\$	-					
Handheld device components		7,246		12,913					
Others		114,322	8	130,330					
	\$	2,075,283	\$	1,473,398					

(5) Geographical information

Geographical information for the years ended December 31, 2020 and 2019 is as follows:

				Years ended l	December 31,							
	_	2020				2019						
		Revenue	Non-	-current assets	_	Revenue	Non	-current assets				
China	\$	2,074,455	\$	1,088,492	\$	1,473,330	\$	984,652				
Taiwan	<u></u>	828	2	75,057	-	68	0	87,528				
	\$	2,075,283	\$	1,163,549	\$	1,473,398	\$	1,072,180				

(6) Major customer information

Major customer information of the Group for the years ended December 31, 2020 and 2019 is as follows:

		Years ended December 31,									
	<u> </u>	2020		2019							
A	\$	552,997	\$	404,922							
В		402,515		340,083							
C		227,104		59,271							
D		215,746		126,550							

Loans to others

Year ended December 31, 2020

Table 1

Expressed in thousands of NTD (Except as otherwise indicated)

No. (Note 1)	Creditor	2	General ledger	Is a related party	Maximum outstanding balance during the year ended December 31, 2020		Actual amount drawn down	Interest	Nature of loan (Note 2)	Amount of transactions with the	Reason for short-term financing	Allowance for doubtful accounts		ateral Value	Limit on loans granted to a single party	Ceiling on total	
(Note 1)	ANLI	Borrower Anli International Co., Ltd	Other	party	5,620	2020	drawn down	0%	2	borrower	Operations		None	value	1,142,351	1,142,351	Footnote None
,	INTERNATIONAL HOLDINGS LIMITED		receivables	1	3,620	-		076	4		Operations	-	None		1,142,331	1,142,331	None
1	ANLI INTERNATIONAL HOLDINGS LIMITED	HuZhou Anli Technology Co., Ltd.	Other receivables	Y	124,624	124,624	124,624	0%	2		Operations	-	None		1,142,351	1,142,351	None
2	KUANGHE CO., LIMITED	Anli International Co., Ltd	Other receivables	Y	5,620			0%	2		Operations		None		983,091	983,091	None
2	KUANGHE CO., LIMITED	HuZhou Anli Technology Co., Ltd.	Other receivables	Y	129,710	129,710	129,710	0%	2	,	Operations	670	None		983,091	983,091	None
3	Kunshan Anli Precise Metal Co.,ltd	Gtek Technology Co.,Ltd	Other receivables	Y	64,599	64,599	64,599	5%	2	7	Operations	-	None	ž	795,226	795,226	None

Note 1: The numbers filled in for the loans provided by the Company or subsidiaries are as follows:

- (1) The Company is '0'.
- (2) The subsidiaries are numbered in order starting from '1', and the same company shall be numbered at the same code.
- Note 2: The column of 'Nature of loan' shall fill in 1. 'Business transaction or 2. 'Short-term financing'.

Note 3: (1) Limit on total loans shall not exceed 40% of creditor's net assets. However, loans to direct or indirect wholly-owned foreign subsidiaries of the Company shall not exceed 100% of creditor's net assets.

- (2) For the companies having business relationship with the Company, limit on loans granted to a single party shall not exceed the amount of business transactions occurred between the creditor and borrower.
 - Limit on loans to a single party with business transactions is the higher value of purchasing and selling during current year on the year of financing.
- For companies having short-term loans, ceiling on loans granted to a single party is 10% of the Company's net assets. However, loans to direct or indirect wholly-owned foreign subsidiaries of the Company shall not exceed 100% of creditor's net assets.
- Note 4: Maximum balance and ending balance listed in the table are expressed in New Taiwan dollars. The balances denominated in foreign currencies are translated into New Taiwan dollars at the exchange rate prevailing at the balance sheet date, and the exchange rates used were USD 1: NTD 28.1000 and RMB 1:NTD 4.3066.
- Note 5: Actual parent-subsidiary company tansactions included in ending balance were all eliminated.

Provision of endorsements and guarantees to others

Year ended December 31, 2020

Table 2 Expressed in thousands of NTD (Except as otherwise indicated)

		Party	being			N	Maximum	O	utstanding					Ratio of						
		endorsed/g	guaranteed	1	Limit on	O	utstanding	en	dorsement/				Amount of	accumulated		Ceiling on total		Provision of		
			Relationship	end	lorsements/	en	dorsement/	٤	guarantee	A	ctual	e	ndorsements/	endorsement		amount of	Provision of	endorsements/	Provision of	
			with the	g	uarantees	1	guarantee	a	amount at	an	nount		guarantees	guarantee amou	nt	endorsements/	endorsements/	guarantees by	endorsements/	
			endorser/	pro	vided for a	an	nount as of	De	ecember 31,	di	rawn	3	secured with	to net asset val	ıe	guarantees	guarantees by	subsidiary to	guarantees to the	
Number	Endorser/	Company	guarantor	si	ngle party	De	cember 31,		2020	d	own		collateral	of the endorse	/	provided	parent company	parent	party in	
(Note 1)	guarantor	name	(Note 2)	((Note 3)	20	20 (Note 4)		(Note 4)	(N	ote 4)		(Note 5)	guarantor	_	(Note 3)	to subsidiary	company	Mainland China	Footnote
0	Anli International	KUANGHE	2	\$	351,621	\$	112,400	\$	112,400	S	-	\$		6.39	1%	\$ 351,621	Y	N	N	None
	Co., Ltd	CO., LIMITED																		
0	Anli International	ANLI	2	\$	351,621	\$	112,400	\$	112,400	\$	-	\$		6.39	%	\$ 351,621	Y	N	N	None
	Co., Ltd	INTERNATI																		
		ONAL																		
		HOLDINGS LIMITED																		
		LivitiLD																		

Note 1: The numbers filled in for the endorsements/guarantees provided by the Company or subsidiaries are as follows:

- (1) The Company is '0'.
- (2) The subsidiaries are numbered in order starting from '1'.

Note 2: Relationship between the endorser/guarantor and the party being endorsed/guaranteed is classified into the following seven categories; fill in the number of category each case belongs to:

- Having business relationship.
- (2) The endorser/guarantor parent company owns directly and indirectly more than 50% voting shares of the endorsed/guaranteed subsidiary.
- (2) The endorser/guarantee company owns directly and indirectly more than 50% voting shares of the endorser/guarantee company.

 (3) The endorsed/guaranteed company owns directly and indirectly more than 50% voting shares of the endorser/guaranter parent company.
- (4) The endorser/guarantor parent company owns directly and indirectly more than 90% voting shares of the endorsed/guaranteed company.
- (4) The endorser guarantee of the trade made by the endorsed/guaranteed company or joint contractor as required under the construction contract.
- (6) Due to joint venture, all shareholders provide endorsements/guarantees to the endorsed/guaranteed company in proportion to its ownership.
- (7) Joint guarantee of the performance guarantee for pre-sold home sales contract as required under the Consumer Protection Act.
- Note 3: According to the Company's "Procedures for Provision of Endorsements and Guarantees":
 - (1) The total guarantee amount shall not exceed 40% of the Company's net assets based on the latest financial statements, and the guarantee to a single party shall not exceed 20% of the Company's net assets based on the latest financial statements.
 - Limit on the total endorsement/guarantee of the Company and its subsidiaries is 50% of the Company's net assets. Limit on the total endorsement/guarantee to a signle party is 20% of the Company's net assets.
 - (2) For the companies having business relationship and thus being provided endorsements/guarantees, aside from the abovementioned limits, limit on endorsements to a single party is the total value of business transactions within past 12 months. (the value of business transactions is the higher of purchase or sales)
- Note 4: Maximum balance, ending balance and actual drawn amount listed in the table are expressed in New Taiwan dollars. The balances denominated in foreign currencies are translated into New Taiwan dollars at spot exchange rates prevailing at the balance sheet date, and the exchange rate used was RMB 1:NTD 4.3066.

Holding of marketable securities at the end of the period

Year ended December 31, 2020

Table 3 Expressed in thousands of NTD (Except as otherwise indicated)

				As of December 31, 2020				
		Relationship with the	General	Number of shares				
Securities held by	Marketable securities (Note 1)	securities issuer	ledger account	(in thousands)	Book value	Ownership (%)	Fair value	Footnote
Anli International	CERTAIN MICRO APPLICATION	2	Financial assets at fair value	1,004	\$ 17,356	9.05%	\$ 17,356	None
Co., Ltd.	TECHNOLOGY INC.		through other comprehensive					
			income-non-current					

Note 1: Marketable securities in the table refer to stocks, bonds, beneficiary certificates and other related derivative securities.

$Acquisition\ or\ sale\ of\ the\ same\ security\ with\ the\ accumulated\ cost\ exceeding\ \$300\ million\ or\ 20\%\ of\ the\ Company's\ paid-in\ capital$

Year ended December 31, 2020

Table 4

Expressed in thousands of NTD (Except as otherwise indicated)

				Relationship	Balance January			Addition (N	ote 3)	9	Disposal	(Note 3)		Balance a December 3	
Investor	Marketable securities (Note 1)	General ledger account	Counterparty (Note 2)	with the investor (Note 2)	Number of shares (thousands)		Amount	Number of shares (thousands)	Amount	Number of shares (thousands)	Selling price	Book value	Gain (loss) on disposal	Number of shares (thousands)	Amount
Anli International Co., Ltd	KUANGHE CO., LIMITED	Investments accounted for using equity method	KUANGHE CO., LIMITED	parent- subsidiary company	6,000	S	153,676	7,166 \$	236,565	-	-			13,166 \$	390,241
Anli International Co., Ltd	ANLI INTERNATIONA L HOLDINGS	Investments accounted for using equity method	ANLI INTERNATION AL HOLDINGS	parent- subsidiary company	38,914		300,895	53,276 \$	196,326		-			92,190 \$	497,221
ANLI INTERNATIONAL HOLDINGS LIMITED	HuZhou Anli Technology Co., Ltd.	Investments accounted for using equity method	HuZhou Anli Technology Co., Ltd.	parent- subsidiary company	(12)		86,007	- \$	115,062	2				- \$	201,069
KUANGHE CO., LIMITED	HuZhou Anli Technology Co.,	Investments accounted for using	HuZhou Anli Technology Co., Ltd	parent- subsidiary			147,381		61,894	-	-	-		- S	209,275

Note 1: Marketable securities in the table refer to stocks, bonds, beneficiary certificates and other related derivative securities.

Note 2: Fill in the columns the counterparty and relationship if securities are accounted for under the equity method; otherwise leave the columns blank.

Note 3: Aggregate purchases and sales amounts should be calculated separately at their market values to verify whether they individually reach NT\$300 million or 20% of paid-in capital or more.

Note 4: Paid-in capital referred to herein is the paid-in capital of parent company. In the case that shares were issued with no par value or a par value other than NT\$10 per share, the 20 % of paid-in capital shall be replaced by 10% of equity attributable to owners of the parent in the calculation.

Note 5: The accounts of the Company are expressed in New Taiwan dollars. The balances denominated in foreign currencies are translated into New Taiwan dollars at spot exchange rates prevailing at the balance sheet date, and the exchange rate used was USD 1:NTD 28.1000. Income statement accounts denominated in foreign currencies are translated into New Taiwan dollars at the weighted average exchange rates (period from January to December), and the exchange rate used was USD 1:NTD 29.4273.

Acquisition of real estate reaching \$300 million or 20% of paid-in capital or more

Year ended December 31, 2020

Table 5 Expressed in thousands of NTD (Except as otherwise indicated)

> If the counterparty is a related party, information as to the last transaction

							of	the real estate is di	sclosed below:				
							Original owner	Relationship				Reason for	
							who	between the			Basis or	acquisition of	
							sold the real	original	Date of the		reference used	real estate and	
	Real estate	Date of the	Transaction	Status of		Relationship with	estate to	owner and the	original		in setting the	status of the real	Other
Real estate acquired by	acquired	event	amount	payment	Counterparty	the counterparty	the counterparty	acquirer	transaction	Amount	price	estate	commitments
HuZhou Anli Technology Co., Ltd.	Plant	2020/8/6	\$ 580,530	\$ 44,03	Jiangsu Didu Construction Engineering Co., Ltd.	2	Not applicable	Not applicable	Not applicable	Not applicable	Parity and negotiation	Production	•

In the case that shares were issued with no par value or a par value other than NT\$10 per share, the 20 % of paid-in capital shall be replaced by 10% of equity attributable to owners of the parent in the calculation.

Note 1: The appraisal result should be presented in the 'Basis or reference used in setting the price' column if the real estate acquired should be appraised pursuant to the regulations.

Note 2: Paid-in capital referred to herein is the paid-in capital of parent company.

Note 3: Date of the event referred to herein is the date of contract signing, date of payment, date of execution of a trading order, date of title transfer, date of board resolution, or other date that can confirm the counterparty and the monetary amount of the transaction, whichever is earlier.

Note 4: The accounts of the Company are expressed in New Taiwan dollars. The balances denominated in foreign currencies are translated into New Taiwan dollars at spot exchange rates prevailing at the balance sheet date, and the exchange rate used was RMB:NTD 4.3066. Income statement accounts denominated in foreign currencies are translated into New Taiwan dollars at the weighted average exchange rates (period from January to December), and the exchange rate used was RMB 1:NTD 4.2663.

Purchases or sales of goods from or to related parties reaching \$100 million or 20% of paid-in capital or more

Expressed in thousands of NTD (Except as otherwise indicated)

Year ended December 31, 2020 Table 6

								Differences in	transaction terms compared	to			
					Tr	ansaction		thi	rd party transactions	1	Notes/accounts re	eceivable (payable)	
		Relationship with the	Purchases			Percentage of total purchases					no	Percentage of total tes/accounts receivab	le
Purchaser/seller	Counterparty	counterparty	(sales)		Amount	(sales)	Credit term	Unit price	Credit term		Balance	(payable)	Footnote
Kunshan Anli Precise Metal Co., Ltd.	ANLI INTERNATIONAL HOLDINGS LIMITED	parent- subsidiary company	Sales	S	237,208	32%	150 days after monthly billings	Mutual agreement	Note 1	\$	140,279	37%	NONE
Kunshan Anli Precise Metal Co., Ltd.	Kunshan Kuanghe Electronic Technology Co., Ltd.	Sibling company	Sales		224,396	30%	120 days after monthly billings	Mutual agreement	NONE		122,130	32%	NONE
Kunshan Kuanghe Electronic Technology Co., Ltd.	KUANGHE CO., LIMITED	parent- subsidiary company	Sales		224,186	25%	No later than 90 days after the end of the month of sales	Mutual agreement	NONE		110,050	28%	NONE

Note 1: If terms of related-party transactions are different from third-party transactions, explain the differences and reasons in the 'Unit price' and 'Credit term' columns.

The Kunshan Anli Precise Metal Co., Ltd.'s credit terms to ANLI INTERNATIONAL HOLDINGS LIMITED are longer than third parties due to the nature of transaction classified as inter-company transactions (parent-subsidiary company and sibling company)

Note 2. In case related-party transaction terms involve advance receipts (prepayments) transactions, explain in the footnote the reasons, contractual provisions, related amounts, and differences in types of transactions compared to third-party transactions.

Note 3: Paid-in capital referred to herein is the paid-in capital of parent company.

In the case that shares were issued with no par value or a par value other than NT\$10 per share, the 20 % of paid-in capital shall be replaced by 10% of equity attributable to owners of the parent in the calculation.

Note 4: The accounts of the Company are expressed in New Taiwan dollars. The balances denominated in foreign currencies are translated into New Taiwan dollars at spot exchange rates prevailing at the balance sheet date, and the exchange rate used was USD 1:NTD 28.1000. Income statement accounts denominated in foreign currencies are translated into New Taiwan dollars at the weighted average exchange rates (period from January to December), and the exchange rate used was USD 1:NTD 29.4273.

Receivables from related parties reaching NT\$100 million or 20% of paid-in capital or more

Year ended December 31, 2020

Table 7

Expressed in thousands of NTD (Except as otherwise indicated)

Creditor	Counterparty	Relationship with the counterparty	Balance as at Decembe (Note 1)	er 31, 2020	Turnover rate	Overdu	e receivables Action taken	Amount collected subsequent to the balance sheet date	Allowance for doubtful accounts
			(Note 1)		-	Amount	Action taken	·	doubtrui accounts
Kunshan Anli Precise Metal Co.,Ltd	ANLI INTERNATIONAL HOLDINGS LIMITED	parent-subsidiary	\$	140,279	2.94	7.5	-	\$ 44,500	
Kunshan Anli Precise Metal Co., Ltd	Variable Variable Flatteria Tarberta Gallad	company		122 120	1.27			40.400	
Kunshan Anii Precise Metal Co.,Ltd	Kunshan Kuanghe Electronic Technology Co. Ltd.	Sibling company		122,130	1.37	-	-	48,699	-
Kunshan Kuanghe Electronic Technology Co. Ltd.	KUANGHE CO., LIMITED	parent-subsidiary		110,050	3.97	-	-	33,530	
Kunshan Kuangie Electronic Technology Co. Eu.	ROARGIL CO., LIMITED	company		110,050	3.77			55,550	

Note 1: Fill in separately the balances of accounts receivable-related parties, notes receivable-related parties, other receivables-related parties....

Note 2: Paid-in capital referred to herein is the paid-in capital of parent company. In the case that shares were issued with no par value or a par value other than NT\$10 per share, the 20 % of paid-in capital shall be replaced by 10% of equity attributable to owners of the parent in the calculation.

Note 3: The accounts of the Company are expressed in New Taiwan dollars. The balances denominated in foreign currencies are translated into New Taiwan dollars at spot exchange rates prevailing at the balance sheet date, and the exchange rate used was USD 1:NTD 28.1000; RMB 1:NTD 4.3066.

Significant inter-company transactions during the reporting period

Year ended December 31, 2020

Table 8 Expressed in thousands of NTD (Except as otherwise indicated)

						Transaction	
							Percentage of consolidated total
Number			Relationship				operating revenues or total assets
(Note 1)	Company name	Counterparty	(Note 2)	General ledger account	Amount	Transaction terms	(Note 3)
1	Kunshan Anli Precise Metal Co., Ltd.	ANLI INTERNATIONAL HOLDINGS LIMITED	3	Sales revenue	\$ 237,208	150 days after monthly billings	11%
"	"	"	3	Accounts receivable	140,279	150 days after monthly billings	4%
"	"	Kunshan Kuanghe Electronic Technology Co., Ltd.	3	Sales revenue	224,396	120 days after monthly billings	11%
"	"	n .	3	Accounts receivable	122,130	120 days after monthly billings	4%
2	Kunshan Kuanghe Electronic Technology Co., Ltd.	KUANGHE CO., LIMITED	3	Sales revenue	224,186	90 days after the end of the month of sales	11%
"	n	"	3	Accounts receivable	110,050	90 days after the end of the month of sales	3%

Note 1: The numbers filled in for the transaction company in respect of inter-company transactions are as follows:

- (1) Parent company is '0'.
- (2) The subsidiaries are numbered in order starting from '1'.
- Note 2: Relationship between transaction company and counterparty is classified into the following three categories; fill in the number of category each case belongs to:
 - (1) Parent company to subsidiary.
 - (2) Subsidiary to parent company.
 - (3) Subsidiary to subsidiary.
- Note 3: Regarding percentage of transaction amount to total operating revenues or total assets, it is computed based on period-end balance of transaction to total assets for balance sheet accounts and based on accumulated transaction amount for the period to total operating revenues for income statement accounts.
- Note 4: Individual transactions not exceeding \$10,000 and their corresponding transactions are not disclosed.

Those transactions shown in other assets and revenue are not disclosed from the opposite side.

Note 5: The related transactions were eliminated when preparing the consolidated financial statements.

Information on investees

Year ended December 31, 2020

Table 9 Expressed in thousands of NTD (Except as otherwise indicated)

				Initial investment amount Balance as at Balance as at		Shares held	as at Decem	ber 3	31, 2020	Net profit (loss) of the estee for the year ended	Investment income (lo recognised by the Compa				
			Main business	De	cember 31,	De	cember 31,	Number of	Ownership			December 31, 2020	the year ended Decembe	er 31,	
Investor	Investee	Location	activities		2020		2019	shares	(%)	В	Book value	(Note 1)	2020 (Note 1)		Footnote
Anli International Co., Ltd.	KUANGHE CO., LIMITED	Hong Kong	Investment company and stamping of various precision metal and manufacturing of die casting components	\$	390,241	\$	153,676	13,166	100	\$	983,091	\$ 119,923	\$ 1	19,923	None
Anli International Co., Ltd.	ANLI INTERNATIONAL HOLDINGS LIMITED	Hong Kong	Investment company and manufacturing of new electronic component such as inductance		497,221		300,895	92,190	100		1,142,351	200,476	20	00,476	None

Note 1: Profit or loss of investees and investment income (loss) recognised by the Company for the year ended December 31, 2020 is based on financial statements audited and attested by R.O.C. parent company's CPA.

Note 2: The transactions were eliminated when preparing the consolidated financial statements.

Note 3: The accounts of the Company are expressed in New Taiwan dollars. The balances denominated in foreign currencies are translated into New Taiwan dollars at spot exchange rates prevailing at the balance sheet date, and the exchange rate used was USD 1:NTD 28.1000. Income statement accounts denominated in foreign currencies are translated into New Taiwan dollars at the weighted average exchange rates (period from January to December), and the exchange rate used was USD 1:NTD 29.4273.

Information on investments in Mainland China

Year ended December 31, 2020

Table 10

Expressed in thousands of NTD (Except as otherwise indicated)

Investee in Mainland China	Main business activities	Paid-in capital	Investment method (Note 1)	Accumulated amount of remittance from Taiwan to Mainland China as of January 1, 2020	Taiwan to N	emitted from Mainland China emitted back to Remitted back to Taiwan	Accumulated amount of remittance from Taiwan to Mainland China as of December 31, 2020	Net income of investee for the year ended December 31, 2020 (Note 2)	Ownership held by the Company (direct or indirect)	December 31, 2020	investments in Mainland China	Accumulated amount of investment income remitted back to Taiwan as of December 31, 2020	Footnote
Kunshan Anli Precise Metal Co., Ltd.	Stamping of various precision metal and manufacturing and sales of die casting components	\$ 112,927	(2)A	s -	\$ -	s -	s -	\$ 203,634	100	\$ 203,634	\$ 795,226	s -	None
Kunshan Kuanghe Electronic Technology Co., Ltd.	Manufacturing and sales of new electronic component such as inductance	145,525	(2)B	Ξ.				173,842	100	173,842	802,607	-	None
Gtek Technology Co., Ltd.	Manufacturing and sales of new electronic component such as inductance; and metal finishing	283,456	(2)C	-		-	-	52,142	100	52,142	358,678	÷	None
HuZhou Anli Technology Co., Ltd.	Research and development, manufacturing and sales of electronic components, vehicle components and new metal material.	410,344	(2)D	-	4		-	(135	100	(135	429,967	-	None
		Investment am	5.5	Ceiling on invest	ments in Mair	nland China							
Company name	Taiwan to Mainland China as of December 31, 2020	of the Ministry Affairs (of Economic	imposed by the Ir									
Note 4	s -	\$	75		Note 4								

Note 1: Investment methods are classified into the following three categories; fill in the number of category each case belongs to:

- (1) Directly invest in a company in Mainland China.
- (2) Through investing in an existing company in the third area, which then invested in the investee in Mainland China.
- A. Kunshan Anli Precise Metal Co., Ltd. was reinvested through ANLI INTERNATIONAL HOLDINGS LIMITED.
- B. Kunshan Kuanghe Electronic Technology Co., Ltd. was reinvested through KUANGHE CO., LIMITED and Kunshan Anli Precise Metal Co., Ltd.
- C. Gtek Technology Co., Ltd. was reinvested through Kunshan Kuanghe Electronic Technology Co., Ltd. and Kunshan Anli Precise Metal Co., Ltd.
- D. HuZhou Anli Technology Co., Ltd. was reinvested through KUANGHE CO., LIMITED and ANLI INTERNATIONAL HOLDINGS LIMITED.
- (3) Others

Note 2: The amount recognised was based on the financial statements that were audited by R.O.C. parent company's CPA firm.

Note 3: The transactions were eliminated when preparing the consolidated financial statements.

Note 4: Ceiling on investments in Mainland China imposed by the Investment Commission of MOEA is not applicable for the Company due to the Company was a foreign issuer and has primary listing in Taiwan.

Major shareholders information

Year ended December 31, 2020

Table 11

	Shares	
Name of major shareholders	Number of shares held	Ownership (%)
ANLI INTERNATIONAL LIMITED (SAMOA)	12,957	29.95%
KUANGHE CO., LIMITED (SAMOA)	4,056	9.37%
Ways Technical Corp., Ltd.	2,163	5.00%

Note 1: The major shareholders information was derived from the data that the Company issued common shares (including treasury shares) and preference shares in dematerialised form which were registered and held by the shareholders above 5% on the last operating date of each quarter and was calculated by Taiwan Depository & Clearing Corporation. The share capital which was recorded on the financial statements may be different from the actual number of shares in dematerialised form due to the difference in calculation basis.

Note 2: If the aforementioned data contains shares which were held in the trust by the shareholders, the data is disclosed as a separate account of client which was set by the trustee.

As for the shareholder who reports share equity as an insider whose shareholding ratio is greater than 10% in accordance with Securities and Exchange Act, the shareholding ratio includes the self-owned shares and shares held in trust, at the same time, the shareholder has the power to decide how to allocate the trust assets. For the information of reported share equity of insider, please refer to Market Observation Post System.

Anli International Co., Ltd

Chairman: Hsu Cheng-Kun